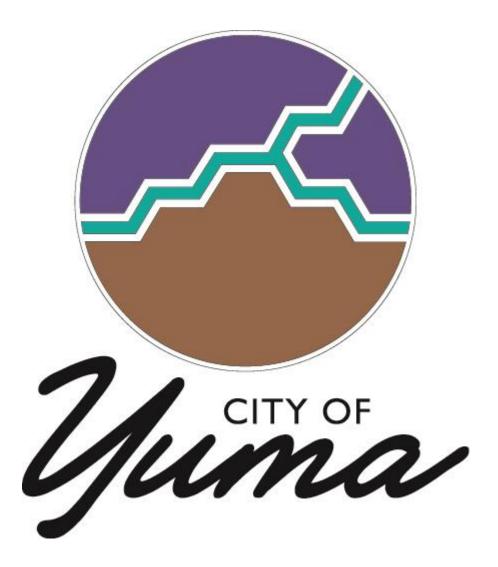
CITY OF YUMA, ARIZONA



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018





City of Yuma Arizona

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Prepared by:

Finance Department

Lisa Marlin, MBA
Director of Financial Services
Sunni Espinoza, MBA
Accounting Manager
Linda Johnson
Accounting Supervisor
Maura Luna
Lucia Zavala
Liz Walker
Accountants

About the Cover.

The Next Generation Leadership Council of Yuma is a peer networking organization that connects ambitious individuals to Yuma's unique cultural, recreational, social, volunteer and professional development opportunities. Through NexGen's Mural A Month Program, Artist Adry Del Rocio was invited to Yuma to paint her beautiful "Flor del Desierto/Desert Flower" mural on the wall of Del Sol Market located at 280 S. 4th Ave.

Photo by City of Yuma Media Team

CITY COUNCIL

Douglas J. Nicholls, Mayor Gary Knight, Deputy Mayor Leslie McClendon Jacob Miller Michael Shelton Edward C. Thomas Karen Watts

City Administration

Gregory K. Wilkinson City Administrator

Ron Corbin
Deputy City Administrator

City Departments

City Attorney Richard W. Files

City Clerk **Lynda L. Bushong**

Community Development Laurie L. Lineberry

Engineering Jeffrey A. Kramer

> Finance Lisa Marlin

Fire Department Steven Irr, Chief

Human Resources
Monica Welch

Information Technology
Kathleen Fernandez

Municipal Court James F. Coil, Judge

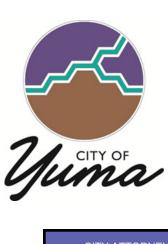
Parks and Recreation **Deborah Wendt**

Police Department John J. Lekan, Chief

Public Works
Joel Olea

Utilities

Jay Simonton



CITIZENS OF YUMA

MAYOR and COUNCIL

MUNICIPAL COURT

CITY ATTORNEY

General Counsel

Litigation

Prosecution

Risk Management

HUMAN RESOURCES

Human Resources

FINANCE

Administration and Budget

Accounting

Customer Service

Purchasing

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY SERVICES

Business Application And Support

Telecommunications And Support

ENGINEERING

Engineering/Capital Improvement Projects

CITY ADMINISTRATION

CITY ADMINISTRATOR

Administration

Community Relations

Heritage Area

City Clerk

Economic Development

Facilities Maintenance

PARKS & RECREATION

Parks/Mall Maintenance

Recreation

Parks Development

Civic Center Baseball Complex

Arts and Culture

Golf Courses

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT

Administration

Building Safety

Neighborhood Services

Community Planning

PUBLIC WORKS

Fleet Services

Streets/Solid Waste

POLICE DEPARTMENT

Field Services

Support Services

FIRE DEPARTMENT

Professional Services

Operations

Community Risk Reduction

Special Operations

UTILITIES

Utility Treatment

Utility Systems

City of Yuma, Arizona COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

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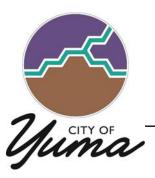
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INTRODUCTORY SECTION



FINANCE DEPARTMENT

One City Plaza Yuma, Arizona 85364-1436 (928) 373-5087



March 26, 2019

To the Citizens, Honorable Mayor and City Council, and City Administrator

The Finance Department is pleased to present the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Yuma, Arizona for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. The report includes the Independent Auditor's Report as required by City Charter Article XIII, Section 12, and by Arizona Revised Statutes, Section 9-481. The report is prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles and standards set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including disclosures, rests with the City. Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles as they apply to governmental units. Internal control is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: 1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and, 2) the calculation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate, in all material respects, and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations as measured by the financial activity of its various funds. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

Heinfeld, Meech & Co., P.C., a public accounting firm fully licensed and qualified to perform audits of local governments within the State of Arizona, have audited the City's financial statements. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Yuma, Arizona for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditors concluded, based upon the audit, that the City of Yuma's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, are fairly presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the City was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of Federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of Federal awards. These reports are available in the City's separately issued Single Audit Reporting Package.

This report has been prepared using the financial reporting requirements as outlined in GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments.

This standard requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of *Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)*. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The MD&A can be found immediately following the independent auditors' report.

PROFILE OF THE CITY OF YUMA

The City of Yuma was incorporated in 1914 and adopted its first charter in June of that year. Yuma is the economic hub and county seat of Yuma County. The City is located along the Colorado River in southwestern Arizona and is equidistant from the major population centers of Phoenix, Arizona and San Diego, California.

The City operates under a council-manager form of government. The City Council consists of six members elected at large for staggered four-year terms. The elected Mayor is the seventh voting member of council, who, along with the remaining council members is elected on a non-partisan basis. The City Council is responsible for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing members of commissions and hiring the City Administrator. The City Administrator carries out the policies and ordinances of the City Council, oversees the day-to-day operations of the City and appoints the various department heads.

The City provides a full range of municipal services. These include public safety (police, fire and municipal court), street construction and maintenance, water and wastewater utility services, sanitation and residential refuse collection, parks, recreation and culture, planning and zoning, and general administrative and support services.

This CAFR includes the financial activity of the primary government, which includes several enterprise activities, as well as its blended component units. Component units are legally separate units for which the primary government is financially accountable. Blended component units, while legally separate, are part of the City's operations and are combined within the report. The Yuma Municipal Property Corporation and the City of Yuma Employee Benefits Trust have been included in the reporting entity. Conversely, the report does not include the City of Yuma Housing Authority as the City is not financially accountable for the authority, nor does the City directly or indirectly rely upon or benefit from the financial activity of the authority.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

Industrial Expansion. Yuma's economy is based primarily in agriculture, tourism and government, although further diversification continues. Agriculture remains the Yuma area's dominant industry, producing more than \$3.2 billion in revenues annually¹. Several major agricultural companies maintain operations here. Their chief consumer products of packaged produce and salad mixes continue to be popular products for today's convenience-minded customers. The Yuma area's stable allocation of Colorado River water will assure that agriculture remains the foundation of Yuma's economy.

The United States Marine Corps Air Station (MCAS) and United States Army Yuma Proving Ground (YPG) help provide economic stability. These two installations continue to be cornerstones in the military's flight training and equipment testing programs. Both should survive any continued base closure efforts by the federal government. In fact, both installations are enjoying new construction and expansion to meet their needs into the 21st century. MCAS is the home of one of the first squadrons of the new Joint Strike Fighter, the new generation aircraft being adopted by all military services.

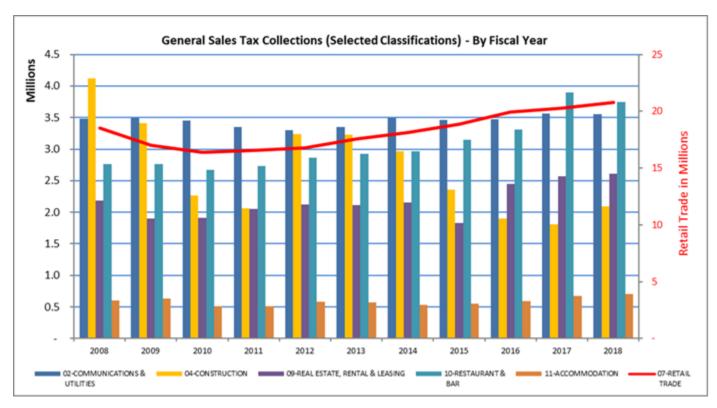
Although manufacturing currently accounts for less than 10% of countywide employment, the City's partnership with the Greater Yuma Economic Development Corporation continues to attract attention to the area. More and more companies are calling Yuma home as Yuma has become a strategic location for prominent manufacturing operations on the west coast.

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¹ Source: Greater Yuma Economic Development Corporation

As of the fiscal year-end, two major companies have moved or announced plans to move to the City, in part because of the City's stance on promoting new enterprise through a variety of economic incentives, workforce development, and stable, visionary leadership.

Economic Growth. Yuma's most reliable indicator of the condition of its economy is sales tax. The graph below reflects the last ten years of data. General sales tax saw an increase of 3.4% for fiscal year 2018. Tax data show that Retail Trade, annually the largest segment of the sales tax measure, increased by 2.5% over 2017. Construction sales tax is finally on the rise, increasing 1.5% for the year. When compared to the dramatic decrease over the 2016 and 2017 (19.1% and 4.7%, respectively) an increase is a welcome sight. The new Almark processing facility has opened its doors for business here in Yuma, adding roughly 130 jobs to the City's economy. Overall, sales taxes are anticipated conservatively to grow 3.5% for fiscal year 2019.



Tourism. Yuma has enjoyed an influx of seasonal residents for decades. Visitors from throughout the United States and Canada continue to call Yuma their winter home. This contributes to the strengthening of sales tax collections.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

Yuma Crossing National Heritage Area. Plans to restore, preserve and interpret the Yuma Crossing National Heritage area began more than thirty years ago and work continued throughout 2018. This much-needed expansion of beach area along the Colorado River not only enhances the beauty of the river's edge but provides access to the river for recreation. The river, once the primary reason for Yuma's existence, was ignored for years as community growth and new development moved away from the riverfront. Awareness of the river's importance has re-emerged, culminating in the establishment of the Yuma Crossing National Heritage Area in 2000, the first such National Heritage Area west of the Mississippi River.

During fiscal year 2018, city and federal funding continued to manage and improve both the West and East Wetlands to restore natural vegetation and wildlife habitat, and improve recreational opportunities for area residents. The City will continue its focus in developing historic and cultural activities in these areas as these are so important in meeting the Council's goals in enriching the area's cultural attributes. Progress in providing opportunities for local residents and in attracting employers to the area to diversify the economy is dependent on continuing these plans.

Downtown redevelopment. Revitalization of the downtown area is a vital component of management of the Heritage Area. The Hilton Hotel and Conference Center continue as the cornerstones of the public/private partnership that is developing the river area. Several recent developments have emerged with the intent of adding additional restaurant space and office availability, which will add economic value to the area.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Budgetary Controls. The annual budget serves as the foundation for City financial planning and control. The City maintains budgetary controls with the objectives to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget, approved by the City Council. Activities of the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Funds, Capital Projects Fund, Enterprise Funds, and three of the City's Internal Service Funds are included in the annual appropriated budget. As with the governmental funds, the City's proprietary funds are presented on a current financial resources basis to account for capital and debt-related expenditures. The City maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary controls. Encumbered amounts lapse at year-end. However, encumbrances generally are re-appropriated as part of the following year's budget. As demonstrated by the budgetary schedules included in the financial section of this report, the City continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management. In addition to budgetary schedules, Note I-E in the Notes to the Financial Statements beginning on page 34 describes in detail the budget process used by the City.

AWARDS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. This is the thirty-sixth consecutive year the City has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City published an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. The report satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another award.

I wish to express my sincere thanks to the employees of the Accounting Division for their dedicated service in preparing this report. Their work, along with those services provided by other members of the Finance Department, has made this report possible. The cooperation and assistance of the accounting firm of Heinfeld, Meech & Co., P.C., also contributed significantly to its production. Finally, I wish to thank the Mayor and Council, City Administrator, and the City Staff for their continued support.

Respectfully submitted,

Lisa Marlin, MBA

Director of Financial Services



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting

Presented to

City of Yuma Arizona

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2017

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



FINANCIAL SECTION





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and City Administrator City of Yuma, Arizona

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Yuma, Arizona (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Yuma, Arizona, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 1, the City implemented the provisions of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, for the year ended June 30, 2018, which represents a change in accounting principle. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, budgetary comparison information, net pension liability information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The Introductory Section, Combining Fund Financial Statements and Schedules, and Statistical Section, as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules, as listed in the table of contents, are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules, as listed in the table of contents, information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Introductory Section and Statistical Sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our March 26, 2019, on our consideration of City of Yuma, Arizona's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering City of Yuma, Arizona's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Heinfeld, Meech & Co., P.C.

Heinfeld, melch & Co., P.C.

Phoenix, Arizona March 26, 2019

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

(Required Supplementary Information)

As management of the City of Yuma, we offer readers of the City of Yuma's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Yuma for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal in the introductory section of this report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- On a government-wide basis, the City's net position increased by \$10.4 million for the fiscal year, governmental activities decreased \$0.5 million while business-type activities of the City increased \$10.9 million
- The City's government-wide net position totaled \$363.1 million at June 30, 2018. Due to implementation of GASB pension standards, while the City has a net positive unrestricted net position, it includes a deficit unrestricted net position of \$82.4 million in governmental programs but a positive \$68.0 million in business-type activities, for a net negative \$14.4 million in government-wide basis overall.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Yuma's basic financial statements. The City of Yuma's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements; and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Yuma's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the assets and outflows minus the liabilities and inflows reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave are two examples).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Yuma that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, streets, environmental health and protection, community design and development and parks, recreation and culture. The business-type activities of the City include water, wastewater, solid waste, radio communications and golf course operations.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 20-21 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Yuma, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide

financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains ten individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the four funds considered to be major funds. Data from the other six governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements beginning on page 88.

Major Governmental Funds:

General City Road Tax Debt Service Capital Projects

Nonmajor Governmental Funds:

Community Redevelopment

Nonmajor Governmental Funds continued:

Public Safety Tax Highway User Revenue Grants Two Percent Tax Yuma Mall Maintenance

The City adopts annual appropriated budgets for all of its governmental funds. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided to demonstrate compliance with these budgets. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found starting on page 24 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The City of Yuma maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Yuma uses enterprise funds to account for its Water, Sewer, and Solid Waste Authority and for its Radio Communications and golf courses. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City of Yuma uses internal service funds to account for its equipment replacement and maintenance programs, liability insurance, and for its workers compensation and employee health insurance. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Major Enterprise Funds:

Water Fund Wastewater Fund **Nonmajor Enterprise Funds:**

Solid Waste Radio Communications Desert Hills Golf Course **Nonmajor Internal Service Funds:**

Equipment Replacement Equipment Maintenance Insurance Reserve Employee Benefits Trust Workers Compensation

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements group major and nonmajor proprietary funds in a manner similar to governmental fund statements. Conversely, the internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements, beginning on page 110.

The City adopts annual appropriated budgets for all of its proprietary funds with the exception of one internal service funds: Employee Benefits Trust. Budgetary comparison statements for the remaining proprietary funds are included within the report to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 28-30 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found beginning on page 31 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City of Yuma's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found starting on page 74 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental, proprietary and internal service funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions and budgets. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found starting on page 88.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Statement of Net Position. As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Yuma, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$363.1 million at the close of the fiscal year.

		nmental vities		ess-type ivities	T	otal
Net Position:			June	30, 2018		
(millions)	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
Current and other assets	\$ 104.4	\$ 99.6	\$ 88.9	\$ 81.7	\$ 193.3	\$ 181.3
Capital assets	290.5	291.1	270.4	276.0	560.9	567.1
Total assets	394.9	390.7	359.3	357.7	754.2	748.4
Pension	36.0	36.2	1.7	2.5	37.7	38.7
Deferred Charges on Refunding	3.0	3.4	4.9	5.3	7.9	8.7
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	39.0	39.6	6.6	7.8	45.6	47.4
Long-term liabilities outstanding	262.7	257.1	127.1	137.5	389.8	394.6
Other liabilities	22.2	22.5	15.9	14.9	38.1	37.4
Total liabilities	284.9	279.6	143.0	152.4	427.9	432.0
Pension	8.1	9.3	0.9	1.8	9.0	11.1
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	8.1	9.3	0.9	1.8	9.0	11.1
Net position:						
Net Investment in capital assets	197.2	194.3	154.2	150.9	351.4	345.2
Restricted	26.1	38.1	-	-	26.1	38.1
Unrestricted	(82.4)	(91.0)	68.0	60.4	(14.4)	(30.6)
Total net position	\$ 140.9	\$ 141.4	\$ 222.2	\$ 211.3	\$ 363.1	\$ 352.7

The largest portion of the City of Yuma's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery), less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to pay these liabilities. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Net position increased to \$363.1 million, up \$10.4 million from the prior year. Governmental activities decreased \$0.5 million while business-type activities increased \$10.9 million. Capital asset acquisitions were higher than the depreciation expense this year attributing to the increase in Capital assets in business-type activities. Unrestricted net position are those assets available to finance programs in the upcoming fiscal year and would increase when the portion of taxes and other revenues exceed operating expenses but are not invested in capital assets.

Statement of Activities. Already noted was the statement of activities' purpose in presenting information in how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. A chart of changes in net position follows.

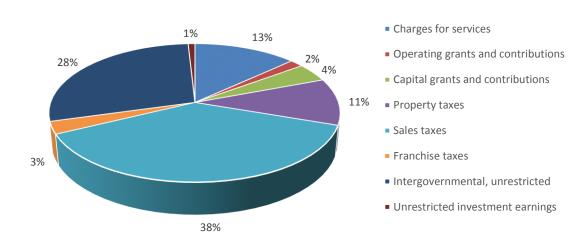
Changes in Net Position Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018	Governi activ			ess-type vities	Total			
(millions)	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017		
Revenues								
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 15.1	\$ 13.1	\$ 48.7	\$ 47.4	\$ 63.8	\$ 60.5		
Operating grants and contributions	2.0	1.9	-	-	2.0	1.9		
Capital grants and contributions	5.0	1.8	8.2	5.9	13.2	7.7		
General revenues:								
Property taxes	12.5	12.3	-	-	12.5	12.3		
Sales taxes	43.0	41.6	-	-	43.0	41.6		
Franchise taxes	3.3	3.1	-	-	3.3	3.1		
Intergovernmental, unrestricted	32.6	31.7	-	-	32.6	31.7		
Unrestricted investment earnings	1.0	0.7	0.9	0.4	1.9	1.1		
Total revenues	114.5	106.2	57.8	53.7	172.3	159.9		
Expenses:								
General government	11.5	8.7	-	-	11.5	8.7		
Public safety	62.2	68.1	-	-	62.2	68.1		
Streets	15.3	16.1	-	-	15.3	16.1		
Parks, recreation and culture	15.0	14.9	-	-	15.0	14.9		
Environmental health and protection	0.1	-	-	-	0.1	-		
Community design and development	4.4	4.5	-	-	4.4	4.5		
Interest on long-term debt	4.1	4.4	-	-	4.1	4.4		
Water	-	-	22.2	22.8	22.2	22.8		
Wastewater	-	-	17.3	16.5	17.3	16.5		
Solid Waste	-	-	3.8	3.7	3.8	3.7		
Radio Communications	-	-	1.9	2.3	1.9	2.3		
Golf courses	-	-	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.7		
Total expenses	112.6	116.7	47.0	47.0	159.6	163.7		
Increase/(Decrease) in net position								
before transfers	1.9	(10.5)	11.0	6.7	12.7	(3.8)		
Transfers	0.1	0.1	(0.1)	(0.1)				
Increase/(Decrease) in net position	2.0	(10.4)	10.9	6.6	12.7	(3.8)		
Net Position - July 1 as restated	138.9	151.7	211.3	204.7	350.2	356.4		
Net Position - June 30	\$ 140.9	\$ 141.3	\$ 222.2	\$ 211.3	\$ 362.9	\$ 352.6		

Governmental Activities

Revenues

Governmental activities revenues totaled \$114.5 million for fiscal year 2018, an increase of \$8.3 million from 2017, primarily in Sales Tax Revenues and Charges for Services. Local sales taxes remain the largest revenue source for the City and are comprised of the 1% general sales tax along with a 0.5% road tax and a 0.2% public safety tax. State-shared revenues are the City's second largest revenue source. State-shared revenues include state sales tax, urban revenue sharing (income tax), auto in-lieu tax and highway user funds (gas tax). Sales taxes and state shared revenues account for 37.6% of governmental revenues for the year. Capital grants and contributions, the third segment of governmental activities revenues, include donations and capital asset contributions. Charges for services count building permits and inspections, fines, recreation fees, police services and civic center rental fees among its largest sources. The charges for services category amounts to 13.2% of governmental revenues. Property taxes represent 10.9% of governmental revenues. The large majority of property taxes are levied for general purposes with a small levy for downtown mall maintenance. No property taxes are levied for debt service. Various grants and contributions and franchise taxes account for most of the remaining governmental revenues. Some of the more significant changes in governmental activities revenues are noted:

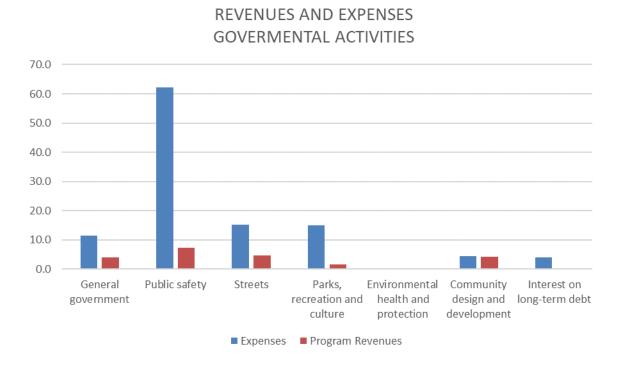
- Sales taxes increased 3.4% from 2017, reflecting an improvement in the economy over last year.
- Charges for services increased by \$2.0 million primarily from an increase in public safety charges, particularly ambulance services.
- Property taxes increased 1.6% to \$12.5 million as the City Council did not allow an increase in property tax levy for 2018.



REVENUES - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Expenses

Governmental expenses totaled \$112.6 million for the fiscal year. Of the expenses, 55.2% or \$62.2 million is related to public safety for police, fire and municipal court services. Parks, recreation and culture expenses amounted to \$15.0 million, or 13.3% and Streets was \$15.3 million, or 13.6%, while community design and development expenses amounted to 3.9%. General government expenses came to \$11.5 million, or 10.2%. Interest on long-term debt was \$4.1 million, or 3.6% of governmental expenses. Overall, governmental activities expenses decreased \$4.1 million from 2017, driven primarily by a decrease in Public Safety expenditures of \$5.9 million, part of which was due to taking a credit from PSPRS.



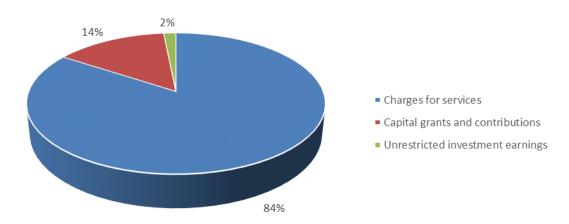
The chart above compares governmental activities with their respective program revenues, if any. Because the ultimate beneficiary of services of these types is often difficult to ascertain or the services apply to a broad spectrum of users (such as in fire protection), user fees are not created and general revenues provide the funding support for most of these services. Moreover, where ultimate users of the services are determinable, program revenues may generate only a portion of the funding, such as in recreation programs.

Business-type activities

Revenues

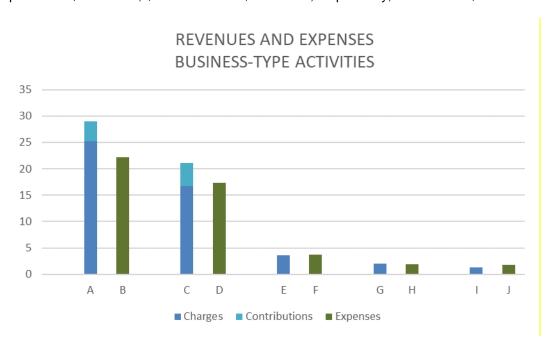
General revenues do not support the City's business-type activities; thus, the largest source of revenues comes from charges for services. Of the \$48.7 million in charges for services, 85.9% comes from the City's two utility operations, water and wastewater. The remaining charges are from solid waste, radio communications and the City's two golf courses, Desert Hills and Desert Hills Par 3. The \$8.2 million in contributions are payments for capacity charges, development fees, and constructed additions to the City's water and wastewater infrastructure by subdivision and other developers as well as grant funds for the water, wastewater and radio communications funds. Finally, investment earnings make up 1.5% of revenues for the City's business activities.





Expenses

Water and wastewater services account for 84.0% of the City's business-type activities with solid waste, radio communication and golf courses making up the remaining 16.0%. Water expenses amounted to \$22.2 million while wastewater expenses totaled \$17.3 million. Solid Waste, Radio Communications, and Desert Hills Golf Courses recorded expenses of \$3.8 million, \$1.9 million and \$1.8 million, respectively, for a total of \$7.5 million.



Because the City's business-type activities are supported by user charges, the chart above shows more reliance on program revenues. Moreover, for both water and wastewater, program revenues include capacity charges for new service and developer additions to the utility infrastructure.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

Governmental funds. The combined fund balances of governmental funds for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, is \$61.8 million, an increase from 2017 of \$2.8 million. A review of some of the more significant funds follows.

General Fund

The fund balance of the General Fund increased by \$3.5 million for the fiscal year 2018. Revenues increased by \$1.7 million. City sales taxes, the city's largest source of General Fund revenues, increased \$0.9 million (4.1%) to \$22.1 million, representing an increase in retail sales. Property taxes increased by \$0.1 million to \$12.4 million. State-shared vehicle registration tax (auto lieu tax) increased 5.4% to \$3.9 million. Total expenditures decreased \$3.0 million to \$64.8 million. Most of the decrease occurred in Public Safety expenditures, primarily due to the credit received from PSPRS for the payout of the Hall and Parker lawsuit settlements.

City Road Tax Fund

This fund accounts for the one-half cent sales tax for use on the City's roadways in conjunction with HURF. The fund balance increased by \$0.8 million for the year. In the same manner as general sales tax in the General Fund, sales taxes increased in 2018 by \$0.3 million to \$10.9 million. Operational expenditures decreased by \$0.9 million from 2017.

Debt Service

Debt Service Fund expenditures remained flat at \$11.5 million.

Highway User Revenue Fund (HURF)

This fund, which accounts for the expenditure of state-shared gasoline taxes, showed an increase in fund balance of \$1.1 million for the year, increasing to \$5.8 million. The City's portion of those taxes increased by 4% for the fiscal year to \$7.8 million. All maintenance expenditures for streets and retention basins are made in the HURF Fund. Expenditures remained flat at \$6.7 million.

Grants Fund

The City continues to receive much needed assistance from both the state and federal levels. During 2018, revenues decreased to 1.9 million, due the expiration of some grants. Again this year, Homeland Security was the primary source of grants, funding the Operation Stone Garden.

Community Redevelopment Fund

The City continued to utilize, in part, its Community Development Block Grant funding for eligible street infrastructure improvements and for affordable housing rehabilitation. Community Development Block Grant revenues increased to \$1.1 million for 2018.

Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund's fund balance has decreased to \$16.5 million this year and the city continues to expend the proceeds of the 2007 and 2015 bond sales. Capital expenditures in fiscal year 2018 were \$4.3 million.

Proprietary funds. The City's enterprise funds posted an overall increase in net position of \$10.9 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. Results were mixed between the various funds. Water, Wastewater, and Radio Communications Funds posted increases while Solid Waste, and Desert Hills Golf Course Funds posted decreases in net position.

Water Fund

Operating revenues for the Water Fund increased by \$1.5 million or 6.4% for the year ending June 30, 2018. Operating expenses decreased by 2.5% with attendant improvements implemented. With these changes, operating

income increased to \$5.8 million. Capital contributions increased to \$3.7 million, leading to the fund's net position increase of \$7.2 million.

Wastewater Fund

The Wastewater Fund operating revenues increased 3.4% from fiscal 2017. Rate-based charges increased 3.4% to \$16.6 million. Operating expenses increased by 5.9% with income from operations decreasing to \$470 thousand. Capital contributions increased to \$4.4 million, increasing the fund's net position by \$4.3 million.

Radio Communications

Operating revenues increased 5.3% to \$2.0 million due to an increase in other agencies communication product purchases through the YRCS. Operating expenses decreased 2.2% to \$1.8 million, with the fund's net position increasing to \$2.1 million.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

A detailed budgetary comparison schedule for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, can be found starting on page 79. A summary of that schedule follows:

	Budget						Var	iance
	Or	iginal	I	Final	Actual		with Final	
Revenues and Transfers In								
Taxes	\$	38.0	\$	38.0	\$	37.7	\$	(0.3)
Intergovernmental		24.8		24.8		24.8		-
Other		10.0		10.0		10.4		0.4
Total		72.8		72.8		72.9		0.1
Expenditures and Transfers Out							'	
Expenditures		71.5		71.5		64.9		6.6
Transfers Out		4.6		4.6		4.6		-
Total		76.1		76.1		69.5		6.6
Change in Fund Balance	\$	(3.3)	\$	(3.3)	\$	3.4	\$	6.7

General Fund revenues and transfers ended the year \$0.1 million over budget expectations. While licensing, intergovernmental tax revenues and interest saw slight increases, those increases were offset by decreases in other tax revenues. The important revenue source of city sales tax decreased by \$0.3 million.

Expenditures for the fund came in at \$6.6 million below budget due in large part by a credit from PSPRS for the settlement payments as a result of the Hall and Parker lawsuits. Additionally, much of the contingency budget was not used. General Government, Public Safety, and Community Development showed savings of \$2.5 million, \$3.0 million, and \$0.4 million, respectively. Savings in budget occurred in every department with the City's drive to reduce expenditures throughout the year. The City continued to target all areas of expenditure reduction. Due to the departments' diligence, along with the PSPRS credit, the General Fund's anticipated reduction of fund balance decreased from a reduction of \$3.3 million to an increase of \$3.4 million.

CAPITAL ASSETS

At June 30, 2018, the City of Yuma's investment in capital assets in both governmental and business-type activities amounted to \$561.0 million, net of depreciation. This includes land, buildings, equipment, and infrastructure (roadways and bridges). Capital assets for governmental activities decreased by 1.4% while business-type capital assets decreased by 2.0%. These decreases were due to fewer new assets being acquired and/or constructed than depreciation expense on existing assets city-wide.

Change in Capital Assets

(In Millions)

	Governmental Activities						Business-type Activities						Total
		July 1, 2017		Additions/ eletions		ine 30, 2018		July 1, 2017		Additions/ eletions		ine 30, 2018	
Land	\$	52.5	\$	(0.7)	\$	51.8	\$	10.6	\$	-	\$	10.6	\$ 62.4
Buildings		95.5		-		95.5		164.6		-		164.6	260.1
Improvements		50.2		16.5		66.7		281.7		3.0		284.7	351.4
Infrastructure		267.4		5.6		273.0		-		-		-	273.0
Equipment		59.4		2.3		61.7		13.8		0.5		14.3	76.0
Construction in Progress		18.2		(10.1)		8.1		1.9		5.0		6.9	15.0
Accumulated Depreciation		(252.3)		(14.0)		(266.3)		(196.6)		(14.1)		(210.7)	(477.0)
Total	\$	290.9	\$	(0.4)	\$	290.5	\$	276.0	\$	(5.6)	\$	270.4	\$ 560.9

Additional information on capital assets can be found in Note II-E starting on page 46.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At June 30, 2018, after scheduled debt payments, governmental activity debt decreased by \$7.5 million while business activity debt decreased to \$122.5 million.

The state limits the amount a municipality may issue in general obligation debt to 20% of the City's secondary assessed valuation for combined water, wastewater, artificial light, parks, open space preserves, playgrounds and recreational facilities. Debt related to other projects is limited to 6% of the valuation. The current debt limitation for the former type is \$122.3 million. This City currently has no outstanding general obligation debt nor is there any debt outstanding for the other type of issuance.

The City's improvement district bonds were rated by Fitch Ratings as "A+". All other bonds are rated "AA-". The underlying ratings of Moody's Investor Services and Standard and Poor's are "Aa3" and "AA-", respectively. With the exception of the improvement district bond, all City bond issues are insured, and while the city enjoys higher ratings, the guarantors can no longer provide "AAA" rating as a result of ratings downgrades of the insurance companies.

A summary of the City's long-term debt follows. Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note II-F on pages 48-52.

	Summary of Long-Term Debt												
	(Millions)												
		Govern	men	ıtal	Busin	ess-	type						
		activ	ities		acti	activities				Total			
	2	2018 2017		2017	2018	2018 2017		2018			2017		
Yuma Municipal Property				,									
Corporation Bonds	\$	98.3	\$	104.7	\$114.2	\$	123.8	\$	212.5	\$	228.5		
Net Unamortized													
Premium/Issuance Costs		7.3		8.0	8.3		8.9		15.6		16.9		
Improvement Districts		1.0		1.4	-		-		1.0		1.4		
Capital Lease		1.1		-	-		-		1.1		-		
Pension		157.9		145.9	13.3		13.6		171.2		159.5		
Compensated Absences		7.0		6.4	1.1		1.1		8.1		7.5		
Total Long-Term Debt	\$	272.6	\$	266.4	\$136.9	\$	147.4	\$	409.5	\$	413.8		

ECONOMIC FACTORS

Yuma County's growth steadily improving. The county grew to an estimated 207,534 with the City of Yuma representing 46% of the county's population. The City of Yuma has grown to an estimated 95,502 for 2017 (the most recent available). The City's economy is based on a triad of agriculture, tourism and military/government spending. Agribusiness continues to lead the economy, contributing \$3.2 billion annually. The area's 90,000-plus winter visitors add over \$500 million to the mix, while two prominent military installations infuse some \$300 million to the economy.

Property taxes are limited constitutionally in Arizona, so other local revenues make up the most significant reflectors of the condition of the economy. Sales tax, the City's primary source of general revenues, posted a 4.1% increase this year, compared to its historic growth rate of 7%. For fiscal year 2018, General Fund revenues were projected with a 3.9% increase.

With sales tax statistics continuing to improve, the economy continues to strengthen. During 2018, the following major economic events occurred:

- MPW began construction with an anticipated completion date in Summer 2019. It is anticipated to provide 42 full-time, year-round jobs to Yuma upon opening.
- Almark Company completed construction on its new plant, which has brought approximately 130 full-time, year-round jobs to Yuma.
- The Yuma International Airport announced that they would be adding a leg to Dallas/Fort Worth International Airport in March of 2019. This will bring with it additional flight options for travelers from all points, whether for business or pleasure.

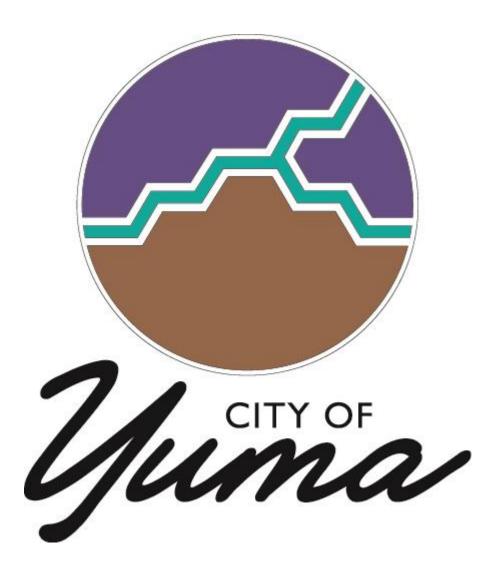
Not all economic statistics reflect positive results, however, in that Yuma County continues to suffer what appear to be higher unemployment figures than most of the state, according to the Arizona Department of Economic Security (DES). Seasonal farm employment continues to skew this statistic. The City combats this problem as the largest contributor to the Greater Yuma Economic Development Corporation whose two-fold mission is to encourage new employers to the area and to assist local employers in their expansion efforts.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to familiarize our citizens, taxpayers and customers with the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's fiscal accountability for its operations. Questions concerning this report, or requests for additional financial information, should be directed to Lisa Marlin, Director of Financial Services, One City Plaza, Yuma, AZ 85364, telephone (928) 373-5087. The reader may also visit the City's website at www.yumaaz.gov for an electronic version of this report.



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

City of Yuma, Arizona Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018

<u>Assets</u>	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Cash and Investments	\$ 90,981,169	\$ 84,676,696	\$ 175,657,865
Receivables, Net Internal Balances	11,873,780	4,812,678	16,686,458
Inventory, at cost	803,683 668,417	(803,683) 205,502	873,919
Prepaid Items	70,577	28,190	98,767
Capital Assets:			
Non-depreciable	59,977,596	17,508,215	77,485,811
Depreciable, Net Total Assets	230,527,927 394.903.149	252,933,031 359,360,629	483,460,958 754,263,778
Deferred Outflows of Resources			,=,
Pension Investments PSPRS Police - Projection/Actual diff	2,500,010	_	2,500,010
Pension Investments PSPRS Fire - Projection/Actual diff	1,714,291	-	1,714,291
Pension Contributions ASRS - Current Year	2,441,871	919,737	3,361,608
Pension Investments EORP - Projection/Actual diff Pension Contributions PSPRS Police - Current Year	23,430	-	23,430
Pension Contributions PSPRS Fire - Current Year	4,415,023 3,211,547	-	4,415,023 3,211,547
Pension Contributions EORP - Current Year	38,454	-	38,454
Other Pension Items ASRS	2,187,602	823,964	3,011,566
Other Pension Items PSPRS Police	10,339,691	-	10,339,691
Other Pension Items PSPRS Fire Other Pension Items EORP	8,902,750 149,209	-	8,902,750 149,209
Pension EORP- Changes in Proportion	56,831	-	56,831
Deferred Charges on Refunding	3,073,163	4,920,488	7,993,651
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	39,053,872	6,664,189	45,718,061
<u>Liabilities</u>			
Accounts Payable and Deposits	3,951,362	3,298,414	7,249,776
Accrued Liabilities	4,115,535	391,551	4,507,086
Due to Other Governmental Units Accrued Interest Payable	- 2,171,184	2,043,180	4,214,364
Unearned Revenue	2,250,031	178,537	2,428,568
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Due within one year	0.405.004	000.000	0.040.704
Current portion of Accrued Compensated Absences Current portion of Debt	2,485,801 7,110,000	363,990 9,546,000	2,849,791 16,656,000
Current portion of Capital Lease	147,405	-	147,405
Due in more than one year			
Accrued Compensated Absences	4,438,279	782,941	5,221,220
Pension Debt	157,910,353 99,516,268	13,327,332 112,998,249	171,237,685 212,514,517
Capital Lease	884,431	-	884,431
Total Liabilities	284,980,649	142,930,194	427,910,843
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Pension Investments ASRS - Projection/Actual difference	1,058,036	398,511	1,456,547
Pension Investments PSPRS Police - Projection/Actual diff	1,882,455	-	1,882,455
Pension Investments PSPRS Fire - Projection/Actual diff Other Pension Items ASRS	1,299,529 1,326,790	- 499,738	1,299,529 1,826,528
Other Pension Items ASRS Other Pension Items PSPRS Police	307,773	499,730	307,773
Other Pension Items PSPRS Fire	2,120,920	-	2,120,920
Other Pension Items EORP	33,135		33,135
	8,028,638	898,249	8,926,887
Net Position			
Net Investment in capital assets Restricted for:	197,163,475	154,181,227	351,344,702
Debt Service	1,055,043	-	1,055,043
Community Development Road Maintenance and Construction	808,048 18,626,655	-	808,048 18,626,655
PS Police equipment and facilities	2,430,420	-	2,430,420
PS Fire equipment and facilities	810,140	-	810,140
Parks, recreation and cultural facilities	2,417,642	-	2,417,642
Unrestricted	(82,363,689)	68,015,148	(14,348,541)
Total Net Position	\$ 140,947,734	\$ 222,196,375	\$ 363,144,109

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

City of Yuma, Arizona Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

		F	Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position					
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total			
Government Activities: General Government Public Safety Streets Parks, Recreation	\$ 11,531,798 62,156,511 15,301,277	\$ 3,681,228 6,649,783	\$ 132,726 656,312 78,927	\$ 151,453 - 4,645,711	\$ (7,566,391) (54,850,416) (10,576,639)	\$ - - -	\$ (7,566,391) (54,850,416) (10,576,639)			
and Culture Environmental Health	14,966,583	1,495,160	-	106,353	(13,365,070)	-	(13,365,070)			
and Protection Community Design	95,299	-	-	112,584	17,285	-	17,285			
and Development Interest on Long-Term	4,390,899	3,271,932	1,074,831	-	(44,136)	-	(44,136)			
Debt Total Governmental	4,087,377	-	-		(4,087,377)	-	(4,087,377)			
Activities	112,529,744	15,098,103	1,942,796	5,016,101	(90,472,744)		(90,472,744)			
Business-type Activities: Water	22,204,509	25,197,899	_	3,791,027	_	6,784,417	6,784,417			
Wastewater	17,293,458	16,678,877	_	4,441,497	_	3,826,916	3,826,916			
Solid Waste	3,771,944	3,631,012	-	-	_	(140,932)	(140,932)			
Radio Communications	1,844,664	1,956,329	-	-	-	111,665	111,665			
Golf Courses	1,735,734	1,267,701	-	-	-	(468,033)	(468,033)			
Total Business-type				-						
Activities	46,850,309	48,731,818	-	8,232,524	-	10,114,033	10,114,033			
Total	\$ 159,380,053	\$ 63,829,921	\$ 1,942,796	\$ 13,248,625	(90,472,744)	10,114,033	(80,358,711)			
	General Revenue				40.540.000		40.540.000			
	Property taxes Sales taxes				12,519,623 42,999,229	-	12,519,623 42,999,229			
	Franchise taxe	ie.			3,265,901	-	3,265,901			
		ntal, unrestricted			32,643,954	_	32,643,954			
	•	vestment earnings			1,022,296	856,170	1,878,466			
	Gain from sale	· ·			9	-	9			
	Total genera				92,451,012	856,170	93,307,182			
	Transfers	ai iovoliuos			78,241	(78,241)	-			
		evenues and transfe	rs		92,529,253	777,929	93,307,182			
	Change in n		-		2,056,509	10,891,962	12,948,471			
	•	nning as restated			138,891,225	211,304,413	350,195,638			
	Net position-endi	•			\$ 140,947,734	\$ 222,196,375	\$ 363,144,109			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.



FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

City of Yuma, Arizona Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

<u>Assets</u>	General		City Road Tax	D	ebt Service	Capital Projects		Other lonmajor rernmental Funds	Total
Cash and Investments	\$ 19,917,319	\$	13,265,135	\$	2,901	\$ 18,086,181	\$ 1	1,219,660	\$ 62,491,196
Cash with Fiscal Agents	-		-		8,946,191	-		-	8,946,191
Receivables, Net of Allowances for Uncollectib			05.404		40.005	4.45.540		4 000 000	4.050.400
Accounts Receivable	3,702,596		65,101		10,025	145,518		1,028,886	4,952,126
Intergovernmental	1,548,802		404,737		1,050,000	310,531		2,166,859	4,430,929
Special Assessments Delinquent Property Taxes	20,169 592,212		-		1,050,000	-		- 4,721	1,070,169 596,933
Accrued Interest	25,282		- 19,414		-	- 7,315		13,866	65,877
Due from Other Funds	2,449,923		19,414		_	7,313		13,000	2,449,923
Inventory, at cost	24.029							9.540	33,569
Prepaid Items	62.564		3,381		_	_		532	66,477
Total Assets and Other Debits	\$28,342,896		\$13,757,768	\$	10,009,117	 \$18,549,545			
Total / loseto and Other Debito	Ψ20,042,000	_	Ψ10,707,700	Ψ	10,000,117	Ψ10,040,040	Ψ	7,777,007	\$85,103,390
<u>Liabilities</u>									
Accounts Payable	\$ 1,416,343	\$	847,679	\$	-	\$ 254,846	\$	620,603	\$ 3,139,471
Accrued Payroll, Taxes and Benefits Payable	2,633,251		58,333		-	-		230,947	2,922,531
Long-Term Debt - Current Portion	-		-		6,775,000	-		-	6,775,000
Due to Other Funds	-		-		7,890	-		819,691	827,581
Accrued Interest Payable	-		-		2,171,184	-		-	2,171,184
Deposits	458,643		15,559		-	-		64,249	538,451
Unearned Revenues	10,106		1,600		-	1,806,235		432,090	2,250,031
Total Liabilities	4,518,343		923,171		8,954,074	2,061,081		2,167,580	18,624,249
Deferred Inflows of Resources							·		
Unavailable Revenues	2,822,307		-		1,050,000	 =		812,771	4,685,078
Fund Balances:									
Nonspendable:									
Inventory	24,029		-		-	-		9,540	33,569
Prepaid Items	62,564		3,381		-	-		532	66,477
Spendable			40 004 040		5.040	40 044 050		4 450 044	24 500 050
Restricted Committed	-		12,831,216		5,043	10,211,058 6,277,406	1	1,453,641	34,500,958 6,277,406
	20.045.652		-		-	6,277,406		-	
Unassigned	20,915,653		- 40.004.507			 - 40 400 401		- 4 400 740	20,915,653
Total Fund Balances	21,002,246		12,834,597		5,043	 16,488,464	1	1,463,713	61,794,063
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of									
Resources and Fund Balance	\$ 28,342,896	\$	13,757,768	\$	10,009,117	\$ 18,549,545	\$ 1	4,444,064	\$ 85,103,390

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet-Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Total Fund Balances per the Balance Sheet-Governmental Funds:	\$	61,794,063	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resource therefore, are not reported in the funds.		282,857,680	
Revenues deferred to later years recognized in year levied in governmental activities.			
Special Assessment/Loan Principal	\$ 1,858,048		
Property Tax Ambulance Billings	596,933		
Ambulance billings	2,230,097	-	4,685,078
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current			1,000,010
period and therefore are not reported in the funds:			
Compensated absences	(6,845,660)		
Pension Liability	(129,958,282)		
MPC bonds payable	(91,475,000)		
Improvement District #68	(1,050,000)		
Net unamortized deferred charges or premiums			
are not recorded in the governmental funds	(7,326,268)		
			(236,655,210)
Deferred charges on debt refunding are not recognized in the current pe	eriod		3,073,163
Revenues recognized in governmental funds for capital leasing activitie	s are not		
recognized in the government wide statements			(1,031,836)
Net position of internal service funds that are used by management to of equipment replacement and employee-related insurance to individu	=		
included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position		26,224,796	
Net position - Governmental Activities per the Statement of Net Pos	ition	\$	140,947,734
Net position - dovernmental Activities per the Statement of Net Fos	Ψ	170,371,134	

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	General	City Road Tax	Debt Service		Capital Projects	Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:	^	^	•	•			^ - - - - - - - - - -
Taxes	\$ 37,658,278	\$ 10,897,505	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 10,164,616	\$ 58,720,399
Licenses and Permits	2,261,042	=	-		-	- 	2,261,042
Intergovernmental	24,843,684	-	-		- 	10,276,079	35,119,763
Charges for Services	5,388,676	19,790	-		1,403,941	928,823	7,741,230
Fines and Forfeitures	1,140,437	-	-		-	-	1,140,437
Special Assessments	-	-	320,000		-	-	320,000
Use of Money and Property	460,095	302,401	62,430		250,201	185,827	1,260,954
Contributions and Donations	-	-	-		-	496,997	496,997
Miscellaneous	1,161,655	130,948			117,454	163,168	1,573,225
Total Revenues	72,913,867	11,350,644	382,430		1,771,596	22,215,510	108,634,047
Expenditures: Current:							
General Government	8,065,204	-	-		-	120,142	8,185,346
Public Safety	45,402,417	691,919	-		-	4,165,512	50,259,848
Streets	=	2,072,186	=		-	5,824,204	7,896,390
Parks, Recreation and Culture	7,444,620	-	-		-	6,185,049	13,629,669
Environmental Health							
and Protection	-	-	-		-	57,799	57,799
Community Design							
and Development	3,469,278	-	-		-	1,171,335	4,640,613
Capital Outlay	470,682	69,532	-		-	1,155,622	1,695,836
Capital Projects:							
General Government	-	-	-		17,855	245,138	262,993
Public Safety	-	-	-		-	8,925	8,925
Streets	-	2,822,499	-		446,327	481,320	3,750,146
Parks, Recreation and Culture	-	245,414	-		3,806,098	228,197	4,279,709
Environmental Health and Safety	-	91,121	-		-	-	91,121
Debt Service							
Principal	-	-	7,095,000		-	-	7,095,000
Interest and Fiscal Agent Fees	-		4,406,799		-		4,406,799
Total Expenditures	64,852,201	5,992,671	11,501,799		4,270,280	19,643,243	106,260,194
Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures	8,061,666	5,357,973	(11,119,369)		(2,498,684)	2,572,267	2,373,853
Other Financing Sources/(Uses):							
Sale of Real Property	-	-	-		-	9	9
Capital Lease Agreements	-	-	-		-	1,031,836	1,031,836
Transfers In	-	-	11,122,446		-	121,371	11,243,817
Transfers Out	(4,613,117)	(4,541,033)	-		(555,082)	(2,172,166)	(11,881,398)
Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses)	(4,613,117)	(4,541,033)	11,122,446		(555,082)	(1,018,950)	394,264
Net Change in Fund Balances	3,448,549	816,940	3,077		(3,053,766)	1,553,317	2,768,117
Fund Balances - Beginning	17,553,697	12,017,657	1,966		19,542,230	9,910,396	59,025,946
Fund Balances - Ending	\$21,002,246	\$ 12,834,597	\$ 5,043	\$	16,488,464	\$ 11,463,713	\$ 61,794,063

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances-Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances-governmental funds	\$ 2,768,117
Portions of revenues recorded on the Statement of Activities do not provide current financial resources and are not recorded as revenues in the funds:	
Property taxes revenue Public safety ambulance revenue	59,731 1,034,196
Loan Payments are recorded as revenues in the funds. In the Statement of Activities, however, these amounts are recorded as a reduction in receivables: Community Redevelopment Loan Payments Special Assessment Principal Payments	(1,775) (320,000)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the Statement of Activities, however, the cost of those assets is allocated over their useful lives as depreciation	
Depreciation recorded in Statement of Activities	(13,399,819)
Capital outlay expenditures reported as additions to assets: Capital outlay expenditures-governmental funds	10,088,730
Infrastructure maintenance expenditures recorded as capital outlay but not capitalized as asset additions	(886,559)
Governmental funds report debt principal service payments as expenditures. The reduction in liability is recorded on the Statement of Net Position in the	7.005.000
government-wide statements	7,095,000
Increase in compensated absences expense not recorded in governmental funds	(512,602)
Governmental funds report pension contributions as expenditures. GASB 68 requires the actual pension expense to be recorded on government-wide statements. In addition, contributions for current year are recorded as deferred outflows of resources in government-wide statements. This amount is the net difference	
between the amounts.	(8,833,134)
The net effect of miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (trades of land for rights-of-way) is to decrease net position.	(922,062)
Investment earnings of the internal service funds are general revenues on the statement of activities	211,464
Internal Service fund transfers are eliminated on Statement of Activities as they are combined with governmental. Statement of Activities only shows transfers between governmental and business-type activities	715,822
Arizona state pension refund expenditures were reversed in government-wide when recognized as expenditures in governmental funds	304,027
Revenues recognized in government-wide statements for Elected Officials Retirement Plan (EORP) for "on-behalf" contributions are not recognized in governmental activities	240,004
Governmental funds expenditures related to capital leasing activities are not recorded in the government-wide statements	(1,031,836)
Interest payments accrued in government-wide statements are not recorded in governmental activities until paid	319,422
Net revenues of internal service funds in excess of expenses reduce governmental activities expenses on the Statement of Activities	482,072
Contributions of infrastructure assets are not recorded as revenues in the governmental funds	 4,645,711
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 2,056,509

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

City of Yuma, Arizona Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2018

Governmental

	D.	usiness-Type Activit	ios-Entorpriso Eur	nde	Governmental Activities
	Water	Wastewater	Other	ius	Internal Service
Assets	Fund	Fund	Funds	Totals	Funds
Current Assets:	T unu	1 ulu	1 unus	Totals	1 ulus
Cash and Investments	\$ 25,059,192	\$ 25,930,608	\$ 3,131,367	\$ 54,121,167	\$ 19,543,782
Receivables, Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles:	Ψ 20,000,102	Ψ 20,000,000	Ψ 0,101,007	Ψ 04,121,107	ψ 15,545,762
Accounts Receivable	2,537,158	1,377,109	379,372	4,293,639	737.708
Intergovernmental	1,456	429,223	5,343	436,022	12
Accrued Interest	33,093	45,769	4,155	83,017	20,026
Inventory, at cost	100,689	-	104,813	205,502	634,848
Prepaid Expenses	5,578	1,569	21,043	28,190	4,100
Total Unrestricted Current Assets	27,737,166	27,784,278	3,646,093	59,167,537	20,940,476
Restricted Assets:					
Cash and Investments:					
Cash with Fiscal Agents	7,482,441	4,110,846	-	11,593,287	-
Advancement for Future Expansion	4,954,754	13,346,853	-	18,301,607	-
Customer Deposits	660,635	-	-	660,635	-
Total Restricted Current Assets	13,097,830	17,457,699	-	30,555,529	
Total Current Assets	40,834,996	45,241,977	3,646,093	89,723,066	20,940,476
Noncurrent Assets:	,	,,			
Capital Assets:					
Land	1,867,721	8,735,438	-	10,603,159	219,610
Buildings	106,000,530	55,545,009	3,102,865	164,648,404	19,251
Improvements Other than Buildings	161,143,708	120,202,187	3,341,093	284,686,988	222,733
Equipment	2,926,765	2,272,913	9,120,462	14,320,140	30,608,470
Construction In Progress	4,131,453	2,773,603	-	6,905,056	-
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(116,920,030)	(80,176,183)	(13,626,288)	(210,722,501)	(23,422,221)
Total Capital Assets	159,150,147	109,352,967	1,938,132	270,441,246	7,647,843
Total Noncurrent Assets	159,150,147	109,352,967	1,938,132	270,441,246	7,647,843
Total Assets	199,985,143	154,594,944	5,584,225	360,164,312	28,588,319
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>					
Pension Contributions - Current Year	434,656	309,604	175,477	919,737	-
Other Pension Items	389,395	277,365	157,204	823,964	-
Deferred Charges on Refunding	3,710,812	1,209,676	-	4,920,488	-
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	4,534,863	1,796,645	332,681	6,664,189	
Total Botonica Cameno di Nossanose					
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Current Liabilities Payable from Current Assets:					
Accounts Payable	1,292,524	988,163	220,233	2,500,920	273,440
Accrued Payroll and Related Taxes	182,633	137,079	71,839	391,551	35,881
Current Portion-Bonds Payable	5,925,661	3,620,339	-	9,546,000	-
Current Portion-Accrued Compensated Absences	166,992	115,166	81,832	363,990	26,104
Estimated Claims and Judgements	-	-		-	1,157,123
Due to Other Funds	-	-	255,447	255,447	1,366,895
Accrued Interest Payable	1,510,665	532,515	-	2,043,180	-
Unearned Revenue			152,917	152,917	
Total Current Liabilities Payable from Current Assets	9,078,475	5,393,262	782,268	15,254,005	2,859,443
Current Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets:					
Accounts Payable	102,919	6,190	-	109,109	-
Deposits	688,385	-	-	688,385	-
Unearned Revenue		25,620		25,620	
Total Current Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets	791,304	31,810	-	823,114	-
Total Current Liabilities	9,869,779	5,425,072	782,268	16,077,119	2,859,443
Noncurrent Liabilities:					
Bonds Payable	81,942,866	31,055,383	-	112,998,249	-
Pension Liability	6,298,333	4,486,284	2,542,715	13,327,332	-
Accrued Compensated Absences	409,713	221,813	151,415	782,941	52,316
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	88,650,912	35,763,480	2,694,130	127,108,522	52,316
Total Liabilities	98,520,691	41,188,552	3,476,398	143,185,641	2,911,759
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
	400 222	124 140	76 024	200 E11	
Pension Investments - Projection/Actual difference	188,332	134,148	76,031	398,511	-
Other Pension Items	236,170	168,223	95,345	499,738	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	424,502	302,371	171,376	898,249	
Not Position					
Net investment in capital assets	76,356,174	75,886,921	1,938,132	154,181,227	7,647,843
Unrestricted					
Total Net Position	29,218,639	39,013,745	331,000	68,563,384	18,028,717
i otal inet Fusitioni	\$ 105,574,813	\$ 114,900,666	\$ 2,269,132	222,744,611	\$ 25,676,560
Adjustment to reflect consolidation of internal service fund acti	vities related to en	terprise funds		(548,236)	
Net position of business-type activities				\$ 222,196,375	
•	Latatamente			Ψ ΔΔΔ,130,373	
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financia	ı staternents.	20			

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Governmental

	Bu	Activities			
	Water	Wastewater	Other	Totala	Internal Service
Operating Revenues:	Fund	Fund	Funds	Totals	Funds
Metered Water Sales	\$ 23,642,319	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 23,642,319	\$ -
Commercial Raw Water	131,767	-	-	131,767	-
Wastewater Charges	-	16,580,895	-	16,580,895	-
Meters, Connections					
and Services	1,367,819	54,241	-	1,422,060	-
Charges for Services	-	-	5,558,270	5,558,270	5,413,543
Green Fees and Concessions	-	-	1,087,550	1,087,550	-
Equipment Rental	-	-	170,110	170,110	2,064,842
Miscellaneous Charges					1,471,183
Total Operating Revenues	25,141,905	16,635,136	6,815,930	48,592,971	8,949,568
Operating Expenses:					
Operations and Maintenance	11,754,704	9,912,643	6,913,438	28,580,785	6,062,771
Depreciation	7,567,061	6,252,895	440,827	14,260,783	2,430,658
Total Operating Expenses	19,321,765	16,165,538	7,354,265	42,841,568	8,493,429
Operating Income/(Loss)	5,820,140	469,598	(538,335)	5,751,403	456,139
Non-Operating Revenues/(Expenses):					
Interest	374,605	443,339	38,228	856,172	211,464
Gain/(Loss) on Disposal of Assets	-	-	-	-	(99,890)
Interest and Fiscal Agent Fees	(2,851,258)	(1,031,660)	-	(3,882,918)	-
Miscellaneous Revenues	55,994	43,741	39,112	138,847	
Total Non-Operating	(2.420.650)	(E44 E90)	77 240	(2.997.900)	111 574
Revenues/(Expenses)	(2,420,659)	(544,580)	77,340	(2,887,899)	111,574
Income/(Loss) before Contributions					
and Transfers	3,399,481	(74,982)	(460,995)	2,863,504	567,713
Capital Contributions	3,791,027	4,441,497	-	8,232,524	740.040
Transfers In Transfers Out	- (E0 612)	- (65.004)	250,000	250,000	719,813
Transiers Out	(59,612)	(65,994)	(202,636)	(328,242)	(3,991)
Change in Net Position	7,130,896	4,300,521	(413,631)	11,017,786	1,283,535
Net Position - Beginning	98,443,917	110,600,145	2,682,763		24,393,025
Net Position - Ending	\$ 105,574,813	\$ 114,900,666	\$ 2,269,132		\$ 25,676,560
Adjustment for consolidation of internal	service fund activit	ies related to enterp	orise funds	(125,823)	
Change in net position of business-ty		·		\$ 10,891,963	
Change in het pooliton of baoiness ty	r = aou + 11100			Ţ 10,001,000	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Governmental

	Bus	Governmental Activities			
	Water Fund	Wastewater Fund	Other Funds	Totals	Internal Service Funds
Cash Flow from Operating Activities: Cash Received from Customers Cash Paid to Employees Cash Paid to Suppliers Cash Paid to Suppliers	\$ 25,396,301 (5,513,985) (6,222,752)	\$ 16,514,676 (4,119,360) (5,264,120)	\$ 6,885,975 (2,172,745) (4,566,634)	\$ 48,796,952 (11,806,090) (16,053,506)	\$ 8,213,111 (1,115,773) (2,584,711) 26,417
Cash Paid for Operating Expenses Other Operating Activity Revenue Net Cash Provided by/(used for)	- 55,994	43,741	39,112	138,847	(2,461,099) 6,318
Operating Activities	13,715,558	7,174,937	185,708	21,076,203	2,084,263
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: Cash Received from Other Funds Cash Paid to Other Funds	(59,612)	- (65,994)	250,000 (202,635)	250,000 (328,241)	719,813 (3,991)
Net Cash Provided by/(Used for) Noncapital Financing Activities	(59,612)	(65,994)	47,365	(78,241)	715,822
Cash Flow from Capital and Related Financing Acitivities:					
Contributions of Capital Federal Grants State Grants	3,019,332 - -	3,504,846 - -	-	6,524,178 - -	-
Acquisition and Construction of Assets Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	(4,123,959) -	(2,505,349)	(303,339)	(6,932,647)	(2,624,064) 71,062
Principal Payments on Bonds	(5,877,137)	(3,644,863)	-	(9,522,000)	-
Interest and Fiscal Agent Fee Payments	(3,120,217)	(1,109,293)		(4,229,510)	
Net Cash (Used for) Capital and Related Financing Activities	(10,101,981)	(3,754,659)	(303,339)	(14,159,979)	(2,553,002)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:	044740	440.704	07.000	000 400	040.000
Receipt of Interest	344,749 344,749	440,784	37,899 37,899	823,432	210,060
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	344,749	440,764	37,099	823,432	210,060
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	3,898,714	3,795,068	(32,368)	7,661,414	457,143
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1	34,258,308	39,593,239	3,163,735	77,015,282	19,086,639
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30	\$ 38,157,022	\$ 43,388,307	\$ 3,131,367	\$ 84,676,696	\$ 19,543,782
Reconciliation of Operating Income/(Loss) to Net Cash Provided by/(used for) Operating Activities: Operating Income/(Loss)	\$ 5,820,140	\$ 469,598	\$ (538,335)	\$ 5,751,403	\$ 456,139
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income/(Loss) Depreciation and Amortization Expense (Increase)/Decrease in Accounts Receivable (Increase)/Decrease in Inventories (Increase)/Decrease in Prepaid Items Increase/(Decrease) in Accounts Payable	7,567,061 89,175 (12,033) 8,607 226,279	6,252,895 (116,134) - 2,273 682,007	440,826 60,909 18,223 (20,707) (2,033)	14,260,782 33,950 6,190 (9,827) 906,253	2,430,658 (730,137) 92,387 (1,050) 44,092
Increase/(Decrease) in Accrued Payroll and Related Taxes Increase in Due from Other Gov't Units	85,304 -	4,266 -	7,361 390	96,931 390	14,843 -
(Decrease) in Claims Incurred but Not Reported Increase in Customer Dep/Unearned Rev Increase in Due to Other Funds	- 104,864 -	- - -	- 17,302 255,447	- 122,166 255,447	(189,220) - (33,449)
(Decrease) in Pension Exp/Def Outflows/Inflows Other Operating Activity Revenue	(229,833) 55,994	(163,709) 43,741	(92,786)	(486,328) 138,847	
Total Adjustments	7,895,418	6,705,339	724,043	15,324,800	1,628,124
Net Cash Provided by/(Used for) Operating Activities	\$ 13,715,558	\$ 7,174,937	\$ 185,708	\$ 21,076,203	\$ 2,084,263
Noncash Transactions Affecting Financial Position Contributions of Capital Assets	\$ 771,695	\$ 936,651	\$ -	\$ 1,708,346	\$ -
Total Noncash Transactions Affecting Financial Position	\$ 771,695	\$ 936,651	\$ -	\$ 1,708,346	\$ -

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Yuma (City) was incorporated April 14, 1914 under Arizona Revised Statute (A.R.S.) Title 9, Chapter 9, Section 101, and adopted its first charter on June 11, 1914. The City presently operates under a charter that was last amended on November 8, 2011. The Charter provides for a Council-Manager form of government and provides such services as are authorized by the Charter. Among these services are general government services, public safety (police and fire), parks, recreation, culture, streets, environmental health and protection, and community design and development.

The accounting policies of the City conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the more significant policies.

A. Reporting Entity

The City is a municipal entity governed by an elected mayor and council. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the City's operations, and so data from these units are combined with data of the City, the primary government. The component units presented have a June 30 year-end.

Blended Component Units

Yuma Municipal Property Corporation. The Yuma Municipal Property Corporation's board members are appointed by the City Council. The Corporation was formed to finance the acquisition of certain improvements such as the Yuma Civic and Convention Center, Baseball Complex and Desert Hills Golf Course. The Corporation was also used to finance the acquisition of three public safety buildings (the police headquarters, a fire station and the Municipal Court facility) and Public Works facilities, along with a clubhouse for the municipal golf course and the new Municipal Complex. The Corporation conducts no business other than with the City and that business is solely the retirement of debt related to the aforementioned acquisitions. Complete financial statements may be obtained at the City of Yuma, City Clerk's Office, One City Plaza, Yuma, AZ 85364.

City of Yuma Employee Benefits Trust. The City of Yuma Employee Benefits Trust is responsible for providing health insurance for the City employees. The City Council appoints the Trust's Board of Directors. The Trust provides services entirely to the City and therefore has been included as an Internal Service Fund as of June 30, 1997 in accordance with the criteria established in GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity.* Complete financial statements may be obtained at the City of Yuma Employee Benefit Trust's administrative offices, One City Plaza, Yuma, AZ 85364.

B. Accounting Pronouncements

During the year ended June 30, 2018, the City implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, as amended by GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date. GASB Statement No. 68, as amended by GASB Statement No. 71, replaces the requirements of GASB Statement No. 27, Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers, and GASB Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures, as they relate to governments that provide pensions through pension plans administered as trusts or similar arrangements that meet certain criteria. This statement requires governments providing defined benefit pensions to recognize their long-term obligation for pension benefits as a liability for the first time, and to more comprehensively and comparably measure the annual costs of pension benefits. This statement is intended to enhance accountability and transparency through revised and new note disclosures and required supplementary information. The City of Yuma has restated the prior year for pension liability for Elected Official's Retirement Plan (EORP). See note II-L for restatement of Net Position.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

These provisions were implemented in the year ended June 30, 2015 for Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS) and Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS) for Police and for Fire. EORP was considered to be immaterial at that time and therefore not implemented with the other pension plans.

During the year ended June 30, 2018, the City implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. This Statement requires governments providing defined benefit postemployment benefits other than pensions to recognize the long-term obligation for those benefits as a liability, and to more comprehensively and comparably measure the annual costs of those benefits. This Statement also enhances accountability and transparency through revised note disclosures and new required supplementary information. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

C. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements report financial information on all the activities of the City of Yuma and its component units. These financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, a statement showing changes in net position. Most interfund activities have been removed from these statements to avoid duplicating the information, with some exceptions such as proprietary fund sales to governmental funds (i.e., water bills paid by a governmental fund). Eliminating these transactions would distort both the measurement of income generated in serving proprietary customers as well as the direct cost of governmental functions serving the citizenry. In these government-wide statements, governmental activities, normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are separated from business-type activities that rely on fees and charges for services.

The statement of activities presents direct expenses of a given function or segment and the degree to which these expenses are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers who use or directly benefit from the services of the function; and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to the operational or capital needs of a particular function. Taxes and other revenues that are identifiable with a particular function or segment are reported as general revenues.

In addition to government-wide presentations, fund financial statements are provided for all governmental and proprietary funds. The financial statements are segregated by their respective significance to City operations with individual major governmental and proprietary funds separated from nonmajor funds (aggregate nonmajor financial activity is reported as a column on the major funds presentation for both governmental and proprietary funds). The City uses GASB Statement No. 34 to determine which funds are to be presented as major funds. In addition to those minimum requirements, the City will, from time to time, include within its major funds presentations of other funds that because of their significance, preclude aggregate reporting outside the basic financial statements.

The City of Yuma reports the following funds:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those for which another fund is required or used.

<u>City Road Tax Fund</u> – This fund accounts for the collection and expenditure of a local one-half percent transaction privilege tax approved by voters in 1994 for maintenance and construction of roadways.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – This fund accounts for and reports financial resources for the payment of long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs of the City of Yuma Municipal Property Corporation, a blended component unit, and Special Assessment Improvement Districts. Pledged excise tax and other revenues are transferred to this fund along with property owner's revenue for payments of long-term bonded debt.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> – This fund is used to account for and report financial resources to be used for acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets (other than those financed by General, Special Revenue, or Proprietary Funds).

Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds – Other nonmajor governmental funds of the City of Yuma are aggregated and are presented in a combining statement in the Other Supplementary Information section. These include the Highway Users Revenue, Grants, Community Redevelopment, Public Safety Tax, Two Percent Tax, and Yuma Mall Maintenance Special Revenue Funds.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

<u>Water Fund</u> – The operations of the City's drinking water treatment and distribution system are accounted for in this enterprise fund.

<u>Wastewater Fund</u> – This enterprise fund accounts for the City's wastewater collection and treatment system.

Other Nonmajor Enterprise Funds – Other nonmajor enterprise funds of the City of Yuma are aggregated along with the major enterprise funds and are also presented in a combining statement in the Other Supplementary Information section. These funds include the Solid Waste, Radio Communications, and Desert Hills Golf Course Funds.

Internal Service Funds – Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis. They are also presented in the aggregate with major enterprise funds and are included in a combining internal service fund presentation in the Other Supplementary Information section. Because they service primarily governmental funds, they are not included within the business-type activities of the Statement of Net Position. Rather, they are combined with the governmental activities on that statement. Moreover, because of their essentially duplicative nature in accounting for their operations (revenues of the internal service funds are expenses of the operating funds), the operations of the internal service funds have been eliminated from the operations of the Statement of Activities. Internal service funds include the Equipment Replacement, Equipment Maintenance, Insurance Reserve, Employee Benefits Trust Funds, and Workers Compensation.

D. Measurement focus and basis of accounting

The government-wide financial statements, as well as the proprietary fund financial statements, use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year levied. Grants are recognized as revenue when all eligibility requirements are met and the underlying expenses have been recorded.

Governmental fund financial statements are presented using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable *and* available. Revenues are considered available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period (within 60 days). Grant revenues are recognized when all eligibility requirements are met, not necessarily when received. Grant monies that have been received but are as yet unearned are carried forward as unearned revenue. However, earned but not yet received grant monies are recognized as revenue and carried forward as receivables. This practice is defined and supported by GASB Statement 33, as it pertains to "government-mandated nonexchange transactions," paragraphs 19-25. Expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred with the exception of debt service. Debt service expenditures are recorded when the payment is due or when amounts have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payments to be made early in the following year.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Property taxes, along with franchise taxes, licenses and sales taxes are susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current period. Delinquent property taxes and property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of the fiscal year, but which were levied to finance operations of the subsequent fiscal year, have been recorded as unavailable revenue. Grants and similar awards received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as unearned revenue. Receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as unavailable revenue on the governmental fund financial statements. All other revenue items are considered measurable and available only when cash is received.

Proprietary funds classify revenues and expenses as operating or nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses relate to the fund's ongoing operations in providing goods and services. Operating revenues for the City's proprietary funds are customer charges for sales and services. Operating expenses include the cost of sales or services, administrative expenses and depreciation. All other revenues and expenses are classified as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

E. Budget Information

- 1) The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:
 - i. On or before the first Monday in June, the City Administrator submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
 - ii. Two public hearings are held prior to the budget's final adoption in order to obtain taxpayer comments.
 - iii. On or before the third Monday in August, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
 - iv. At any time during the fiscal year, the City Administrator may transfer part or all of any unencumbered appropriation balance among programs within a fund. Upon written request by the City Administrator, the Council may, by ordinance, transfer part or all of any unencumbered appropriation balance from one fund to another.
 - v. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the fiscal year for all funds with legally adopted budgets (only the Employee Benefits Trust Internal Service Funds is not budgeted). Appropriations not expended at fiscal year-end lapse.
 - vi. Budgetary amounts include those as originally adopted, and as amended by Council or City Administrator through the end of the fiscal year. Arizona State Statute does not allow supplemental budgets.
 - vii. Expenditures incurred during the fiscal year may not legally exceed the publicly published budget. The maximum legal expenditure permitted for the fiscal year is the total adopted budget.
- 2) Budgetary Reporting and Budgetary Basis of Accounting:

The City has opted to display budgetary information schedules in a manner similar to its adopted budget; therefore, the information is displayed outside its basic financial statements. Budgetary comparisons are presented for the General Fund and the major Special Revenue Funds in the Required Supplementary Information section. Budgetary comparisons for the Debt Service Fund, the Capital Projects Fund, the nonmajor governmental funds and the proprietary funds are presented in the Other Supplementary Information sections. For proprietary funds, the budgetary comparison includes reconciliation to the accrual-based operating statements.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

F. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity Disclosures

1) Transactions between Funds:

Interfund transactions consisting of identified services performed for other funds or costs billed to other funds are treated as expenditures in the fund receiving the services and as a reimbursement reducing expenditures in the fund performing the services. Exceptions to this include: (1) sales of water and wastewater treatment are treated as revenue by the Enterprise Fund, radio and software annual maintenance fees are treated as revenue by the Enterprise Fund and expenses in the governmental funds, and in-lieu property taxes are recorded as revenues in the General Fund and expenses in the Enterprise Funds; (2) transfers are made in certain other funds to shift resources from a fund legally required to receive revenue to a fund authorized to expend the revenue; and (3) charges for services of the Internal Service Funds are recorded as expenses/expenditures in the funds receiving the service. For purposes of government-wide presentation, these latter transactions are eliminated.

2) Cash and Investments:

Cash balances of the City's funds are pooled and invested by the City. The policy of the City is to invest public funds in a manner which provides the maximum security of principal invested, conforms to all applicable State statutes and City ordinances, delivers the highest yield, and meets the City's daily cash flows. Income earned or loss arising from the investment of the pooled cash is allocated on a monthly basis to the individual funds based upon average daily balance. The City considers short-term investments (including restricted assets) in the State of Arizona Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP), mutual fund-money market, U.S. Treasury bills and notes with original maturities of three months or less at acquisition date to be cash equivalents.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools*, the City reports its investments at fair value based on quoted market information obtained from fiscal agents or other sources.

3) Inventories and Prepaid Items:

Inventories consist primarily of expendable supplies held for consumption. Prepaid items represent services for which payment is made in advance. Both inventories and prepaid items are accounted for using the consumption method; therefore, expenditures are recorded at the time inventories are used or the services incurred. Inventories are maintained on a perpetual inventory basis, verified through annual physical counts, and valued using the weighted average method. Nonspendable governmental fund balance for both inventories and prepaid items indicate that a portion of fund balance is not available for future expenditures.

4) Grants Revenue:

The City follows the policy that, grants and similar items are recognized as revenue or contributed revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

5) Unbilled Accounts Receivable:

The City records as receivables and as revenues the amount of water sales, sewer service charges and commercial refuse collection charges accrued but unbilled at fiscal year end. At June 30, 2018, the estimated amounts of unbilled revenues for the Water, Wastewater and Solid Waste Enterprise Funds are \$1,039,060, \$579,819, and \$114,429, respectively.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

6) Capital Assets:

Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure (e.g., roads, bridges and similar items) and are defined as assets with an individual cost of more than \$5,000 and a useful life exceeding one year. These assets are valued at cost or estimated historical cost if original cost is not available. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in service concession arrangements are reported at acquisition value. The City books all acquired assets on a monthly basis and all CIP assets on a quarterly basis.

Depreciation and amortization have been provided over the estimated useful lives using the group life method on a straight-line basis and the following useful lives:

Buildings 33 to 100 years Infrastructure 35 years Improvements 20 to 50 years Equipment 2 to 50 years

For proprietary fund assets constructed with bond proceeds, interest costs have been capitalized, net of interest revenue. Gains or losses are recognized when assets are retired from service or are otherwise disposed.

7) Capital Contributions:

Capital contributions, as shown in the Enterprise Funds, represent sub-dividers' costs of installing water and sewer mains, water service connections installed at the customers' expense, transfers of equipment from other City funds, and contributions from customers to defray future expansion costs.

8) Long-term Obligations:

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as insurance premiums, are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or bond discount. Bond insurance premium costs are reported as unamortized discounts and amortized over the life of the debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

9) Pensions:

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the pension plans' fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

10) Fund Balance Policies:

In the fund financial statements, fund balance is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. The classifications of fund balance are Nonspendable, Restricted,

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Committed, and Unassigned. Nonspendable and Restricted fund balances represent the restricted classifications and Committed and Unassigned represent the unrestricted classifications.

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because either 1) it is not in a spendable form, such as inventory or prepaid items or 2) it is legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restricted fund balance is comprised of externally (outside the City) enforceable limitations imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws and regulations of other governments, or laws through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation (changes in City Charter). Committed fund balance includes self-imposed limitations adopted at the highest level of decision making authority, namely, City Council. City Council approval, through adoption of an ordinance, is required to commit resources or to rescind the commitment. Unassigned fund balance represents the residual net resources in excess of the other classifications. The General Fund is the only fund that can report a positive unassigned fund balance and any governmental fund can report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for specific expenditures, unrestricted resources are considered spent before restricted resources. Within unrestricted resources, committed is considered spent (if available) before unassigned amounts.

The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented in the following table.

									Other		
			City					N	lonmajor		
		ı	Road	D	ebt		Capital	Gov	vernmental		
	General		Tax	Se	ervice	Projects		Funds		Total	
Fund Balances:											
Nonspendable:											
Inventory	\$ 24,029	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,540	\$	33,569
Prepaid Items	62,564		3,381		-		-		532		66,477
Restricted for:											
Debt Service	-		-		5,043		-		-		5,043
Road Maintenance and Construction	-	12	,831,216		-		174,712		5,795,439		18,801,367
PS-Police equipment and facilities	-		-		-		94,609		2,430,420		2,525,029
PS-Fire equipment and facilities	-		-		-		43,148		810,140		853,288
Parks, recreation and cultural facilities	-		-		-		1,317,186	2,417,642			3,734,828
Public works projects	-		-		-		8,581,403		-		8,581,403
Committed to:											
General government projects	-		-		-		35,052		-		35,052
Road Maintenance and Construction	-		-		-		925,321		-		925,321
PS-Police equipment and facilities	-		-		-		2,174,775		-		2,174,775
PS-Fire equipment and facilities	-		-		-		1,077,814		-		1,077,814
Parks, recreation and cultural facilities	-		-		-		2,026,721		-		2,026,721
Sanitation facilities	-		-		-		2,666		-		2,666
Public works projects	-		-		-		35,057		-		35,057
Unassigned:	20,915,653		-		-		-				20,915,653
Total Fund Balances	\$ 21,002,246	\$12	,834,597	\$	5,043	\$	16,488,464	\$ 1	1,463,713	\$	61,794,063

G. Revenues, Expenditures, Expenses and Other Disclosures

1) Property Tax Revenue Recognition:

Yuma County is responsible for billing and collecting property taxes. Collections by the County in one month are remitted to the City in the next month. For government-wide presentation, revenues equal the taxes levied for the fiscal year. No allowance for uncollectible taxes has been recorded as the City's experience shows that after five years the amount uncollected represents less than one-half percent of the original levy. For governmental fund statement purposes, revenues are recorded as received, with the exception of taxes collected within 60 days by the County Treasurer and reported as current year revenues (County Treasurer collections for June of the current fiscal year). Delinquent property taxes

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

(collections of noncurrent years) are recorded similarly. The balance of delinquent taxes is recorded in the property tax receivable account with a corresponding entry to the unavailable revenue account.

2) Compensated Absences:

The City's administrative regulations provide permanent City employees with general and major illness leave in varying amounts based on years of service. In addition, employees may accrue hours worked on holidays for absences or payment in the future. General leave vests with the employee as it is earned. General and holiday leave with related benefits for the governmental funds, \$5,869,556, and for the internal service funds, \$54,975, are recorded in the governmental activities column of the government-wide financial statements. The amounts of general and holiday leave pay and related benefits attributable to the Water, Wastewater, Solid Waste, Radio Communications, and Desert Hills Enterprise Funds are \$478,369, \$271,459, \$66,971, \$75,842 and \$52,111 respectively, and are recorded in those funds and in the business-type activities of the government-wide statements and accrued as earned.

Major illness leave benefits provided for ordinary sick pay are not vested with the employee. Unused benefits are payable only upon the death or retirement of the employee. At June 30, 2018, the gross amount accumulated in sick pay and related benefits is \$7,364,596 including \$47,633 attributable to Internal Service Funds and \$1,353,379 to Enterprise Funds. Under GASB Statement No. 16, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, the City uses the "termination payment" method to determine its provision for major illness leave liability. The portion of the major illness leave liability related to governmental fund types, \$976,105, is reported within the governmental activities column of the government-wide financial statements, as current amounts of that liability have been determined to be immaterial and are not recorded within the respective governmental funds. The provision for probable future major illness leave and related benefits attributable to the Equipment Maintenance and Insurance Reserve Internal Service Funds is \$20,218 and \$3,226, respectively, and Water, Wastewater, Solid Waste, Radio Communications, and Desert Hills Golf Course Enterprise Funds of \$98,336, \$65,520, \$16,381, \$8,974 and \$12,968 respectively, are recorded in those funds and are accrued as earned.

H. Investment Income

Investment income is composed of interest and net changes in the fair value of applicable investments.

I. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Primarily, the City uses estimates to determine useful lives of capital assets as well as the estimated claims and judgements in the Insurance Reserve fund and the Workers Compensation fund. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

J. Tax Abatement

The City of Yuma has entered into tax abatement agreements as defined by GASB Statement 77. The tax abatements include the abatement of excise tax under Arizona Revised Statutes 42-6201 through 42-6209 relating to Government Property Lease Excise Tax, as incentive to improve property in certain geographic/economic areas of the city. It is the City's policy to review each agreement individually and in the aggregate annually. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, each agreement and all agreements in the aggregate are deemed immaterial for financial reporting purposes.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

K. <u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to the assets, the statement of financial position may report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position may report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

II. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Cash and Investments

The City maintains a cash and investments pool that is available to all funds. Each fund's portion of the cash and investment pool is shown in the accompanying balance sheet as "Cash and Investments", including the portion listed under "Restricted Assets". The City also records cash and investments, held by fiscal agents, which are restricted by bond indenture requirements for the payment of principal and interest at the end of the fiscal year.

Deposits

At June 30, 2018, the City's deposits had a carrying value of \$187,093 and a bank balance of \$1,214,863. The difference represents outstanding checks and other reconciling items. The main City checking account is fully collateralized and is disclosed with investments. All pledged bank collateral for demand deposits are held by an independent institution outside the bank's holding company. Cash on hand at June 30, 2018 included petty cash and change fund balances of \$44,140.

Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the City's deposits may not be covered. The City requires all demand deposits be covered by federal depository insurance or by pledged collateral held by the financial institution's trust department in the name of the City at 102% of market value. At June 30, 2018, there are no deposits exposed to custodial credit risk.

Investments

The City adheres to State Law and its adopted Investment Policy to invest public funds in a manner which will provide the maximum security of principal invested while providing the highest yield which will also meet the daily cash flow needs of the City. Per GASB Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools*, the City reports certain money market investments with a remaining maturity of one year or less at time of purchase at amortized cost instead of fair value.

The City's investment balances at June 30, 2018, were as follows:

Investment Type	F	air Value	Investment Maturities in Yea							
				< 1 Year	1	-2 Years	2-3	Years	3-5	Years
US Treasury Notes/Bills	\$	9,574,772	\$	9,574,772	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Commercial Paper		15,924,420		15,924,420		-		-		-
US Agencies:										
Federal Farm Credit Bank		988,656		-		988,656		-		-
Federal Home Loan Bank		11,953,996		11,953,996		-		-		-
Federal Home Loan Mtg. Corp.		17,901,400		10,042,992		3,951,670	1,9	59,366	1,9	947,372
Federal National Mtg. Assoc.		3,902,638		-		1,971,772		-	1,9	930,866
Federal Agricultural Mtg.Corp.		3,963,600		1,985,912		1,977,688		-		-
Money Market Funds		27,562,638		27,562,638		-		-		-
Wells Fargo-Bus Market Fund		-		-		-		-		-
State Investment Pool 5		83,654,512		83,654,512		-		-		-
Total Value	\$	175,426,632	\$	160,699,242	\$	8,889,786	\$ 1,9	59,366	\$ 3,	878,238

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The City's investment policy reduces exposure to investment credit risk by limiting authorized securities to the following:

- Obligations of the United States Government, its agencies and instrumentalities, excluding mortgagebacked securities;
- 2. Fully insured or collateralized certificates of deposit and other evidence of deposit at banks and savings and loan associations;
- 3. Bankers acceptances issued by the ten largest domestic banks;
- 4. Commercial paper rated A-1/P-1;
- 5. Repurchase agreements whose underlying collateral consists of the foregoing, provided a signed PSA Master Repurchase Agreement is on file with the counter party bank or broker/dealer;
- 6. Money Market Funds whose portfolio consists of the foregoing;
- 7. The State of Arizona Local Government Investment Pool.

At June 30, 2018, all investments, with the exception of the State Investment Pool, are rated A-1 by Standard and Poor's and Aaa by Moody's. The State Investment Pool 5 was rated AAA/s1+ by Standard and Poor's at year end.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investments in a single issuer. The City reduces this risk by diversifying its investment portfolio. Diversification strategies are established and monitored on a monthly basis. The allowed diversification standard and actual percentage at year end by security type and issuer are as follows:

	Maximum %	Actual %
U.S. Treasuries and securities having principal and interest guaranteed		
by the U.S. Government	100%	5.46%
U.S. Government agencies, instrumentalities and government		
sponsored enterprises	No more than 80%	22.07%
Fully insured or collateralized CD's	No more than 30%	0%
Banker's Acceptances	No more than 25%	0%
A-1/P-1 Commercial Paper	No more than 35%	9.08%
Maximum per issuer	10% of total C.P	0%
Repurchase Agreements	100%	0%
Money Market Funds	100%	15.71%
State Investment Pool	100%	47.69%

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Interest Rate Risk

Interest Rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. In accordance with State law and its investment policy, the City sets a maximum maturity on any investment of five years. Unless matched to a specific requirement, no more than 25% of the portfolio may have maturities greater than three years. There are no investments with maturities greater than five years, and there are no holdings with a stated maturity beyond four years. The portfolio at June 30, 2018, had a weighted average maturity of 257 days. The policy does not set a maximum for this measurement.

Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City reduces exposure to custodial credit risk in its safekeeping and collateralization policies. All security transactions are conducted on a delivery versus payment basis and are held by a third party custodian, in the City of Yuma's name. The custodian is required to issue a safekeeping receipt listing the specific instrument, rate, and maturity. Although there were no certificate of deposit or repurchase agreements at June 30, the collateralization level of at least 102% of market value is required for these securities.

Fair Value

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted process; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2018:

Investments Measured at Fair Value

			Fair Value Measurements Using					
	June 30, 2018		i M	oted Prices in Active larkets for identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable inputs (Level 2)		Significant Unobservat le inputs (Level 3)	
Investments by fair value level:								
U.S. Treasury Notes/Bills	\$	9,574,772	\$	9,574,772	\$	-	\$	-
Commerical Paper		15,924,420		-	15,9	924,420		-
US Agencies:								
Federal Farm Credit Bank		988,656		988,656		-		-
Federal Home Loan Bank		11,953,996		11,953,996		-		-
Federal Home Loan Mtg. Corp.		17,901,400		17,901,400		-		-
Federal National Mtg. Assoc.		3,902,638		3,902,638		-		-
Federal Agricultural Mtg.Corp.		3,963,600		3,963,600		-		
Total investments by fair value level		64,209,482	\$	48,285,062	\$15,9	924,420	\$	-

Investments measured at the net asset value (NAV)

Money Market Funds	\$ 27,562,638
State Investment Pool 5	83,654,512
Total investments measured at the NAV	111,217,150
Total investments measured at fair value	\$ 175,426,632

B. Property Tax

The City's property tax is levied by the Yuma County Treasurer on or before the third Monday in August based upon the previous January 1 full cash value as determined by the Yuma County Assessor. Under Arizona law, two assessed valuations are used. One is for primary taxes (used to fund operating expenditures) and the other is for secondary taxes (used to meet general obligation debt service requirements). The primary tax levy is limited to a two percent increase over the previous year with adjustments for growth and annexation. Secondary taxes are tied to the annual debt service requirements of voter-approved general obligation bonds. Taxes are due in two equal installments on October 1 and

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

March 1 following the levy date and are delinquent on the first day of November and May, respectively. Liens are filed when taxes are delinquent for two years. Assessed values, levies and collections for fiscal year 2016-17 (Tax Year 2016) and fiscal year 2017-18 (Tax Year 2017), follow:

	 Tax Year 2016	Tax Year 2017
Net Limited Assessed Valuation	\$ 516,876,027	538,309,708
Primary Tax Rate	2.3517	2.3001
Primary Tax Levy	12,144,078	12,381,661
Net Full Cash Assessed Valuation	516,876,027	538,309,708
Secondary Tax Rate/Levy	None	None
Current Tax Collections	11,965,580	12,136,213
Delinquent Tax Collections	223,021	214,803
Delinquent Taxes Outstanding as of June 30	533,775	592,212

Note: Tax Year 2016 has been corrected in this report

C. Receivables

Receivable balances are stated net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. Within the Solid Waste Enterprise Fund, an allowance account is established to record the estimated uncollectible refuse collection billings. Within the Water and Wastewater Enterprise Funds, allowance accounts have been established to record estimated uncollectible water and wastewater billings. No allowance account has been made for other types of receivables. The balances of these accounts are as follows:

				Delinquent		
		Intergovern-	Special	Property	Accrued	
	Accounts	mental	Assessment	Taxes	Interest	Total
General	\$ 3,702,596	\$1,548,802	\$ 20,169	\$ 592,212	\$ 25,282	\$ 5,889,061
City Road Tax	65,101	404,737	-	-	19,414	489,252
Debt Service	10,025	-	1,050,000	-	-	1,060,025
Capital Projects	145,518	310,531	-	-	7,315	463,364
Water	2,537,158	1,456	-	-	33,093	2,571,707
Wastewater	1,377,109	429,223	-	-	45,769	1,852,101
Other Funds-Governmental	1,028,886	2,166,859	-	4,721	13,866	3,214,332
Other Funds-Enterprise	379,372	5,343	-	-	4,155	388,870
Internal Service	737,708	12			20,026	757,746
Total	\$ 9,983,473	\$4,866,963	\$ 1,070,169	\$ 596,933	\$168,920	\$16,686,458

	Allowance Amount					
		2018	2017			
Enterprise Funds:						
Solid Waste	\$	11,868	\$	9,575		
Water		137,845		85,661		
Wastewater		66,523		47,770		

In fiscal year 2017, the City issued a \$1.9 million short-term loan to the Housing Authority of the City of Yuma, which is a separate legal entity and not presented in the City of Yuma's financial statements. This loan was repaid in full on October 4, 2017.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

D. <u>Due from Other Governments (Intergovernmental Receivables)</u>

Amounts due from other government units at June 30, 2018, are as follows:

	Agencies						
	Federal	State	County	Local	Total		
Governmental Funds							
Major Funds							
General	\$ -	\$1,303,902	\$114,594	\$ 130,305	\$1,548,801		
City Road Tax	-	404,433	-	303	404,736		
Capital Projects	-	308,846		1,685	310,531		
Non-major Funds							
Highway User Revenue	-	684,194	-	-	684,194		
Public Safety Tax	-	161,718	-	-	161,718		
Two Percent Tax	-	271,077	-	-	271,077		
Mall Maintenance	-	6	1,590	-	1,596		
Grants	646,626	162,955	-		809,581		
Community Redevelopment	238,690	-	-	-	238,690		
Enterprise Funds:							
Major Funds							
Water	-	1,456	-		1,456		
Wastewater	367,449	34	132	61,608	429,223		
Non-major Funds							
Solid Waste	-	3,021	-	-	3,021		
Radio Communications			725	356	1,081		
Desert Hills Golf Course	-	1,241	-	-	1,241		
Internal Service Funds		•			,		
Equipment Maintenance		12			12		
Total	\$1,252,765	\$3,302,895	\$117,041	\$ 194,257	\$4,866,958		

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

E. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2018, follows:

Governmental funds:

Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:		Balance June 30, 2017		Increases		Decreases		Balance June 30, 2018	
Land	\$	52,532,015	\$	223,890	\$	894,357	\$	51,861,548	
Construction in Progress	·	18,249,071		7,506,334		17,639,357		8,116,048	
Total Capital Assets									
Not Being Depreciated		70,781,086		7,730,224		18,533,714		59,977,596	
Other Capital Assets:									
Buildings		95,487,678		-		-		95,487,678	
Improvements		50,167,138		16,461,083		-		66,628,221	
Infrastructure		267,444,187		5,600,094		-		273,044,281	
Equipment		59,361,854		4,319,899		1,978,044		61,703,709	
Total Other Capital Assets		472,460,857		26,381,076		1,978,044		496,863,889	
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:									
Buildings		43,531,110		3,130,613		-		46,661,723	
Improvements		41,301,892		1,285,979		-		42,587,871	
Infrastructure		120,993,866		7,181,165		-		128,175,031	
Equipment		46,458,004		4,232,723		1,779,390		48,911,337	
Total Accumulated Depreciation		252,284,872		15,830,480		1,779,390		266,335,962	
Other Capital Assets, Net		220,175,985		10,550,596		198,654		230,527,927	
Total Capital Assets,									
Governmental Activities	\$	290,957,071	\$	18,280,820	\$	18,732,368	\$	290,505,523	

Government activities capital assets net of accumulated depreciation at June 30, 2018, include:

Internal Service Funds Capital Assets, Net Total	 7,428,233
Total	\$ 230,527,927

Depreciation was charged to governmental functions as follows:

\$ 3,136,607 2,781,078
6,242,136
1,133,480
92,803
13,717
2,430,659
\$ 15,830,480
\$

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Capital asset activity for business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2018, follows:

Business-type activities:

	Balance June 30, 2017	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2018	
	ouric 60, 2017	morodoco	Deoreades	00110 00, 2010	
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:					
Land	\$ 10,603,159	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,603,159	
Construction in Progress	1,882,764	6,412,455	1,390,163	6,905,056	
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	12,485,923	6,412,455	1,390,163	17,508,215	
	-	-	-	-	
Other Capital Assets:					
Buildings	164,648,404	-	-	164,648,404	
Improvements	281,639,603	3,047,385	-	284,686,988	
Equipment	13,844,086	592,872	116,818	14,320,140	
Total Other Capital Assets	460,132,093	3,640,257	116,818	463,655,532	
	-	-	-	-	
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:					
Buildings	24,730,319	3,300,659	-	28,030,978	
Improvements	159,483,561	10,449,823	-	169,933,384	
Equipment	12,343,104	510,301	95,266	12,758,139	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	196,556,984	14,260,783	95,266	210,722,501	
	-		-	-	
Other Capital Assets, Net	263,575,109	(10,620,526)	21,552	252,933,031	
Total Capital Assets, Business-type activities	\$ 276,061,032	\$ (4,208,071)	\$ 1,411,715	\$ 270,441,246	

Depreciation was charged to programs as follows:

Water	\$ 7,567,061
Wastewater	6,252,895
Solid Waste	577
Radio Communications	333,486
Golf courses	106,764
Total	\$ 14,260,783

Construction in progress is comprised mainly of Streets, Parks Projects as well as waterline replacements and water transmission lines) and wastewater projects (wastewater treatment plant upgrades and improvements, and collection facilities). Estimated cost to complete these projects is \$7.9 million.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

F. Noncurrent Liabilities

The following changes occurred in noncurrent liabilities during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018:

Governmental activities:	Balance July 1, 2017	Additions	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2018	Due Within One Year
Yuma Municipal Property Corporation	\$104,735,000	\$ -	\$ 6,485,000	\$ 98,250,000	\$ 6,775,000
Improvement District #68	1,370,000	-	320,000	1,050,000	335,000
Unamortized Premium	7,992,877	-	666,609	7,326,268	-
Capital Lease	-	1,031,836	-	1,031,836	147,405
Pension	148,302,595	9,607,758	-	157,910,353	-
Compensated Absences	6,398,609	921,069	395,598	6,924,080	2,485,801
Total Governmental Activity					
Noncurrent Liabilities	\$268,799,081	\$ 11,560,663	\$ 7,867,207	\$ 272,492,537	\$ 9,743,206
Business-type activities:					
Yuma Municipal Property Corporation	\$123,755,000	\$ -	\$ 9,522,000	\$ 114,233,000	\$ 9,546,000
Unamortized Premium	8,904,900	-	593,660	8,311,240	-
Pension	13,594,323	-	266,991	13,327,332	-
Compensated Absences	1,072,126	151,833	77,028	1,146,931	363,990
Total Business-type Activity					
Noncurrent Liabilities	\$147,326,349	\$ 151,833	\$ 10,459,679	\$ 137,018,503	\$ 9,909,990

The City has adopted GASB Statement No. 48, Sales and Pledges of Receivables and Future Revenues and Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets and Future Revenues. The following disclosures are due in part to that statement.

The City has acquired 210 Motorola radios for the Police and Fire departments under the provisions of a long-term lease agreement classified as a capital lease. The lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of its future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. Revenues from the Public Safety Tax Fund, a non-major governmental fund, is used to pay the capital lease obligation.

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments at year end were as follows:

	Governmental		
Year Ending June 30:	Activities		
2019	\$	147,405	
2020		147,405	
2021		147,405	
2022		147,405	
2023		147,405	
2024-25		294,811	
Total minimum lease payments		1,031,836	
Less: amount representing interest		0	
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	1,031,836	
Due within one year		147,405	

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Bonded Debt - Excluding Refunded Debt

The following is a description of bonded indebtedness at June 30, 2018. In each instance, all bonds have been issued. For each issue, a number of covenants and restrictions are included in the bond indentures. The City is in compliance with these covenants and restrictions.

Special Assessment Bonds – Special assessment bonds are issued by the City on behalf of improvement districts created by property owners for a specific purpose. Property owners in the designated districts agree to be assessed for the principal and interest costs of repaying the bonds. As trustee for improvement districts, the City is responsible for collecting the assessments levied against the owners of the property within the improvement districts and for disbursing these amounts to retire the bonds issued to finance the improvements. Special assessment bonds are secured by liens against the property within each district. In the event of delinquency, the City may secure payment of the bonds through sale of the property. All activity related to these bonds is recorded in the City's Debt Service Fund.

Municipal Property Corporation Bonds – In 1970, the City created the Municipal Property Corporation to finance the acquisition or construction of various City projects. Bonds are issued by the corporation and are repaid through unrestricted revenues, primarily excise taxes, by the City. For each issue, the City has pledged its excise tax collections as follows: *Excise Taxes* – transaction privilege taxes, license fees and franchise fees, along with transaction privilege taxes, income taxes and excise taxes imposed by the State and distributed to the City (except public safety, city road and special sales taxes); *City Road Taxes* – a special one-half percent (.5%) privilege license tax approved by qualified voters in 1994 for maintenance and construction of roadways; *Public Safety Taxes* – a special two-tenths of one percent (.2%) privilege license tax approved by qualified voters in 1994 for public safety and criminal justice facilities and communication equipment; and *Special Sales Taxes* – a special two percent (2%) privilege license tax approved by qualified voters in 1993 on the gross proceeds of sales or gross income from the business of bars, restaurants and hotels. For each bond series, the corresponding pledged tax was:

IssuePledged TaxProject(s) funded2010 - Series BExcise TaxesRefunding 2001 issue2015 Sr Lien Excise TaxExcise, Public Safety, SpecialRefunding 2003B & 20

2015 Sr Lien Excise Tax Excise, Public Safety, Special Refunding 2003B & 2007B issues Sales Taxes PAAC/Fleet Maintenance facility

2015 Sr Lien Road Tax Excise and City Road Taxes Refunding 2007D issue

In addition to, or in lieu of, excise taxes, the City may use other operational revenues to repay the debt, as budgeted in each fund. These include payments from the Water, Wastewater, Solid Waste and Desert Hills Golf Course Enterprise Funds, and Highway User Revenue Special Revenue Fund, as determined by the projects acquired or constructed by the debt proceeds.

The Municipal Property Corporation issued a Utility Series in 2007, refunded in 2015. An additional Utility Series was funded in 2016 to pay of the remaining balance of WIFA Loan Contracts. The water and wastewater system's net revenues were pledged as collateral for each issue as additional parity obligations.

 Issue
 Pledged Revenues
 Project(s) funded

 2015 Sr Lien Utility
 Net Utility System Revenues
 Refunding 2007 Utility issue

 2016 Sr Lien Utility
 Net Utility System Revenues
 Refunding WIFA Loan Contracts

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the pledged revenues described above amounted to \$79,551,947 for governmental activities and \$49,218,898 for business-type activities. The bonded debt collateralized by such revenues is presented below. Total future pledged revenues are not determinable for comparison to total collateralized debt; however, for the year ended June 30, 2018, debt service for governmental activities totaled \$11,501,799 and for business-type activities \$13,635,757, or 14% and 28% of pledged revenues, respectively.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Summary of Bonded Debt

						Net Unamortized
	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Authorized and Issued	Outstanding	Premium/ (discount)
Yuma Municipal Property						
Corporation Bonds:						
2010 - Series B Refunding	4.23%	6/29/2010	2025	\$ 29,530,000	\$ 18,875,000	\$ 227,410
2015 - Sr Lien Excise Rev & Refunding	3.5 - 5.0%	10/21/2015	2035	48,105,000	44,560,000	2,957,491
2015 - Sr Lien Road Tax Refunding	2.0 - 5.0%	10/21/2015	2027	40,280,000	34,815,000	4,141,367
2015 - Sr Lien Utility System Rev Refunding	3.25 - 5.0%	10/21/2015	2032	89,675,000	82,015,000	8,311,240
2016 - Sr Lien Utility System Rev Refunding	1.50%	11/8/2016	2024	37,835,000	32,218,000	
Total MPC Bonds				\$ 245,425,000	\$ 212,483,000	\$ 15,637,508

Legal Debt Margin

Under Arizona's Constitution, outstanding general obligation bonded debt for combined water, sewer, artificial light, parks, open space preserves, playgrounds and recreational facilities may not exceed 20% of a City's net secondary assessed valuation. Outstanding general obligation debt for all other purposes may not exceed 6% of a City's net secondary assessed valuation. The legal borrowing capacity of the City of Yuma at June 30, 2018, follows:

	Water, Etc. (20%)	All	Other (6%)	
Secondary Assessed Valuation	\$611,640,644			
Legal Limit	\$ 122,328,129	\$	36,698,439	
Outstanding G.O. Debt	-		-	
Available Debt Margin	\$ 122,328,129	\$	36,698,439	

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Annual Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

BONDS AND IMPROVEMENT DISTRICTS

July											
1	Principal		Interest		Total		Principal		Interest		Total
	MPC Bonds 2016 WIFA Refunding					MPC Bonds 2015 Excise					е
2018	\$ 5,501,0	00 9	\$ 483,270	\$	5,984,270	\$	1,910,000	\$	1,840,550	\$	3,750,550
2019	5,583,0		400,755	•	5,983,755	Ť	2,005,000		1,745,050	•	3,750,050
2020	5,667,0		317,010		5,984,010		2,110,000		1,644,800		3,754,800
2021	5,752,0		232,005		5,984,005		2,210,000		1,539,300		3,749,300
2022	5,838,0		145,725		5,983,725		2,320,000		1,428,800		3,748,800
2023	1,924,0		58,155		1,982,155		1,790,000		1,312,800		3,102,800
2024	1,953,0		29,295		1,982,295		1,870,000		1,223,300		3,093,300
2025		-	-		-		1,960,000		1,129,800		3,089,800
2026		-	-		-		2,050,000		1,031,800		3,081,800
2027		-	-		-		2,120,000		949,800		3,069,800
2028		-	-		-		2,645,000		886,200		3,531,200
2029		-	-		-		2,740,000		806,850		3,546,850
2030		-	-		-		2,855,000		697,250		3,552,250
2031		-	-		-		2,960,000		583,050		3,543,050
2032		-	-		-		3,070,000		486,850		3,556,850
2033		-	-		-		3,195,000		364,050		3,559,050
2034		-	-		-		3,315,000		236,250		3,551,250
2035			<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		3,435,000		120,225		3,555,225
	\$ 32,218,0	00 5	1,666,215	\$	33,884,215	\$	44,560,000	\$ 18	3,026,725	\$	62,586,725
				_		_				-	
leder											
July	Dringing		Interest		Total		Dringing		Interest		Total
1	Principal		Interest	_	Total		Principal		Interest	_	Total
			015 Road Ref								unding 2007
2018	\$ 2,855,0			\$	4,512,550	\$	4,045,000		3,603,088	\$	7,648,088
2019	2,970,0		1,514,800		4,484,800		4,205,000		3,400,838		7,605,838
2020	3,110,0		1,366,300		4,476,300		4,395,000		3,190,588		7,585,588
2021	3,250,0		1,210,800		4,460,800		4,600,000		2,970,838		7,570,838
2022	3,390,0		1,048,300		4,438,300		4,790,000		2,740,838		7,530,838
2023	3,535,0		878,800		4,413,800		4,990,000		2,501,338		7,491,338
2024	3,685,0		702,050		4,387,050		5,205,000		2,251,838		7,456,838
2025	3,845,0		517,800		4,362,800		5,425,000		1,991,588		7,416,588
2026	4,015,0		325,550		4,340,550		5,655,000		1,720,338		7,375,338
2027	4,160,0	00	124,800		4,284,800		5,920,000		1,437,588		7,357,588
2028		-	-		-		6,200,000	•	1,141,588		7,341,588
2029		-	-		-		6,410,000		831,588		7,241,588
2030		-	-		-		6,560,000		639,288		7,199,288
2031		-	-		-		6,720,000		442,488		7,162,488
2032	-			_		_	6,895,000		224,088	_	7,119,088
	\$ 34,815,0	00	\$ 9,346,750	\$	44,161,750	\$	82,015,000	\$ 29	9,087,920	\$1	111,102,920

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

July														
1		Principal		Interest		Total	Principal		Interest		cipal Interest			Total
		MPC Bon	ids	2010 Refund	ding	2001		Improven	nent	District No.	68 I	Bonds		
2018	\$	2,010,000	\$	844,282	\$	2,854,282	\$	335,000	\$	49,350	\$	384,350		
2019		2,110,000		743,781		2,853,781		350,000		33,605		383,605		
2020		2,210,000		638,281		2,848,281		365,000		17,155		382,155		
2021		2,305,000		549,881		2,854,881		-		-		-		
2022		2,400,000		454,800		2,854,800		-		-		-		
2023		2,500,000		352,800		2,852,800		-		-		-		
2024		2,610,000		240,300		2,850,300		-		-		-		
2025	_	2,730,000		122,850		2,852,850				_				
	\$	18,875,000	\$	3,946,975	\$	22,821,975	\$	1,050,000	\$	100,110	\$	1,150,110		

G. Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits

The City has adopted GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions as amended by GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date, which requires the following disclosures. The City also contributes to the Other Postemployment Benefit Plan, however, the plan is not described below based on its relative insignificance to the financial statements. The plans are component units of the State of Arizona.

Plan Descriptions - The City contributes to four plans, all of which are described below.

At June 30, 2018, the City reported the following aggregate amounts related to pensions for all plans to which it contributes:

Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities	overnmental Activities	siness-Type Activities	 Total
Net pension liabilities Deferred outflows of resources related	\$ 157,910,353	\$ 13,327,332	\$ 171,237,685
to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related	\$ 35,980,709	\$ 1,743,701	\$ 37,724,410
to pensions	\$ 8,028,638	\$ 898,249	\$ 8,926,887
Pension expense	\$ 19,089,320	\$ 433,251	\$ 19,522,571

Arizona State Retirement System

Plan Description – City employees not covered by the other pension plans described below or the Elected Official Retirement Plan participate in the Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS). The ASRS administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan, and a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit long-term disability (OPEB) plan. The Arizona State Retirement System Board governs the ASRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Articles 2 and 2.1. The ASRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes its financial statements and required supplementary information. The report is available on its Web site at www.azasrs.gov.

Benefits Provided – The ASRS provides retirement, health insurance premium supplement, long-term disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefits terms. Retirement benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Initial membership date:						
	Before July 1, 2011	On or after July 1, 2011					
Years of service	Sum of years and age equals 80	30 years age 55					
and age required	10 years age 62	25 years age 60					
to receive benefit	5 years age 50*	10 years age 62					
	any years age 65	5 years age 50* any years age 65					
Final average	Highest 36 months	Highest 60 months					
salary is based on	of last 120 months	of last 120 months					
Benefit percent per year of service	2.1% to 2.3%	2.1% to 2.3%					

Retirement

ASRS

Retirement benefits for members who joined the ASRS prior to September 13, 2013, are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on excess investment earning. Members with a membership date on or after September 13, 2013, are not eligible for cost-of-living adjustments. Survivor benefits are payable upon a member's death. For retired members, the survivor benefit is determined by the retirement benefit option chosen. For all other members, the beneficiary is entitled to the member's account balance that includes the member's contributions and employer's contributions, plus interest earned.

Contributions – In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine active member and employer contribution requirements. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. For the year ended June 30, 2018, active ASRS members were required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 11.5 percent (11.34 percent for retirement and 0.16 percent for long-term disability) of the members annual covered payroll, and the City was required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 11.5 percent (10.9 percent for retirement, 0.44 percent for health insurance premium benefit, and 0.16 percent for long-term disability) of the active members' annual covered payroll. In addition, the City was required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 9.49 percent (9.26 percent for retirement, 0.1 percent for health insurance premium benefit, and 0.13 percent for long-term disability) of annual covered payroll of retired members who worked for the City in positions that would typically be filled by an employee who contributes to the ASRS. The City's contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2018 were \$3,361,607.

During fiscal year 2018, the City paid for ASRS pension contributions as follows: approximately 73 percent from the General Fund, 22 percent from major enterprise funds, and 5 percent from other funds.

Pension Liability – At June 30, 2018, the City reported a liability of \$48,711,007 for its proportionate share of the ASRS' net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined using update procedures to roll forward the total pension liability from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016, to the measurement date of June 30, 2017. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2017 reflects a change in the actuarial assumption for a decrease in loads for future potential permanent benefit increases.

The City's reported liability at June 30, 2018, decreased by \$975,847 from the City's prior year liability of \$49,686,854 because of changes in the ASRS' net pension liability and the City's proportionate share of that liability. The ASRS' publicly available financial report provides details on the change in the net pension liability.

^{*}With actuarially reduced benefits

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on \$15,578,050,742. The City's proportion measured as of June 30, 2017, was 0.312690 percent, which was an increase of 0.004860 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources – For the year ended June 30, 2018, the City recognized pension expense for ASRS of \$1,583,522. At June 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

ASRS	0	Deferred utflows of Resources	Ī	Deferred nflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	1,460,625
Changes of assumptions or other inputs Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan		2,115,631		1,456,547
investments Changes in proportion and differences between city contributions and		349,711		-
proportionate share of contributions City contributions subsequent to the		546,224		365,903
measurement date		3,361,607		
Total	\$	6,373,173	\$	3,283,075

The \$3,361,607 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to ASRS pensions resulting from city contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to ASRS pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Deferred				
Year Ending	outflow/inflow				
June 30	ar	mortization			
2019	\$	(2,008,111)			
2020		2,211,175			
2021		645,926			
2022		(1,120,498)			

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Actuarial Assumptions – The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension liability are as follows:

ASRS

Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2016
Actuarial roll forward date	June 30, 2017
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Asset Valuation	Fair Value
Investment rate of return	8.0%
Projected salary increases	3.0-6.75%
Inflation	3.0%
Permanent base increase	Included
Mortality rates	1994 GAM Scale BB
Healthcare cost trend rate	Not Applicable

The actuarial assumptions used in June 30, 2016 valuation were based on results from an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2012. The purpose of the experience study was to review the actual experience in relation to the actuarial assumptions in effect. The ASRS Board adopted the experience study recommended changes, which were applied to the June 30, 2013 actuarial valuation. The study did not include any analysis of the assumed investment rate of return.

The long-term expected rate of return on ASRS pension plan investments was determined to be 8.7 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

ASRS		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Equity	58%	6.73%
Fixed Income	25%	3.70%
Real estate	10%	4.25%
Commodities	2%	3.84%
Multi-asset class	5%	3.41%
Total	100%	

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the ASRS total pension liability was 8 percent, which is less than the long-term expected rate of return of 8.7 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the ASRS Board's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rate under Arizona statute. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the ASRS Net pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (7 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (9 percent) than the current rate.

ASRS	Current							
	19	% Decrease (7%)	Di	scount Rate (8%)	1	% Increase (9%)		
City's proportionate share of the						_		
net pension liability	\$	62,521,424	\$	48,711,007	\$	37,171,221		

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued ASRS financial report. The report is available on the ASRS website at www.azasrs.gov

Public Safety Personnel Retirement System

Plan Description – City public safety personnel who are regularly assigned hazardous duty participate in the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS). The PSPRS administers an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan and an agent multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan (agent plans). A nine-member board known as the Board of Trustees and the participating local boards govern the PSPRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 4.

The PSPRS issue publicly available financial reports that include their financial statements and required supplementary information. The reports are available on the PSPRS Web site at www.psprs.com.

Benefits Provided – The PSPRS provides retirement, health insurance premium supplement, disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefits terms. Retirement, disability, and survivor benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

PSPRS	Initial membership date:						
_	Before January 1, 2012	On or after January 1, 2012					
Retirement and Disability Years of service and age required to receive benefit	20 years any age 15 years age 62	25 years and age 52.5					
Final average salary is based on	Highest 36 months of last 20 years	Highest 60 months of last 20 years					
Normal Retirement	50% less 2.0% for each year of credited service less than 20 years OR plus 2.0% to 2.5% for each year of credited service over 20 years not to exceed 80%	1.5%-2.5% per year of credited service, not to exceed 80%					
Accidental Disability Retirement	50% or normal retirement, whichever is greater						
Catastrophic Disability Retirement	90% for the first 60 months then reduced to either 62.5% or normal retirement, whichever is greater						
Ordinary Disability Retirement	Normal retirement calculated with actual years of credited service or 20 years of credited service, whichever is greater, multiplied by years of credited service (not to exceed 20 years) divided by 20						
Survivor Benefit							
Retired Members	80% to 100% of retire	d member's pension benefit					
Active Members	80% of accidental disability retirement or 100% of average monthly compensation if death was the result of injuries received on the job						

Retirement and survivor benefits are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on excess investment earning. In addition, from and after December 31, 2015 the Legislature may enact permanent one-time benefit increases after a Joint Legislative Budget Committee analysis of the increase's effects on the plan. PSPRS also provides temporary disability benefits of 50 percent of the member's compensation for up to 12 months.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms – At June 30, 2018, the following employees were covered by the agent pension plans' benefit terms:

	PSPRS	PSPRS
	Police	Fire
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	121	82
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	44	11
Active employees	162	98
Total	327	191

Contributions – State statutes establish the pension contribution requirements for active PSPRS employees. In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine employer contribution requirements for PSPRS pension and health insurance premium benefits. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions rates for the year ended June 30, 2018, are indicated below. Rates are a percentage of active members' annual covered payroll.

	Active member -	City	
	Pension	Pension	
PSPRS-Police Tier 1 & 2	7.65%	53.43%	
PSPRS-Police Tier 3	9.94%	52.15%	
PSPRS-Fire Tier 1 & 2	7.65%	59.46%	
PSPRS-Fire Tier 3	9.94%	64.51%	

For the agent plans, the City's contributions to the pension plan benefit for the year ended June 30, 2018, were:

	 Pension
PSPRS-Police Tier 1 & 2	\$ 5,654,038
PSPRS-Police Tier 3	38,080
PSPRS-Fire Tier 1 & 2	4,437,103
PSPRS-Fire Tier 3	55,363

During fiscal year 2018, the City paid for PSPRS pension contributions as follows: approximately 97 percent from the General Fund, 3 percent from other funds.

Pension Liability (Asset) - At June 30, 2018, the City reported the following net pension liabilities:

	Net Pension	
	Liability	
PSPRS Police	\$63,627,552	
PSPRS Fire	55,076,387	

The net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The total liability as of June 30, 2017, reflects changes of actuarial assumptions based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2016, including decreasing the investment rate of return from 7.5 to 7.4 percent, decreasing the wage inflation rate from 4.0 to 3.5 percent, and updating mortality, withdrawal, disability, and retirement assumptions.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Pension Actuarial Assumptions – The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension liability are as follows:

PSPRS - Pension

Actuarial valuation date

Actuarial cost method

Asset valuation method

June 30, 2017

Entry age normal

Fair value of assets

Investment rate of return 7.40%
Wage inflation 3.5%
Price inflation 2.5%
Permanent benefit increase Included

Mortality rates RP-2014 mortality tables using MP-2016 improvement

Healthcare cost trend rate Not Applicable

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2016. The long-term expected rate of return on PSPRS plan investments was determined to by 7.40 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

PSPRS		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
U.S. equity	16%	7.60%
Private credit	16%	5.83%
Non-U.S. equity	14%	8.70%
Private equity	12%	6.75%
GTAA	10%	3.96%
Real Estate	10%	3.75%
Real Assets	9%	4.52%
Fixed income	5%	1.25%
Absolute Return	2%	3.75%
Risk Parity	4%	5.00%
Short Term Inv	2%	0.25%
Total	100%	

Pension Discount Rates – The following discount rates were used to measure the total pension liabilities:

	PSPRS	PSPRS
	Police	Fire
Discount rates	7.40%	7.40%

The projection of cash flows used to determine the PSPRS discount rates assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rate and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Changes in Agent Plans Net Pension Liability (Asset)

PSPRS Yuma Police Department	Increase (Decrease)			
		Plan		
	Total	Fiduciary	Net	
	Pension	Net	Pension	
	Liability	Position	Liability	
	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)	
Balances at June 30, 2017	\$ 101,061,822	\$ 41,847,333	\$ 59,214,489	
Changes for the year:				
Service cost	2,537,434	-	2,537,434	
Interest on the total pension liability	7,469,258	-	7,469,258	
Changes of benefit terms	1,361,581	-	1,361,581	
Differences between expected and	192,540	-	192,540	
actual experience in the				
measurement of the pension liability				
Changes of assumptions or other	3,881,385	-	3,881,385	
inputs				
Contributions-employer	-	4,860,230	(4,860,230)	
Contributions-employee	-	1,256,377	(1,256,377)	
Net investment income	-	4,981,294	(4,981,294)	
Benefit payments, including refunds	(5,480,859)	(5,480,859)	-	
of employee contributions				
Administrative expense	-	(44,476)	44,476	
Other changes		(24,290)	24,290	
Net changes	9,961,339	5,548,276	4,413,063	
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$ 111,023,161	\$ 47,395,609	\$ 63,627,552	

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

PSPRS Yuma Fire Department	Increase (Decrease)					
				Plan		
		Total		Fiduciary		Net
		Pension		Net		Pension
		Liability		Position		Liability
		(a)		(b)		(a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2017	\$	79,148,186	\$	28,584,501	\$	50,563,685
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		1,753,544		-		1,753,544
Interest on the total pension liability		5,828,117		-		5,828,117
Changes of benefit terms		752,016		-		752,016
Differences between expected and						
actual experience in the						
measurement of the pension liability		447,610		-		447,610
Changes of assumptions or other						
inputs		3,928,814		-		3,928,814
Contributions-employer		-		3,870,770		(3,870,770)
Contributions-employee		-		949,203		(949,203)
Net investment income		-		3,407,616		(3,407,616)
Benefit payments, including refunds		(4,633,460)		(4,633,460)		-
of employee contributions						-
Administrative expense		-		(30,552)		30,552
Other changes		-		362		(362)
Net changes		8,076,641		3,563,939		4,512,702
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$	87,224,827	\$	32,148,440	\$	55,076,387

Sensitivity of the City's Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate-The following table presents the City's net pension liabilities calculated using the discount rates noted above, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate.

	1%		Current	1%
	Decrease	Di	scount Rate	Increase
PSPRS Police				
Rate	6.40%		7.40%	8.40%
Net pension liability	\$ 78,676,561	\$	63,627,552	\$ 51,407,915
PSPRS Fire				
Rate	6.40%		7.40%	8.40%
Net pension liability	\$ 66,708,714	\$	55,076,387	\$ 45,574,769

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position-Detailed information about the pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PSPRS financial report. The report is available on the PSPRS website at www.psprs.com.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Pension Expense - For the year ended June 30, 2018, the City recognized the following pension expense:

	Pension		
	 Expense		
PSPRS Police	\$ 9,628,633		
PSPRS Fire	6,875,900		

Pension Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources-At June 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

PSPRS Police	Deferred Outflows of Resources		l	Deferred nflows of desources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	185,709	\$	307,773
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		10,153,982		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		2,500,010		1,882,455
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date		4,415,022		-
Total	\$	17,254,723	\$	2,190,228

PSPRS Fire	Deferred Outflows of Resources		li	Deferred nflows of esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	905,719	\$	2,120,920
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		7,997,031		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		1,714,291		1,299,529
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date		3,211,547		-
Total	\$	13,828,588	\$	3,420,449

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from city contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability (or an increase in the net pension asset) in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Deferred outflow/inflow amortization

	PSPRS		PSPRS	
		Police		Fire
Year ending June 30				
2019	\$	2,599,568	\$	1,605,271
2020		3,024,837		1,898,468
2021		2,682,596		1,657,361
2022		766,379		533,462
2023		1,058,992		678,426
Thereafter		517,101		823,604

Elected Officials Retirement Plan

Plan Description – Elected officials and judges participate in the Elected Officials Retirement Plan (EORP), ASRS, or the Elected Officials Defined Contribution Retirement System (EODCRS). EORP administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan for elected officials and judges who were members of the plan on December 31, 2013. The EORP pension plan was closed to new members as of January 1, 2014. The PSPRS Board of Trustees governs the EORP according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 3. The PSPRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the EORP plans. The report is available on PSPRS's website at www.psprs.com.

Benefits Provided – The EORP provides retirement, health insurance premium supplement, disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefit terms. Retirement, disability, and survivor benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average yearly compensation, and service credit as follows:

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Before January 1, 2012

Initial membership date:

	Belore ballaary 1, 2012	On or and bandary 1, 2012
Retirement and Disability		
Years of service	20 years, any age	10 years, age 62
and age required	10 years, age 62	5 years, age 65
to receive benefit	5 years, age 65	any years and age if disabled
	any years and age if disabled	
Final average	Highest 36 consecutive	Highest 60 consecutive
salary is based on	months of last 10 years	months of last 10 years
Benefit percent		
Normal	4% per year of service,	3% per year of service,

Disability

Retirement

80% with 10 or more years of service
40% with 5 to 10 years of service
20% with less than 5 years of service
18.75% with 10 or more years of service
37.5% with 5 to 10 years of service
18.75% with less than 5 years of service

Survivor Benefit

Retirement

Retired Members 75% of retired member's benefit 50% of retired member's benefit

Active Members and Other Inactive Members

75% of disability member benefit

not to exceed 80%

50% of disability member benefit

not to exceed 75%

On or after January 1, 2012

Retirement and survivor benefits are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on excess investment earning. In addition, the Legislature may enact permanent one-time benefit increases after a Joint Legislative Budget Committee analysis of the increase's effects on the plan.

Contributions – State statutes establish active member and employer contribution requirements. Statute also appropriates \$5 million annually through fiscal year 2043 for the EORP from the State of Arizona to supplement the normal cost plus and amount to amortize the unfunded accrued liability and designates a portion of certain court fees for the EORP. For the year ended June 30, 2018, statute required active EORP members to contribute 7 or 13 percent of the members' annual covered payroll and the City to contribute 23.5 percent of all active EORP members' annual covered payroll. Also, statute required the City to contribute 12.16 percent to EORP of the annual covered payroll of elected officials and judges who were ASRS members and 17.50 percent to EORP of the annual covered payroll of elected officials and judges who were EODCRS members, in addition to the City's required contributions to ASRS and EODCRS for these elected officials and judges. During fiscal year 2018, the City paid for EORP pension contributions 100% from the General Fund. The City's contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2018 was \$38.454.

Pension Liability – At June 30, 2018, the City reported a liability for its proportionate share of the EORP's net pension liability that reflected a reduction for the City's proportionate share of the State's appropriation for EORP. The amount the City recognized as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

state support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the City were as follows:

City's proportionate share of the EORP	
net pension liability	\$ 3,822,739
State's proportionate share of the EORP net	
pension liability associated with the City	 793,393
Total	\$ 4,616,132

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total liability used to calculate the net asset or net liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2017 reflects changes of actuarial assumptions based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2016, including decreasing the investment rate of return from 7.5 percent to 7.4 percent, decreasing the wage inflation rate from 4 percent to 3.5 percent, and updating mortality, withdrawal, disability, and retirement assumptions. The total pension liability also reflects changes of benefit terms for a court decision that increased cost-of-living adjustments for retirees and decreased the contribution rates for employees who became members before July 20, 2011. The court decision will also affect the net pension liability measured as of June 30, 2018, because of refunds of excess member contributions. The change in the City's net pension liability as a result of the refunds is not yet known.

The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's actual contributions to the plan relative to the total of all participating employers' actual contributions for the year ended June 30, 2017. The City's proportion measured as of June 30, 2017 was 0.314 percent, which remained substantially unchanged from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016.

Pension expense and deferred outflows/inflows of resources – For the year ended June 30, 2018, the City recognized total pension expense for EORP of \$1,434,516 and revenue of \$240,004 for the City's proportionate share of the State's appropriation to EORP and designated court fees. At June 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

EORP	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Outflows of Inflow	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$	33,135
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	149,209		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	23,430		-
Changes in proportion and differences between city contributions and proportionate share of contributions	56,831		-
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	38,454		-
Total	\$ 267,924	\$	33,135

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to EORP pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net liability in the year ending June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to EORP pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Ne	t Outflow/
Year ending June 30		(Inflow)
2019	\$	167,362
2020		30,345
2021		6,191
2022		(7,562)

Actuarial assumptions – The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension liability are as follows:

EORP	
Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2017
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Investment rate of return	7.4%
Wage inflation	3.5%
Price inflation	2.5%
Permanent benefit increase	Included
Mortality rates	RP-2014 tables using MP-2016 improvement
	scale with adjustments to match current
	experience.
Healthcare cost trend rate	Not Applicable

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on EORP pension plan investments was determined to be 7.40 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
Short-term investments	2%	0.25%
Absolute return	2%	3.75%
Risk Parity	4%	5.00%
Fixed income	5%	1.25%
Real assets	9%	4.52%
GTAA	10%	3.96%
Private credit	12%	6.75%
Real estate	10%	3.75%
Credit opportunites	16%	5.83%
Non-U.S. equity	14%	8.70%
U.S. equity	16%	7.60%
Total	100%	-

Discount rate – At June 30, 2017, the discount rate used to measure the EORP total pension liability was 3.91 percent, which was an increase of 0.23 percent from the discount rate used as of June 30, 2016. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, employer contributions will be made a the statutorily set rates, and state contributions will be made as currently required by statute. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, to determine the total pension liability for the plan, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.40 percent was applied to periods of projected benefit payments through the year ended June 30, 2026. A municipal bond rate of 3.56 percent obtained from the Fidelity 20-year Municipal GO AA Index as of June 30, 2017, was applied to periods of projected benefit payments after June 30, 2026.

Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of EORP net pension liability to changes in the discount rate – The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.91 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.91 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (4.91 percent) than the current rate:

EORP		Current Single						
	1%	Decrease 2.91%	Discount Rate 3.91%	1% Increase 4.91%				
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	4,515,665	\$ 3,822,739	\$	3,257,613			

Pension plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued EORP financial report.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

H. Interfund Transfers

INTERFUND TRANSFERS

	Transfers Out				Transfers In	
		Gov	ernmental fund	ds - major funds:		
General	Equipment Replacement	\$	381,923	Debt Service	General \$	4,109,823
	Mall Maintenance		121,371		Public Safety Tax	947,712
	Debt Service		4,109,823		Two Percent Tax	570,930
City Road Tax	Equipment Replacement		11,792		Desert Hills Golf Course	2,101
	Debt Service		4,529,241		Water	59,612
Capital Projects	Debt Service		555,082		Wastewater	65,994
					HURF	116,734
					Solid Waste	165,218
					City Road Tax	4,529,241
					Parks and Rec Dev Fee	555,082
			<u>Nonmajor</u>	r funds:		
Public Safety Tax	Debt Service	\$	947,712	Yuma Mall Maint	General \$	121,371
Two Percent	Equipment Replacement		274,998			
	Debt Service		570,930			
	Desert Hills Golf Course		250,000			
HURF	Equipment Replacement		11,792			
	Debt Service		116,734			
Т	Total Governmental Activities	\$	11,881,398	То	tal Governmental Activities \$	11,243,818
		Ente	erprise funds:			
Desert Hills	Equipment Replacement	\$	23,525	Desert Hills	Two Percent Tax \$	250,000
	Debt Service		2,101			
Solid Waste	Debt Service		165,218			
	Equipment Replacement		11,792			
Water	Debt Service		59,612			
Wastewater	Debt Service		65,994			
	Total Enterprise Funds	\$	328,242		Total Enterprise Funds \$	250,000
Internal Service funds:						
Equipment Maintenance	Equipment Replacement	\$	3,991	Equipment Replacemen	nt General \$	381,923
					HURF	11,792
					City Road Tax	11,792
					Two Percent Tax	274,998
					Desert Hills Golf Course	23,525
					Solid Waste	11,792
					Equipment Maintenance	3,991
	Total Internal Service Funds	\$	3,991		Total Internal Service Funds \$	719,813
	Total Internal Service Funds	\$	3,991		Total Internal Service Funds \$	719,813
	Total Internal Service Funds Total Transfers Out		3,991 12,213,631		Total Internal Service Funds \$\\ \text{Total Transfers In }\\$	719,813

The majority of the transfers listed above are for debt service requirements and are recognizable by the fund from which the transfer is made. This includes Enterprise Fund transfers to debt service as the majority of the related bond debt service is governmental in nature and is recorded in the Debt Service Fund rather than within the Enterprise Funds.

Interfund activity is eliminated within the governmental activities column of the Statement of Activities. Only transfers between governmental and business-type activities appear on that statement. The net transfers of \$78,242 are for debt service (\$292,925), payment of Equipment Replacement rent funds (\$35,317), and a transfer to Desert Hills Golf Course from the Two Percent Tax fund \$250,000.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

I. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Interfund balances at June 30, 2018, follow:

Interfund Receivable Major Funds

Interfund Payable	General					
Major Governmental Funds:		_				
Debt Service Fund	\$	7,890				
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:						
Community Redevelopment Fund		209,291				
Grants Fund		610,400				
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds:						
Desert Hills		255,447				
Internal Service Funds:						
Equipment Maintenance Fund		1,366,895				
Total Receivable	\$	2,449,923				

Because they serve primarily governmental funds, the interfund activity noted above in the Internal Service Equipment Maintenance Fund is combined within the governmental activities for government-wide reporting. As such, the interfund activity is eliminated in the governmental activities column of the Statement of Net Position. The internal balances amount appearing on that statement, \$803,683, represents net balances allocated to business-type activities for consolidation of internal service funds net profits.

J. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; job-related illnesses and injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City purchases commercial insurance for Property, Public Employee Fidelity Bonds, Crime, Cyber Security, Excess Workers Compensation, Liability, Environmental, and Miscellaneous (i.e. surety bonds, special event insurance as needed, and fine arts coverage.) The City retains all the risk not covered by commercial carriers and has effectively managed risk through various employee education and prevention programs. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The City provides health benefits to its employees and their dependents through the Yuma Area Benefit Consortium (trust). The trust is comprised of four participating entities and provides benefits through a self-funding trust agreement with its members. The consortium purchases insurance for claims in excess of \$210,000 per individual per plan year. A third-party administrator provides claim processing and record keeping services. The City is responsible for paying premiums while employees must contribute for costs of dependent coverage. The trust sets rates through projection of claims cost and administrative expenses, along with a determination of sufficient fund balance to maintain rate stability and trust integrity. Should the Consortium become insolvent or otherwise unable to discharge its liabilities, the participating entities shall be assessed a pro rata share. This assessment may not exceed the amount of each participating entity's annual contribution. Benefit payments to beneficiaries are limited to the amount in the trust. Should the assessment not yield sufficient funds to pay outstanding claims, the trust's obligation to pay claims is limited to the amount in the trust after assessment and the trustees and the participating entities have no further obligation of any type.

The City uses two Internal Service Funds, Insurance Reserve Fund and Workers Compensation Fund, to account for the financing of its risk of loss relating to claims. As the City is self-insured up to \$300,000 for liability claims, the Insurance Reserve Fund manages these claims. Claims exceeding this self-insured limit

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

are covered under the City's Liability Insurance. For the Workers Compensation Fund, the stop-loss thresholds are \$700,000 for public safety employees and \$600,000 for all other employees, after which the City's Excess Workers Compensation Insurance becomes liable for claims. Charges assessed to the funds are based on historical claims, exposure to risk, and funding necessary reserves. Annually, the City estimates the liabilities for unpaid claims using a historical cost information method. Claims and expenses are recognized when it is probable that a loss has been incurred, and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Claims accounted for include, reported and paid claims, reported but unpaid claims, and incurred but not reported (IBNR) claims. The funds' claims liabilities are presented below.

	Insurance Reserve Fund								Workers Compensation Fund							
Claims and						Claims and										
	Be	ginning of	С	hanges in		Claim	En	d of Year		Be	ginning of	Ch	anges in		Claim	End of Year
Fiscal Year	Yea	ar Liability		Estimates	P	ayments	Liability		_	Year Liability		Estimates		Payments		Liability
2017-18	\$	104,145	\$	12,464	\$	25,028	\$	91,581	\$		1,242,198	\$	837,983	\$	1,014,639	\$ 1,065,542
2016-17		89,633		144,095		129,583		104,145			1,541,791		668,881		968,474	1,242,198

K. Construction Commitments

The City has active construction projects as of June 30, 2018. At year-end the government's commitments with contractors for specific projects are as follows:

Construction		Original			R	emaining	
Commitments	Contract		Sp	ent to Date	Co	mmitment	
General Government	\$	7,673,513	\$	540,009	\$	7,133,505	
Public Safety		99,417		8,925		90,492	
Environmental Health		384,638		118,800		245,019	
Parks & Recreation		1,225,449		1,161,788		63,661	
Streets		1,191,086		972,418		167,973	
Wastewater		1,186,502		955,804		145,698	
Water System		386,529		295,198		71,332	
	\$	\$ 12,147,135		4,052,942	\$	7,917,678	

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

L. Change in Accounting Principle

Governmental activities net position as of July 1, 2017 has been restated as follows for the implementation of the Elected Official's Retirement Plan portion of GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, as amended by GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date.

	G	Governmental Activites				
Net position as previously		_				
reported at June 30, 2017	\$	141,323,115				
Prior period adjustment -						
implementation of EORP						
portion of GASB 68:						
Net pension liability -						
prior period		(2,431,892)				
Total prior period adjustment		(2,431,892)				
Net position as restated,						
July 1, 2017	\$	138,891,223				

M. Deficits in Fund Equity

At June 30, 2018, no funds, as shown in the basic financial statements, were in a deficit position. The Equipment Maintenance Internal Service Fund, as shown in the Combining Statement of Net Position in Other Supplementary Information, has a deficit balance of \$577,134 at June 30, 2018. The City intends to adjust its internal charges in future fiscal years to eliminate this deficit. The Desert Hills Golf Course Fund, as shown in the Combining Statement of Net Position in Other Supplementary Information, has a deficit balance of \$140,651 at June 30, 2018. The City is working diligently to expand its tournament base, through a variety of new advertising campaigns, to increase its revenue.

III. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

A. Pending Litigation

The City is contingently liable in respect to lawsuits and other claims incidental to the ordinary course of its operations. It is the opinion of the City management, based on the advice of the City Attorney, that such matters will not have a material adverse effect on the City's financial position at June 30, 2018.

B. Compliance

The City participates in federally-funded and state-funded programs administered by various government agencies. The programs included in these financial statements may be subject to program compliance and/or financial monitoring by the granting agency or its representatives. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
Cost-Sharing Pension Plans
June 30, 2018

Arizona State Retirement System

Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)

		2018 (2017)	2017 (2016)	2016 (2015)		2015 (2014)	2014 through 2009
City's proportion of the net pension liability		0.312690%	0.307830%	 0.313750%		0.313640%	Information
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	48,711,007	\$ 49,686,854	\$ 48,871,806	\$	46,324,403	not available
City's covered payroll	\$	30,307,677	\$ 28,462,610	\$ 28,442,751	\$	27,663,180	
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		160.72%	174.57%	171.83%		167.46%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		69.92%	67.06%	63.85%		69.49%	

Elected Officials Retirement Plan

Reporting Fiscal Year

	(Measurement Date)									
		2018 (2017)		2017 (2016)	2016 (2015)	2015 (2014)	2014 through 2009			
City's proportion of the net pension liability		0.313770%		0.038265%	Information	Information	Information			
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	3,822,739	\$	2,912,340	not available	not available	not available			
City's covered payroll	\$	248,957	\$	247,464						
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		1535.50%		1176.88%						
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		19.70%		23.42%						

NOTE: The pension schedules in the required supplementary information are intended to show information for ten years, and additional information will be displayed as it becomes available.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Cost-Sharing Pension Plans June 30, 2018

PSPRS Police				•		ng Fiscal Year rement Date)	r			
		2018 (2017)		2017 (2016)		2016 (2015)		2015 (2014)	2014 through 2009	
Total pension liability Service cost Interest on the total pension liability	\$	2,537,434 7,469,258	\$	2,001,398 7,036,487	\$	2,064,841 6,836,389	\$	2,043,247 5,718,621	Information not available	
Changes of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the pension liability		1,361,581		2,526,647		(500,429)		2,022,309 (53,936)		
Changes of assumptions or other inputs Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		3,881,385 (5,480,859)		3,687,996 (5,713,372)		(5,926,760)		9,770,998 (4,619,148)		
Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability - beginning		9,961,339 101,061,822		9,569,060 91,492,762		2,474,041 89,018,721		14,882,091 74,136,630		
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	111,023,161	\$	101,061,822	\$	91,492,762	\$	89,018,721		
Plan fiduciary net position										
Contributions - employer	\$	4,860,230	\$	4,511,261	\$	3,321,709	\$	3,099,353		
Contributions - employee		1,256,377		1,286,467		1,313,708		1,103,885		
Net investment income		4,981,294		242,213		1,497,736		5,100,174		
Benefity payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(5,480,859)		(5,713,372)		(5,926,760)		(4,619,148)		
Administrative expense		(44,476)		(35,254)		(36,917)		(41,075)		
Other changes		(24,290)		(102,489)		(106,535)		(80,531)		
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		5,548,276		188,826		62,941		4,562,658		
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	_	41,847,333	_	41,658,507	_	41,595,566	_	37,032,908		
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	47,395,609	\$	41,847,333		41,658,507	\$	41,595,566		
City's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	63,627,552	\$	59,214,489	\$	49,834,255	\$	47,423,155		
PSPRS Police		Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)								
		2018		2017		2016		2015	2014 through	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		(2017) 42.69%	-	(2016) 41.41%		(2015) 45.53%		(2014) 46.73%	2006 Information not available	
Covered payroll	\$	11,327,294	\$	10,739,726	\$	10,916,220	\$	10,475,959		
City's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		597.30%		589.66%		481.89%		464.63%		

NOTE: The pension schedules in the required supplementary information are intended to show information for ten years, and additional information will be displayed as it becomes available.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Cost-Sharing Pension Plans June 30, 2018

PSPRS Fire	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)									
		2018 (2017)		2017 (2016)		2016 (2015)		2015 (2014)	2014 through 2006	
Total pension liability Service cost Interest on the total pension liability Changes of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience in the	\$	1,753,544 5,828,117 752,016	\$	1,504,175 5,580,799 3,597,460	\$	1,443,632 5,332,981	\$	1,511,371 4,671,699 1,370,597	Information not available	
measurement of the pension liability Changes of assumptions or other inputs Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		447,610 3,928,814 (4,633,460)		(2,260,983) 2,732,266 (4,692,861)		894,372 - (4,395,817)		(1,120,811) 6,122,119 (3,798,443)		
Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability - beginning		8,076,641 79,148,186		6,460,856 72,687,330		3,275,168 69,412,162		8,756,532 60,655,630		
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	87,224,827	\$	79,148,186	\$	72,687,330	\$	69,412,162		
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Contributions - employee	\$	3,870,770 949,203	\$	3,700,007 947,173	\$	2,750,517 899,220	\$	2,603,104 754,968		
Net investment income Benefity payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expense Other changes		3,407,616 (4,633,460) (30,552) 362		166,820 (4,692,861) (24,404) (227,494)		1,040,382 (4,395,817) (25,761) (251,349)		3,516,237 (3,798,443) (28,319) 949		
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		3,563,939		(130,759)		17,192		3,048,496		
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	-\$	28,584,501 32,148,440	\$	28,715,260 28,584,501	\$	28,698,068 28,715,260	\$	25,649,572 28,698,068		
City's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	55,076,387	\$	50,563,685	\$	43,972,070	\$	40,714,094		
PSPRS Fire	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)									
		2018 (2017)		2017 (2016)		2016 (2015)		2015 (2014)	2014 through 2006	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		36.86%		36.12%		39.51%		41.34%	Information not available	
Covered payroll	\$	7,384,578	\$	7,592,493	\$	7,516,425	\$	7,294,375		
City's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		767.63%		672.98%		569.09%		569.78%		

NOTE: The pension schedules in the required supplementary information are intended to show information for ten years, and additional information will be displayed as it becomes available.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of City Pension Contributions June 30, 2018

Arizona State Retirement System	Reporting Fiscal Year										
		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014	
Statutorily required contribution	\$	3,361,607	\$	3,288,383	\$	3,129,314	\$	3,145,752	\$	2,960,244	
City's contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution		3,361,607		3,288,383		3,129,314		3,145,752		2,960,244	
City's contribuiton deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
City's covered payroll	\$	30,840,431	\$	30,307,677	\$	28,462,610	\$	28,442,751	\$	27,663,180	
City's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		10.90%		10.85%		10.99%		11.06%		10.70%	
		2013		2012		2011		2010		2009	
Statutorily required contribution	\$	2,982,796	\$	2,670,832	\$	2,490,013	\$	2,471,539	\$	2,684,557	
City's contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution		2,982,796		2,670,832		2,490,013		2,471,539		2,684,557	
City's contribuiton deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
City's covered payroll	\$	27,365,079	\$	26,665,390	\$	25,089,177	\$	27,468,735	\$	29,975,692	
City's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		10.90%		10.02%		9.92%		9.00%		8.96%	
Elected Officials Retirement Plan	Reporting Fiscal Year										
		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014	
Statutorily required contribution	\$	58,122	\$	58,505	\$			Information		Information	
City's contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution		58,122	·	58,505		58,154	Ν	lot Available	Ν	lot Available	
City's contribuiton deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	_				
City's covered payroll	\$	247,328	\$	248,957	\$	247,464	-				
City's contributions as a percentage of covered		23.50%		23.50%		23.50%					

payroll

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of City Pension Contributions June 30, 2018

PSPRS Police	Reporting Fiscal Year										
Statutorily required contribution	¢	2018 5,656,651	\$	2017 4,871,869	¢	2016 4,514,793	\$	2015 3,301,671	\$	2014 3,099,836	
City's contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	Ф	5,656,651	Ф	4,871,869	\$	4,514,793	Ф	3,301,671	Ф	3,099,836	
City's contribuiton deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		
City's covered payroll City's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	\$	10,587,032 53.43%	\$	11,327,294 43.01%	\$	10,739,726 42.04%	\$	10,916,220 30.25%	\$	10,475,959 29.59%	
		2013		2012		2011		2010		2009	
Statutorily required contribution	\$	2,542,704	\$	2,129,675	\$	1,939,244	\$	1,857,959	\$	1,897,340	
City's contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution		2,542,704		2,129,675		1,939,244		1,857,959		1,897,340	
City's contribuiton deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		
City's covered payroll	\$	9,771,656	\$	9,362,181	\$	9,319,926	\$	9,478,243	\$	9,732,666	
City's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		26.02%		22.75%		20.81%		19.60%		19.49%	
	Reporting Fiscal Year										
PSPRS Fire				Rep	or	ting Fiscal Y	'ea	ır			
		2018		2017	or	2016	'ea	2015		2014	
Statutorily required contribution	\$	4,625,904	\$	2017 3,723,304	or \$	2016 3,543,790	′e a	2015 2,608,314	\$	2,441,615	
Statutorily required contribution City's contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution			Ť	2017	\$	2016	\$	2015 2,608,314 2,608,314	Ť		
Statutorily required contribution City's contributions in relation to the statutorily	\$	4,625,904 4,625,904 -	\$	2017 3,723,304 3,723,304	\$	2016 3,543,790 3,543,790	\$	2015 2,608,314 2,608,314	\$	2,441,615	
Statutorily required contribution City's contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution		4,625,904	Ť	2017 3,723,304	\$	2016 3,543,790 3,543,790	\$	2015 2,608,314 2,608,314	Ť	2,441,615	
Statutorily required contribution City's contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution City's contribuiton deficiency (excess) City's covered payroll City's contributions as a percentage of covered	\$	4,625,904 4,625,904 - 7,779,859	\$	2017 3,723,304 3,723,304 - 7,384,578	\$	2016 3,543,790 3,543,790 - 7,592,493	\$	2015 2,608,314 2,608,314 - 7,516,425	\$	2,441,615 2,441,615 - 7,294,375	
Statutorily required contribution City's contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution City's contribuiton deficiency (excess) City's covered payroll City's contributions as a percentage of covered	\$	4,625,904 4,625,904 - 7,779,859 59.46%	\$	2017 3,723,304 3,723,304 - 7,384,578 50.42%	\$	2016 3,543,790 3,543,790 - 7,592,493 46.67%	\$	2015 2,608,314 2,608,314 - 7,516,425 34.70%	\$	2,441,615 2,441,615 - 7,294,375 33.47%	
Statutorily required contribution City's contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution City's contribution deficiency (excess) City's covered payroll City's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	\$	4,625,904 4,625,904 - 7,779,859 59.46%	\$	2017 3,723,304 3,723,304 - 7,384,578 50.42%	\$ \$	2016 3,543,790 3,543,790 - 7,592,493 46.67%	\$ \$	2015 2,608,314 2,608,314 - 7,516,425 34.70% 2010 1,440,670 1,440,670	\$ \$	2,441,615 2,441,615 - 7,294,375 33.47%	
Statutorily required contribution City's contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution City's contribution deficiency (excess) City's covered payroll City's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll Statutorily required contribution City's contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution City's contribution City's contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	4,625,904 4,625,904 - 7,779,859 59.46% 2013 2,475,800	\$ \$	2017 3,723,304 3,723,304 - 7,384,578 50.42% 2012 1,920,172	\$ \$ \$	2016 3,543,790 3,543,790 - 7,592,493 46.67% 2011 1,643,417 1,643,417	\$ \$ \$	2015 2,608,314 2,608,314 - 7,516,425 34.70% 2010 1,440,670 1,440,670	\$ \$	2,441,615 2,441,615 - 7,294,375 33.47% 2009 1,644,720	
Statutorily required contribution City's contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution City's contribution deficiency (excess) City's covered payroll City's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll Statutorily required contribution City's contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	\$	4,625,904 4,625,904 - 7,779,859 59.46% 2013 2,475,800	\$	2017 3,723,304 3,723,304 - 7,384,578 50.42% 2012 1,920,172	\$ \$	2016 3,543,790 3,543,790 - 7,592,493 46.67% 2011 1,643,417 1,643,417	\$ \$	2015 2,608,314 2,608,314 - 7,516,425 34.70% 2010 1,440,670 1,440,670	\$ \$	2,441,615 2,441,615 - 7,294,375 33.47% 2009 1,644,720	

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

(Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Variance with

Bud	daet	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
\$ 18,026,259	\$ 18,026,259	\$ 17,553,697	\$ (472,562)	
12,381,661	12,381,661	12,136,208	(245,453)	
200,000	200,000	215,417	15,417	
22,087,247	22,087,247	21,798,752	(288,495)	
242,000	242,000	242,000	-	
3,093,000	3,093,000	3,265,901	172,901	
38,003,908	38,003,908	37,658,278	(345,630)	
246,500	246,500	266,406	19,906	
31,600	31,600	31,020	(580)	
1,515,200	1,515,200	1,864,845	349,645	
			(196)	
			25,867	
			394,642	
			,	
9,397,761	9,397,761	9,121,308	(276,453)	
			(62,235)	
			440,686	
' '			(8,321)	
			93,677	
317,650	317.650	399.958	82,308	
			84,937	
			(178,365)	
			(243,894)	
			192,140	
			(62,874)	
			(0=,0: :)	
1.231.000	1.231.000	1.140.437	(90,563)	
			(90,563)	
	.,,		(00,000)	
100.000	100.000	217.389	117,389	
			107,546	
			224,935	
200,100	200,100	100,000	22 1,000	
1 156 293	1 156 293	720 948	(435,345)	
			317,807	
			(117,538)	
			96,649	
12,011,210	12,011,210	90,467,564	(375,913)	
	Original \$ 18,026,259 12,381,661 200,000 22,087,247 242,000 3,093,000 38,003,908	\$ 18,026,259 \$ 18,026,259 12,381,661	Original Final Amounts \$ 18,026,259 \$ 18,026,259 \$ 17,553,697 12,381,661 12,381,661 12,136,208 200,000 200,000 215,417 22,087,247 22,087,247 21,798,752 242,000 242,000 242,000 3,093,000 3,093,000 3,265,901 38,003,908 38,003,908 37,658,278 246,500 246,500 266,406 31,600 31,600 31,020 1,515,200 1,515,200 1,864,845 8,100 8,100 7,904 65,000 65,000 90,867 1,866,400 1,866,400 2,261,042 9,397,761 9,397,761 9,121,308 11,817,246 11,817,246 11,755,011 3,500,000 35,000 26,679 24,750,007 24,750,007 24,843,684 317,650 317,650 399,958 331,400 31,500 223,640 5,451,550 5,388,676	

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

(Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Variance with

	Budget		Actual	Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Charges to Appropriations (outflows):				
General Government:				
Mayor and Council	289,319	289,319	284,833	4,486
Elections	90,000	90,000	95,794	(5,794)
City Administrator	877,317	854,769	796,924	57,845
Strategic Communications	631,618	631,618	545,975	85,643
Economic Development	332,939	332,939	312,617	20,322
Facilities Maintenance	930,096	930,096	907,427	22,669
General Government	2,362,363	2,352,363	545,748	1,806,615
City Clerk	330,487	330,487	322,211	8,276
City Attorney	1,165,752	1,188,300	1,161,669	26,631
City Prosecutor	360,216	360,216	347,315	12,901
Finance-Administration	412,532	412,532	429,416	(16,884)
Accounting	1,133,307	1,133,307	1,040,313	92,994
Customer Services	114,108	114,108	100,309	13,799
Information Technology Services	3,032,720	3,301,152	3,002,453	298,699
Purchasing	471,548	471,548	445,479	26,069
Human Resources	1,171,049	1,171,049	1,077,676	93,373
Intragovernmental Charges	(3,350,955)	(3,350,955)	(3,350,955)	-
Total General Government Operating Expenditures	10,354,416	10,612,848	8,065,204	2,547,644
Capital Outlay	525,000	256,568	281,322	(24,754)
Total General Government Expenditures	10,879,416	10,869,416	8,346,526	2,522,890
Public Safety:				
Police Administration - Field Operations	23,404,739	23,381,539	21,856,198	1,525,341
Police Animal Control	724,560	724,560	720,023	4,537
Police Support Services	2,067,376	2,060,376	1,886,383	173,993
Police Communication Center	2,382,787	2,382,787	2,271,339	111,448
Fire Administration	904,943	904,943	803,683	101,260
Fire Training	373,398	373,398	313,025	60,373
Fire Suppression	10,321,470	10,319,870	9,685,801	634,069
Fire Suppression - Ambulance	4,295,557	4,295,557	4,343,471	(47,914)
Community Risk Reduction	530,345	530,345	496,123	34,222
Facilities Maintenance	1,539,130	1,539,130	1,322,868	216,262
Fire Special Operations	25,860	25,860	17,266	8,594
Municipal Court	1,841,059	1,841,059	1,686,237	154,822
Total Public Safety Operating Expenditures	48,411,224	48,379,424	45,402,417	2,977,007
Capital Outlay	38,000	69,800	77,114	(7,314)
Total Public Safety Expenditures	48,449,224	48,449,224	45,479,531 Continued on nex	2,969,693

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

(Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Variance with

	Bud	dget	Actual	Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Parks, Recreation and Culture:				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Parks and Recreation Administration	669,139	669,139	632,214	36,925
Parks Maintenance	4,620,972	4,620,972	4,432,533	188,439
Parks Development	154,908	154,908	139,029	15,879
Recreation Administration	646,388	646,388	626,466	19,922
Senior Adult Activities	78,118	78,118	47,254	30,864
Adult Activities	254,652	254,652	147,161	107,491
Youth Activities	318,672	318,672	330,031	(11,359)
Aquatics	397,472	397,472	302,775	94,697
Yuma Readiness Center	92,044	92,044	85,194	6,850
Facilities Maintenance	1,522,349	1,522,349	1,289,406	232,943
Yuma Art Center	· · · · · -	-	35	(35)
Intragovernmental Charges	(587,478)	(587,478)	(587,478)	- '
Total Parks, Recreation and Culture				
Operating Expenditures	8,167,236	8,167,236	7,444,620	722,616
Capital Outlay	19,500	19,500	16,532	2,968
Total Parks, Recreation and Culture Expenditures	8,186,736	8,186,736	7,461,152	725,584
Community Design and Development:				
Community Development Administration	512,708	512,708	495,727	16,981
Development Engineering	478,232	478,232	327,256	150,976
Planning and Building Safety	2,516,150	2,526,150	2,346,348	179,802
Neighborhood Services	370,812	370,812	299,947	70,865
Total Community Design and Development				
Operating Expenditures	3,877,902	3,887,902	3,469,278	418,624
Capital Outlay	108,531	108,531	95,714	12,817
Total Community Design and Development				
Expenditures	3,986,433	3,996,433	3,564,992	431,441
Total Operating Expenditures	70,810,778	71,047,410	64,381,519	6,665,891
Capital Outlay	691,031	454,399	470,682	(16,283)
Total Expenditures	71,501,809	71,501,809	64,852,201	6,649,608
Transfers Out	4,606,483	4,606,483	4,613,117	(6,634)
Total Charges to Appropriations	76,108,292	76,108,292	69,465,318	6,642,974
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 14,735,185	\$ 14,735,185	\$ 21,002,246	\$ 6,267,061
				Concluded

Budgetary Comparison Schedule City Road Tax Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Variance with

	Budget			Final Budget
			Actual	Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1 Resources (inflows):	\$ 12,042,190	\$ 12,042,190	\$ 12,017,657	\$ (24,533)
Taxes Special Road Sales Tax Use of Money and Property	11,041,775	11,041,775	10,897,505	(144,270)
Rent	173,000	173,000	142,244	(30,756)
Interest	75,000	75,000	160,157	85,157
Charges For Services	. 0,000	. 0,000	.00,.0.	33,.3.
Developer Charges	-	-	19,790	19,790
Miscellaneous			,	,
Other	72,436	72,436	130,948	58,512
Total Revenues	11,362,211	11,362,211	11,350,644	(11,567)
Transfers In				-
Amounts Available for Appropriation	23,404,401	23,404,401	23,368,301	(36,100)
Charges to Appropriations (outflows): Current: Public Safety				
Traffic Signals, Signs, and Striping Streets	593,657	593,657	691,919	(98,262)
Engineering	2,157,023	2,157,023	1,764,254	392,769
Street Maintenance	33,687	33,687	7,290	26,397
Pathways and Trails	168,070	168,070	162,233	5,837
Right-Of-Way Management	175,333	175,333	138,409	36,924
Capital Outlay Capital Projects	78,784	88,164	69,532	18,632
Parks, Recreation and Culture	-	-	245,414	(245,414)
Streets	7,750,000	7,750,000	2,822,499	4,927,501
Environmental, Health and Safety	1,575,000	1,575,000	91,121	1,483,879
Total Expenditures	12,531,554	12,540,934	5,992,671	6,548,263
Transfers Out	4,540,934	4,540,934	4,541,033	(99)
Total Charges to Appropriations	17,072,488	17,081,868	10,533,704	6,548,164
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 6,331,913	\$ 6,322,533	\$ 12,834,597	\$ 6,512,064

City of Yuma, Arizona NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

A. Pension Plan Schedule Note

1. Actuarially Determined Contribution Rates

Actuarial determined contribution rates for PSPRS are calculated as of June 30 two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are made. The actuarial methods and assumptions used to establish the contribution requirements are as follows:

Actuarial valuation date June 30, 2016
Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Amortization method Level of percent of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period 21 years for unfunded actuarial accrued liability, 20 years for

excess

Asset valuation method 7-year smoothed market; 20% corridor

Investment rate of return 7.85%, net of investment and administrative expenses

Salary increases 4.00% - 8.00%, including inflation

Wage inflation 4.00%

Price inflation 3.00%; no explicit price inflation assumptions

Mortality RP-2000 mortality table projected to 2015 using projection scale

AA (adjusted to 105% for both males and females)

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that is specific to the type of

eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2012 valuation pursuant to an

experience study of the period of July 1, 2006 - June 30, 2011.

B. Budgetary Reporting and Budgetary Basis of Accounting

Budgets are adopted on a basis substantially consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), with the exception of the Enterprise Funds and Internal Service Funds for which budgets are adopted. As such, reconciliations between budgetary schedules and financial statements are not necessary for governmental funds. For Enterprise Funds and Internal Service Funds, expenditures related to debt service and to capital acquisition are budgeted in the same manner as governmental funds. Depreciation is not budgeted. Reconciliations from budgetary schedules and financial statements of these funds are presented on the face of the respective budgetary statements.

C. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

The City's expenditures exceeded appropriations in one fund. The Downtown Mall Maintenance Fund had expenditures exceed appropriations by \$2,946 due to a slight increase in maintenance costs. In this case, the fund was not significantly impaired by the excess expenditures.

D. PSPRS Factors that Affect Trends

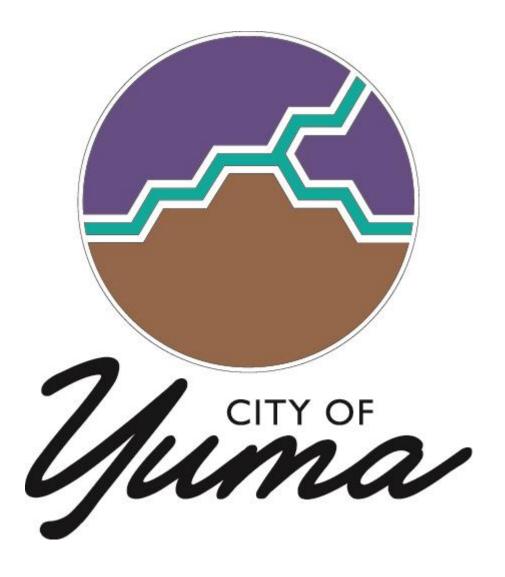
Arizona courts have ruled that provisions of a 2011 law that changed the mechanism for funding permanent pension benefit increases and increased employee pension contribution rates were unconstitutional or a breach of contract because those provisions apply to individuals who were members as of the law's effective date. As a result, the PSPRS changed benefit terms to reflect the prior mechanism for funding permanent benefit increases for those members and revised actuarial assumptions to explicitly value future permanent benefit increases. PSPRS also reduced those members' employee contribution rates. These changes are reflected in the plans' pension liabilities for fiscal year 2015 (measurement date 2014) for members who were retired as of the law's effective date and fiscal year 2018 (measurement date 2017) for members who retired or will retire after the law's effective date. These changes also increased the PSPRS required pension contributions beginning in fiscal year 2016 for members who were retired as of the law's effective date. These changes will increase the PSPRS required contributions beginning

City of Yuma, Arizona NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

in fiscal year 2019 for members who retired or will retire after the law's effective date. The City refunded excess employee contributions to PSPRS members during FY 2017. PSPRS allowed the City to reduce its actual employer contributions for the refund amounts. As a result, the City's pension contributions were less than the actuarially or statutorily determined contributions for 2018.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of special revenue sources that are used to finance projects or activities as required by law or contractual agreements.

Public Safety Tax To account for the two-tenths percent sales tax designated for public safety and criminal justice facilities and equipment.

Highway Users Revenue To account for the state-shared gasoline taxes designated for maintenance and construction of roadways.

Grants The Grant Fund accounts for all of the federal and state grants provided to the City with the exception of the grants received for the Yuma Regional Communication System (recorded in Radio Communications Enterprise Fund), the Water Fund (recorded in Water Enterprise Fund), the Community Development Block Grant, and the Economic Development grant.

Community Redevelopment This fund accounts for the financial activities of Community Development Block Grant and the Economic Development Grant.

Two Percent Tax To record the financial activities of the Two Percent Special Revenue Excise Tax on hotel, motel, restaurant and bar sales. This tax can finance the operations of the Art Center, the Civic and Convention Center, Baseball Complex, Golf Courses, the Yuma Crossing Area and Convention and Tourism.

Yuma Mall Maintenance To record the special maintenance levy for the Yuma Downtown Mall District. The assessment supports cleaning, maintenance, landscaping and utility costs of common areas. Costs in excess of the assessment are financed by a transfer from the General Fund.

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

	 Special Revenue						
	 Public		Highway				
	Safety		Users				
<u>Assets</u>	 Tax		Revenue		Grants		
Cash and Investments	\$ 3,212,027	\$	5,302,242	\$	320,077		
Receivables (Net of Allowances for Uncollectibles):							
Accounts Receivable	-		79,329		161		
Intergovernmental	161,718		684,194		809,584		
Delinquent Property Taxes	-		-		-		
Accrued Interest	2,784		5,512		207		
Inventory, at cost	-		-		-		
Prepaid Items	 						
Total Assets	\$ 3,376,529	\$	6,071,277	\$	1,130,029		
<u>Liabilities</u>							
Liabilities:							
Accounts Payable	\$ 135,969	\$	195,977	\$	133,371		
Accrued Payroll, Taxes and Benefits Payable	-		79,861		45,515		
Due to Other Funds	-		-		610,400		
Deposits	-		-		-		
Unearned Revenues	-				340,743		
Total Liabilities	135,969		275,838		1,130,029		
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Unavailable Revenues	 -						
Fund Balances:							
Nonspendable:							
Inventory	-		-		-		
Prepaid Items	-		-		-		
Spendable	0.040.500		F 70F 400				
Restricted	 3,240,560		5,795,439		-		
Total Fund Balances	 3,240,560		5,795,439				
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of							
Resources, and Fund Balance	\$ 3,376,529	\$	6,071,277	\$	1,130,029		

	Special Revenue						Total
					Yuma		Nonmajor
	Community	T۱	wo Percent		Mall	G	overnmental
Red	development		Tax	Ma	intenance		Funds
\$	1,050	\$	2,379,823	\$	4,441	\$	11,219,660
	817,500 238,690 -		131,566 271,077 -		330 1,596 4,721		1,028,886 2,166,859 4,721
	-		5,363		, -		13,866
	-		9,540		-		9,540
	-		532		-		532
\$	1,057,240	\$	2,797,901	\$	11,088	\$	14,444,064
\$	36,261 3,635 209,291 - 3 249,190	\$	115,793 98,801 - 64,249 91,344 370,187	\$	3,232 3,135 - - - - - 6,367	\$	620,603 230,947 819,691 64,249 432,090 2,167,580
	808,050				4,721		812,771
	- -		9,540 532		-		9,540 532
	-		2,417,642		-		11,453,641
	-		2,427,714		-		11,463,713
\$	1,057,240	\$	2,797,901	\$	11,088	\$	14,444,064

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Special Revenue						
		Public		Highway			
		Safety		User			
		Tax		Revenue	Grants		
Revenues:							
Taxes	\$	4,357,520	\$	-	\$	-	
Intergovernmental		-		7,826,949		1,374,299	
Charges for Services		-		-		-	
Use of Money and Property		97,664		55,539		-	
Contributions/Donations		-		-		496,997	
Miscellaneous		612		48,474			
Total Revenues		4,455,796		7,930,962		1,871,296	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General Government		-		-		14,295	
Public Safety		2,749,083		504,458		911,971	
Streets		-		5,824,204		-	
Parks, Recreation and Culture		-		-		133,383	
Environmental Health							
and Protection		-		57,799		-	
Community Design						0.054	
and Development		-		-		2,254	
Capital Outlay		604,363		3,436		413,480	
Capital Projects							
General Government		-		-		236,376	
Public Safety		8,925		-		-	
Streets		-		329,867		151,453	
Parks, Recreation and Culture		-		-		8,084	
Total Expenditures		3,362,371		6,719,764		1,871,296	
Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures		1,093,425		1,211,198		-	
Other Financing Sources/(Uses):							
Sale of Real Property		-		-		-	
Capital Lease Agreements		1,031,836		-		-	
Transfers In		-		-		-	
Transfers Out		(947,712)		(128,526)		-	
Total Other Financing							
Sources/(Uses)		84,124		(128,526)			
Net Changes in Fund Balances		1,177,549		1,082,672		-	
Fund Balances, Beginning		2,063,011		4,712,767			
Fund Balances, Ending	\$	3,240,560	\$	5,795,439	\$		

		Spe	cial Revenue				Total
					Yuma		Nonmajor
C	Community	Т	wo Percent		Mall	G	overnmental
Red	development		Tax	Ма	intenance		Funds
\$	-	\$	5,703,452	\$	103,644	\$	10,164,616
	1,074,831		-		-		10,276,079
	-		928,823		-		928,823
	-		32,624		-		185,827
	-		-		-		496,997
	1,779		109,659		2,644		163,168
	1,076,610		6,774,558		106,288		22,215,510
	-		105,847		-		120,142
	-		-		-		4,165,512
	-		-		-		5,824,204
	-		6,051,666		-		6,185,049
	-		-		-		57,799
	044 422				227 650		1 171 225
	941,422		134,343		227,659		1,171,335 1,155,622
	-		134,343		-		1,100,022
	_		8,762		-		245,138
	-		<i>-</i>		-		8,925
	-		-		-		481,320
	135,197		84,916		<u> </u>		228,197
	1,076,619		6,385,534		227,659		19,643,243
	(0)		000.004		(404.074)		0.570.007
	(9)		389,024		(121,371)		2,572,267
	9		-		-		9
	-		-		-		1,031,836
	-		-		121,371		121,371
			(1,095,928)		<u>-</u> _		(2,172,166)
	9		(1,095,928)		121,371		(1,018,950)
	-		(706,904)		-		1,553,317
			(1 20,001)				-,,
	-		3,134,618		-		9,910,396
\$	_	\$	2,427,714	\$		\$	11,463,713

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Debt Service Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Variance with

	-	Budget	Actual	Final Budget Positive	
		Final	_		
	Original	_	Amounts	(Negative)	
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1 Resources (inflows): Special Assessments:	\$ 2,657	\$ 2,657	\$ 1,966	\$ (691)	
Principal Payments Use of Money and Property:	320,000	320,000	320,000	-	
Interest	56,920	56,920	62,430	5,510	
Total Revenues	376,920	376,920	382,430	5,510	
Transfers In	11,122,332	11,122,332	11,122,446	114	
Amounts Available for Appropriation	11,501,909	11,501,909	11,506,842	4,933	
Charges to Appropriations (outflows): Debt Service:					
Bond Principal	7,095,000	7,095,000	7,095,000	-	
Bond Interest	4,402,552	4,402,552	4,404,399	(1,847)	
Fiscal Agent Fees	2,400	2,400	2,400	-	
Total Expenditures	11,499,952	11,499,952	11,501,799	(1,847)	
Total Charges to Appropriations	11,499,952	11,499,952	11,501,799	(1,847)	
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 1,957	\$ 1,957	\$ 5,043	\$ 3,086	

City of Yuma, Arizona
Budgetary Comparison Schedule
Capital Projects Fund
For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Buo	lget Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 20,563,884	\$ 20,563,884	\$ 19,542,230	\$ (1,021,654)	
Resources (inflows):	Ψ 20,303,004	Ψ 20,000,004	Ψ 13,342,230	Ψ (1,021,004)	
Charges for Services					
Developer Charges	1,510,480	1,510,480	1,403,941	(106,539)	
Use of Money and Property	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1,010,100	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(100,000)	
Interest	-	-	250,201	250,201	
Miscellaneous			117,454	117,454	
Total Revenues	1,510,480	1,510,480	1,771,596	261,116	
Amounts Available for Appropriation	22,074,364	22,074,364	21,313,826	(760,538)	
Charges to Appropriations (outflows): Capital Outlay:					
General Government	25,000	50,000	17,855	32,145	
Streets	50,000	420,717	446,327	(25,610)	
Parks, Recreation and Culture	13,445,000	13,049,283	3,806,098	9,243,185	
Total Expenditures	13,520,000	13,520,000	4,270,280	9,249,720	
Transfers Out	-	-	555,082	(555,082)	
Total Charges to Appropriations	13,520,000	13,520,000	4,825,362	8,694,638	
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 8,554,364	\$ 8,554,364	\$ 16,488,464	\$ 7,934,100	

City of Yuma, Arizona
Budgetary Comparison Schedule
Public Safety Tax Fund
For the Year Ended 30, 2018

Variance with

	Budget		Actual	Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1 Resources (inflows):	\$ 1,819,527	\$ 1,819,527	\$ 2,063,011	\$	243,484
Taxes Public Safety Sales Tax Use of Money and Property	4,415,203	4,415,203	4,357,520		(57,683)
Rent	32,000	32,000	65,787		33,787
Interest Other Financing Sources/(Uses):	10,000	10,000	31,877		21,877
Capital Lease Agreements Miscellaneous	-	-	1,031,836		1,031,836
Other	50,485	50,485	612		(49,873)
Total Revenues	4,507,688	4,507,688	5,487,632		979,944
Amounts Available for Appropriation	6,327,215	6,327,215	7,550,643		1,223,428
Charges to Appropriations (outflows):					
Current:					
Public Safety					
Police Support Services	1,085,189	1,085,189	1,976,183		(890,994)
Fire Support Services	620,694	620,694	663,984		(43,290)
Facility Maintenance	110,000	110,000	108,916		1,084
Capital Outlay	748,500	748,500	604,363		144,137
Capital Projects: Public Safety	100,000	100,000	8,925		91,075
Total Expenditures	2,664,383	2,664,383	3,362,371		(697,988)
Transfers Out	947,686	947,686	947,712		(26)
Total Charges to Appropriations	3,612,069	3,612,069	4,310,083		(698,014)
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 2,715,146	\$ 2,715,146	\$ 3,240,560	\$	525,414

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Highway User Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Bu	dget	Actual	Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 4,029,102	\$ 4,029,102	\$ 4,712,767	\$ 683,665
Resources (inflows):				
Intergovernmental				
State Gasoline Tax	7,200,000	7,200,000	7,826,949	626,949
Use of Money and Property				
Interest	22,000	22,000	55,539	33,539
Miscellaneous				
Other	103,934	103,934	48,474	(55,460)
Total Revenues	7,325,934	7,325,934	7,930,962	605,028
Amounts Available for Appropriation	11,355,036	11,355,036	12,643,729	1,288,693
Charges to Appropriations (outflows): Current: Public Safety				
Traffic Signals, Signs, and Striping Streets	505,368	505,368	504,458	910
Street Maintenance	3,193,595	3,193,595	2,843,316	350,279
Street Lighting	995,187	995,187	930,894	64,293
Street Sweeping	454,825	454,825	434,548	20,277
Storm Drain Maintenance	373,641	373,641	348,343	25,298
Curbs, Gutters, and Sidewalks	410,868	410,868	397,155	13,713
Retention Basin Maintenance	1,106,729	1,106,729	869,948	236,781
Code Enforcement	65,563	65,563	57,799	7,764
Capital Outlay			3,436	(3,436)
Capital Projects				
Streets	550,000	550,000	329,867	220,133
Total Expenditures	7,655,776	7,655,776	6,719,764	936,012
Transfers Out	128,523	128,523	128,526	(3)
Total Charges to Appropriations	7,784,299	7,784,299	6,848,290	936,009
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 3,570,737	\$ 3,570,737	\$ 5,795,439	\$ 2,224,702

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Grants Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Bu	dget	Actual	Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Resources (inflows):				
Intergovernmental				
Federal Government	954,706	954,706	1,078,818	124,112
State Government	489,775	489,775	295,481	(194,294)
County Government	43,300	43,300	-	(43,300)
Budget Authority Reserve	9,229,870	9,229,870	-	(9,229,870)
Use of Money and Property				
Contributions/Donations	777,521	777,521	496,997	(280,524)
Total Revenues	11,495,172	11,495,172	1,871,296	(9,623,876)
Amounts Available for Appropriation	11,495,172	11,495,172	1,871,296	(9,623,876)
Charges to Appropriations (outflows):				
Current:				
General Government	13,500	13,500	14,295	(795)
Public Safety	9,419,231	9,419,231	911,971	8,507,260
Parks, Recreation and Culture	257,441	257,441	133,383	124,058
Environmental Health and Protection	200,000	200,000	-	200,000
Community Design & Development	-	-	2,254	(2,254)
Capital Outlay	255,000	255,000	413,480	(158,480)
Capital Projects				
General Government	400,000	400,000	236,376	163,624
Streets	200,000	200,000	151,453	48,547
Parks, Recreation and Culture	750,000	750,000	8,084	741,916
Total Expenditures	11,495,172	11,495,172	1,871,296	9,623,876
Total Charges to Appropriations	11,495,172	11,495,172	1,871,296	9,623,876
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Community Redevelopment Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Bud	dget		Actual		Final Budget Positive	
	Ori	ginal		Final	Amounts		(Negative)	
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1 Resources (inflows): Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Federal Government Miscellaneous	1,3	93,671	1	,393,671	1,	074,831		(318,840)
Loan Repayments Sale of Real Property		-		- -	1,779 9		1,779 9	
Total Revenues	1,3	93,671	1	,393,671	1,	076,619		(317,052)
Amounts Available for Appropriation	1,3	93,671	1	,393,671	1,	076,619		(317,052)
Charges to Appropriations (outflows): Current:								
Community Design and Development	1,2	43,671	1	,243,671		941,422		302,249
Capital Outlay Capital Projects				1,200		-		1,200
Parks, Recreation and Culture	1	50,000		150,000		135,197		14,803
Total Expenditures	1,3	93,671	1	,394,871	1,	076,619		318,252
Total Charges to Appropriations	1,3	93,671	1	,394,871	1,	076,619		318,252
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$		\$		\$		\$	

City of Yuma, Arizona
Budgetary Comparison Schedule
Two Percent Tax Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

					Final Budget		
	Bud	lget		Actual		Positive	
	Original		Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1 Resources (inflows):	\$ 2,553,898	\$	2,553,898	\$ 3,134,618	\$	580,720	
Taxes							
Two PercentTax	5,573,583		5,573,583	5,703,452		129,869	
Charges for Services				4=0.400			
Rents and Concessions	359,500		359,500	453,466		93,966	
Recreation Fees	327,500		327,500	475,357		147,857	
Use of Money and Property	04.000		24.000	22.024		0.004	
Interest Miscellaneous	24,000		24,000	32,624		8,624	
Other	40.750		40.750	400.050		00 007	
	 42,752		42,752	 109,659		66,907	
Total Revenues	6,327,335		6,327,335	 6,774,558		447,223	
Amounts Available for Appropriation	8,881,233		8,881,233	 9,909,176		1,027,943	
Charges to Appropriations (outflows): Current:							
Parks, Recreation and Culture							
Administration	417,666		417,666	392,260		25,406	
Outside Agencies	750,000		750,000	750,117		(117)	
Civic and Convention Center	2,003,542		2,003,542	2,053,549		(50,007)	
Baseball Complex	644,345		644,345	586,111		58,234	
Art Center	784,701		784,701	789,908		(5,207)	
Heritage Events	176,871		176,871	147,261		29,610	
Heritage Area Development	473,075		473,075	479,860		(6,785)	
Facilities Maintenance	945,914		945,914	852,600		93,314	
General Government	126,047		126,047	105,847		20,200	
Capital Outlay	148,332		148,332	134,343		13,989	
Capital Projects:							
General Government	-		-	8,762		(8,762)	
Parks, Recreation and Culture	100,000		100,000	84,916		15,084	
Total Expenditures	6,570,493		6,570,493	6,385,534		184,959	
Transfers Out	1,925,979		1,925,979	1,095,928		830,051	
Total Charges to Appropriations	8,496,472		8,496,472	7,481,462		1,015,010	
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 384,761	\$	384,761	\$ 2,427,714	\$	2,042,953	

City of Yuma, ArizonaBudgetary Comparison Schedule
Yuma Mall Maintenance Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

r Gr und T		Buo	dget	Final		Actual nounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
Resources (inflows):			·				•			
Taxes										
Mall Assessments	1	05,000		105,000	•	100,217		(4,783)		
Property Tax - Delinquent		12,000		12,000		3,427		(8,573)		
Total Taxes	1	17,000		117,000	1	103,644	(13,356)			
Miscellaneous	•									
Other				_		2,644		2,644		
Total Revenues	1	17,000		117,000		106,288		(10,712)		
Transfers In	1	14,686		114,686		121,371		6,685		
Amounts Available for Appropriation	2	231,686		231,686	2	227,659		(4,027)		
Charges to Appropriations (outflows): Current:										
Community Design and Development Mall Maintenance	2	231,687		231,687	2	227,659		4,028		
Total Expenditures	2	231,687		231,687	- 2	227,659		4,028		
Total Charges to Appropriations	2	231,687		231,687		227,659		4,028		
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		

NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise funds are used to account for activities that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private businesses. The intent of the City Council is that the costs of providing the goods or services be recovered primarily through user charges. Enterprise funds are designed so that creditors, legislators and the general public can evaluate the performance of the municipal enterprise on the same basis as commercial enterprises in the same industry.

Solid Waste To record the financial activities of the city-owned and operated residential garbage collection service.

Radio Communication To record the financial activities of the Radio Communication Fund.

Desert Hills Golf Course To account for the financial activity of the operation of the Desert Hills and Desert Hills Par 3 Municipal Golf Courses.

City of Yuma, ArizonaCombining Statement of Net Position Nonmajor Proprietary Funds June 30, 2018

J	urie 30, 2016			Total
		Enterprise Funds		Total
	Solid	Radio	Desert Hills	Nonmajor Proprietary
Acceta	Waste		Golf Course	Funds
<u>Assets</u>	vvasie	Communication	Goil Course	Fullus
Current Assets:				
Cash and Investments	\$ 1,041,344	\$ 2,086,323	\$ 3,700	\$ 3,131,367
Receivables, Net of Allowance	Ψ 1,011,011	Ψ 2,000,020	Ψ 0,700	Ψ 0,101,001
for Uncollectibles:				
Accounts Receivable	315,347	1,677	62,348	379,372
Intergovernmental	3,021	1,081	1,241	5,343
Accrued Interest	1,863	2,292	-	4,155
Inventory, at cost	-	77,255	27,558	104,813
Prepaid Expenses		21,043		21,043
Total Current Assets	1,361,575	2,189,671	94,847	3,646,093
Noncurrent Assets:				
Capital Assets:				
Buildings	-	-	3,102,865	3,102,865
Improvements Other than Buildings	50,738	-	3,290,355	3,341,093
Equipment	331,971	8,457,413	331,078	9,120,462
Gross Capital Assets	382,709	8,457,413	6,724,298	15,564,420
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(381,404)	(7,774,714)	(5,470,170)	(13,626,288)
Captial Assets Net				
of Depreciation	1,305	682,699	1,254,128	1,938,132
Total Noncurrent Assets	1,305	682,699	1,254,128	1,938,132
Total Assets	1,362,880	2,872,370	1,348,975	5,584,225
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Pension Contributions - Current Year	61,854	38,995	74,628	175,477
Other Pension Items	55,413	34,934	66,857	157,204
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	117,267	73,929	141,485	332,681
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	69,503	128,096	22,634	220,233
Accrued Payroll and Related Taxes	29,105	20,880	21,854	71,839
Current Portion-Accrued				
Compensated Absences	24,517	28,149	29,166	81,832
Due to Other Funds	-	-	255,447	255,447
Unearned Revenue		41,089	111,828	152,917
Total Current Liabilities Payable				
from Current Assets	123,125	218,214	440,929	782,268
Noncurrent Liabilities:				
Pension Liability	896,283	565,048	1,081,384	2,542,715
Accrued Compensated Absences	58,835	56,666	35,914	151,415
Total Long-Term Liabilities	955,118	621,714	1,117,298	2,694,130
Total Liabilities	1,078,243	839,928	1,558,227	3,476,398
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Pension Investments - Projection/Actual difference	26,800	16,896	32,335	76,031
Other Pension Items	33,608	21,188	40,549	95,345
Other Follows Reme	60,408	38,084	72,884	171,376
Net Position			- =,00 :	
Net investment in capital assets	1,305	682,699	1,254,128	1,938,132
Unrestricted (deficit)	340,191	1,385,588	(1,394,779)	331,000
Total Net Position	\$ 341,496	\$ 2,068,287	\$ (140,651)	\$ 2,269,132

City of Yuma, ArizonaCombining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Nonmajor Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

·	o	c rear Ender		•				Total
			Ente	erprise Funds				Nonmajor
		Solid		Radio		esert Hills	F	Proprietary
		Waste	Cor	mmunication	G	olf Course		Funds
Operating Revenues:								
Charges for Services	\$	3,603,451	\$	1,954,819	\$	-	\$	5,558,270
Green Fees		-		-		720,047		720,047
Cart and Club Rental		-		-		170,110		170,110
Pro Shop Sales		-		-		210,590		210,590
Restaurant Sales		-		-		156,913		156,913
Total Operating Revenues		3,603,451		1,954,819		1,257,660		6,815,930
Operating Expenses:								
Operations and Maintenance		3,721,201		1,512,557		1,679,680		6,913,438
Depreciation and Amortization		577		333,486		106,764		440,827
Total Operating Expenses		3,721,778		1,846,043		1,786,444		7,354,265
Operating Income/(Loss)		(118,327)		108,776		(528,784)		(538,335)
Non-Operating Revenues/(Expenses):								
Interest		14,337		23,105		786		38,228
Miscellaneous Revenues		27,561		1,510		10,041		39,112
Net Non-Operating Revenues		41,898		24,615		10,827		77,340
		_		_				_
Income/(Loss) before Contributions								
and Transfers		(76,429)		133,391		(517,957)		(460,995)
Transfers In		-		-		250,000		250,000
Transfers Out		(177,010)				(25,626)		(202,636)
Change in Net Position		(253,439)		133,391		(293,583)		(413,631)
Net Position-beginning		594,935		1,934,896		152,932		2,682,763
Net Position-ending	\$	341,496	\$	2,068,287	\$	(140,651)	\$	2,269,132

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Nonmajor Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

FOI the real End	ied Julie 30, 20	710		Total
		Enterprise Funds	5	Total Nonmajor
	Solid	Radio	Desert Hills	Proprietary
	Waste	Communication	Golf Course	Funds
Cash Flow from Operating Activities:				
Cash Received from Customers	\$ 3,629,332	\$ 2,033,895	\$ 1,222,748	\$ 6,885,975
Cash Paid to Employees	(907,340)	(532,622)	(732,783)	(2,172,745)
Cash Paid to Suppliers	(2,918,084)	(928,827)	(719,723)	(4,566,634)
Other Operating Activity Revenue	27,561	1,510	10,041	39,112
Net Cash Provided by/(used for) Operating Activities	(168,531)	573,956	(219,717)	185,708
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:				
Cash Received from Other Funds	_	_	250,000	250,000
Cash Paid to Other Funds	(177,009)	_	(25,626)	(202,635)
Net Cash Flows Provide by/ (Used for)	(177,003)		(23,020)	(202,000)
Noncapital Financing Activities	(177,009)	_	224,374	47,365
· · · · · ·	(,= = = ,		,-	,
Cash Flow from Capital and Related Financing Activities:		(207.050)	(F. 400)	(202 220)
Acquisition and Construction of Assets		(297,859)	(5,480)	(303,339)
Net Cash Provided by/(Used for) Capital and Related Financing Activities	_	(297,859)	(5,480)	(303,339)
i mancing Activities	-	(291,039)	(5,460)	(303,339)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:				
Receipt of Interest	14,216	22,897	786	37,899
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	14,216	22,897	786	37,899
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(331,324)	298,993	(37)	(32,368)
The mercaes, (Beercaes) in Gaen and Gaen Equivalence	(001,021)	200,000	(0.)	(02,000)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1	1,372,668	1,787,330	3,737	3,163,735
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30	\$ 1,041,344	\$ 2,086,323	\$ 3,700	\$ 3,131,367
Reconciliation of Operating Income/(Loss) to Net				
Cash Provided by/(used for) Operating Activities:				
Operating Income/(Loss)	\$ (118,327)	\$ 108,776	\$ (528,784)	\$ (538,335)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income/(Loss)	. (, ,	. ,	. (, , ,	. (, ,
Depreciation and Amortization Expense	577	333,486	106,764	440,826
(Increase)/Decrease in Accounts Receivables	25,880	70,330	(35,302)	60,909
(Increase)/Decrease in Inventories	-	5,057	13,165	18,223
(Increase)/Decrease in Prepaid Items	336	(21,043)	-	(20,707)
Increase/(Decrease) in Accounts Payable	(73,335)	85,451	(14,149)	(2,033)
Increase/(Decrease) in Accrued Wages and Taxes Payable	1,483	2,261	3,616	7,361
Increase/(Decrease) in Due from Other Gov't Units	-	-	390	390
Increase/(Decrease) in Due to Other Funds	_	_	255,447	255,447
Increase/(Decrease) in Unearned Revenue	_	8,746	8,556	17,302
Increase/(Decrease) in Pension Exp/Def Outflows/Inflows	(32,706)	(20,619)	(39,461)	(92,786)
Other Operating Activity Revenue	27,561	1,510	10,041	39,112
Total Adjustments	(50,204)	465,180	309,067	724,043
•	·			
Net Cash Provided by/(used for) Operating Activities	\$ (168,531)	\$ 573,956	\$ (219,717)	\$ 185,708

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Water Enterprise Fund (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Variance with

							Final Budget		
		Bud	dget			Actual		Positive	
		Original		Final		Amounts	1)	Negative)	
Resources (inflows):									
Inside City	\$	19,351,750	\$	19,351,750	\$	21,240,139	\$	1,888,389	
Outside City		2,403,300		2,403,300		2,402,180		(1,120)	
Commercial Raw Water		130,000		130,000		131,767		1,767	
Meters, Connections and Services		1,361,704		1,361,704		1,367,819		6,115	
Capital Contributions:									
System Development		125,000		125,000		174,650		49,650	
Capacity Rights		1,600,000		1,600,000		2,844,682		1,244,682	
Interest		119,700		119,700		374,605		254,905	
Miscellaneous		138,824		138,824		55,994		(82,830)	
Total Revenues		25,230,278		25,230,278		28,591,836		3,361,558	
Amounts Available for Appropriation		25,230,278		25,230,278		28,591,836		3,361,558	
Charges to Appropriations (outflows):				_					
Current:									
Administration		2,752,994		2,752,994		2,826,381		(73,387)	
Treatment		7,352,159		7,352,159		6,086,388		1,265,771	
Water Transmission		1,741,416		1,741,416		1,687,342		54,074	
Customer Services		1,057,552		1,057,552		970,486		87,066	
Water Transfer		65,750		65,750		30,386		35,364	
Laboratory		346,754		346,754		257,220		89,534	
Facilities Maintenance		203,483		203,483		126,334		77,149	
Capital Outlay:		206.000		206.000		156.040		120.051	
Capital Outlay		296,000 7,265,000		296,000 7,265,000		156,049 3,967,910		139,951 3,297,090	
Capital Projects Debt Service:		7,205,000		7,205,000		3,907,910		3,297,090	
Principal Retirement		5,925,661		5,925,661		5,925,661		_	
Interest and Fiscal Agent Fees		3,023,444		3,023,444		3,023,518		(74)	
Total Expenditures		30,030,213	-	30,030,213		25,057,675		4,972,538	
Transfers Out		59,611		59,611		59,612		(1)	
		•		•		·			
Total Charges to Appropriations		30,089,824		30,089,824		25,117,287		4,972,537	
Excess/(Deficiency) of Resources	_		_				_		
Over Charges to Appropriations	\$	(4,859,546)	\$	(4,859,546)		3,474,549	\$	8,334,095	
Reconciliation to Change in Net Position:									
Capital Outlay						156,049			
Capital Projects						3,967,910			
Principal Retirement						5,925,661			
Capital Contributions for Developer Additions to	Sys	stem				771,695			
Amortization of Deferred Charges on Refunding	•					172,260			
Pension Contributions in excess of Expense	-					229,833			
Depreciation and Amortization						(7,567,061)			
Change in Net Position					\$	7,130,896			
- J					_	,,3			

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Wastewater Enterprise Fund (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Variance with

							nal Budget
		Bud	lget		Actual		Positive
		Original		Final	Amounts	(1	Negative)
Resources (inflows):							
Inside City	\$	12,490,400	\$	12,490,400	\$ 13,527,529	\$	1,037,129
Outside City		1,016,000		1,016,000	1,094,594		78,594
Contractual/Industrial Services		1,941,000		1,941,000	1,958,772		17,772
Meters, Connections and Services		40,800		40,800	54,241		13,441
Capital Contributions:		2 600 000		2 600 000	2 265 754		CCE 7E1
Capacity Rights Wastewater Interceptor		2,600,000 161,000		2,600,000 161,000	3,265,751 223,695		665,751 62,695
Wastewater Trunk Line Charges		15,000		15,000	15,400		400
Issuance of Long-Term Debt		15,000		15,000	15,400		400
Interest		145,900		145,900	443,339		297,439
Miscellaneous		620,335		620,335	43,741		(576,594)
Total Revenues		19,030,435		19,030,435	20,627,062		1,596,627
Amounts Available for Appropriation		19,030,435	-	19,030,435	 20,627,062		1,596,627
Charges to Appropriations (outflows):				· · · · · ·			
Current:							
Administration		1,771,700		1,771,700	1,777,380		(5,680)
Treatment		7,169,714		7,163,714	6,328,240		835,474
Pretreatment		441,696		441,696	369,472		72,224
Collection		1,441,519		1,441,519	1,269,903		171,616
Laboratory		294,050		294,050	208,558		85,492
Facilities Maintenance		195,670		195,670	122,799		72,871
Capital Outlay:							
Capital Outlay		385,000		391,000	111,930		279,070
Capital Projects		6,190,000		6,190,000	2,444,546		3,745,454
Debt Service:							
Principal Retirement		3,620,339		3,620,339	3,620,339		-
Interest and Fiscal Agent Fees		1,066,214		1,066,214	 1,066,239		(25)
Total Expenditures		22,575,902		22,575,902	17,319,406		5,256,496
Transfers Out		65,992		65,992	 65,994		(2)
Total Charges to Appropriations		22,641,894		22,641,894	 17,385,400		5,256,494
Excess/(Deficiency) of Resources							
Over Charges to Appropriations	\$	(3,611,459)	\$	(3,611,459)	3,241,662	\$	6,853,121
Reconciliation to Change in Net Position:							
Capital Outlay					111,930		
Capital Projects					2,444,546		
Principal Retirement					3,620,339		
Amortization of Deferred Charges on Refunding					34,579		
Capital Contributions for Subdivider Additions to	Syst	em			936,651		
Pension Contributions in excess of Expense					163,709		
Depreciation and Amortization					(6,252,895)		
Change in Net Position					\$ 4,300,521		

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Solid Waste Enterprise Fund (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

·	Budget Final					Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
		Original		Final		Amounts	1)	Negative)	
Resources (inflows):						_			
Charges for Service									
Collection Fees	\$	3,362,000	\$	3,362,000	\$	3,603,451	\$	241,451	
Interest		7,500		7,500		14,337		6,837	
Miscellaneous									
Other		8,500		8,500		27,561		19,061	
Total Revenues		3,378,000		3,378,000		3,645,349		267,349	
Amounts Available for Appropriation		3,378,000		3,378,000		3,645,349		267,349	
Charges to Appropriations (outflows): Current: Environmental Health and Protection									
Residential Services		3,168,066		3,168,066		3,180,836		(12,770)	
Uncontained Waste		412,518		412,518		386,395		26,123	
Recycling		145,139		145,139		186,676		(41,537)	
Total Expenditures		3,725,723		3,725,723		3,753,907		(28,184)	
Transfers Out		177,005		177,005		177,010		(5)	
Total Charges to Appropriations		3,902,728		3,902,728		3,930,917		(28,189)	
Excess/(Deficiency) of Resources									
Over Charges to Appropriations	\$	(524,728)	\$	(524,728)		(285,568)	\$	239,160	
Reconciliation to Change in Net Position: Pension Contributions in excess of Exper Depreciation and Amortization Change in Net Position	ise				\$	32,706 (577) (253,439)			
Change in Net i Osition					Ψ	(200,409)			

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Radio Communication Enterprise Fund (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

r of the	Bud	lget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
December (inflame).	Original	Final	Amounts		negative)
Resources (inflows):					
Charges for Service	A 044.404	A 044.404	A	•	0= 440
Radio Equipment Fees	\$ 841,131	\$ 841,131	\$ 908,550	\$	67,419
Software Fees	917,676	917,676	946,260		28,584
911 Admin Fees Intergovernmental:	107,510	107,510	100,009		(7,501)
Federal Government	64,500	133,500	_		(133,500)
Budget Authority Reserve	1,000,000	931,000	_		(931,000)
Use of Money and Property	1,000,000	331,000	_		(331,000)
Interest	6,000	6,000	23,105		17,105
Miscellaneous	3,000	3,333	_0,.00		,
Other	_	_	1,510		1,510
Total Revenues	2,936,817	2,936,817	1,979,434		(957,383)
Amounts Available for Appropriation	2,936,817	2,936,817	1,979,434		(957,383)
, and and the analysis of the propriet			1,010,101		(001,000)
Charges to Appropriations (outflows):					
Current:					
Environmental Health					
Radio Communications	953,793	953,793	766,555		187,238
Radio Software	950,041	1,393,299	752,879		640,420
911 Administration	83,113	83,113	13,743		69,370
Public Safety	1,000,000	350,000	-		350,000
Capital Outlay					
Capital Outlay	126,000	332,742	297,859		34,883
Total Expenditures	3,112,947	3,112,947	1,831,036		1,281,911
Total Charges to Appropriations	3,112,947	3,112,947	1,831,036		1,281,911
Excess/(Deficiency) of Resources					_
Over Charges to Appropriations	\$ (176,130)	\$ (176,130)	148,398	\$	324,528
Reconciliation to Change in Net Position:					
Capital Outlay			297,859		
Pension Contributions in excess of Expen	se		20,620		
Depreciation and Amortization			(333,486)		
Change in Net Position			\$ 133,391		
Change in Not 1 Osition			Ψ 100,001		

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Desert Hills Golf Course Enterprise Fund (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Variance with

		Buo	lget			Actual	Fin	al Budget Positive
		Original		Final		Amounts	(N	legative)
Resources (inflows):								
Green Fees	\$	947,000	\$	947,000	\$	720,047	\$	(226,953)
Cart and Club Rental	Ψ	206,600	Ψ	206,600	Ψ	170,110	Ψ	(36,490)
Pro Shop Sales		196,500		196,500		210,590		14,090
Restaurant Sales		144,500		144,500		156,913		12,413
Interest		-		-		786		786
Miscellaneous		2,500		2,500		10,041		7,541
Total Revenues		1,497,100		1,497,100		1,268,487		(228,613)
Transfers In		250,000		250,000		250,000		-
Amounts Available for Appropriation		1,747,100		1,747,100		1,518,487		(228,613)
Charges to Appropriations (outflows): Current:								
Maintenance		1,085,426		1,079,926		978,912		101,014
Concession		598,319		598,319		569,891		28,428
Restaurant		-		-		1,968		(1,968)
Facility Maintenance		224,882		224,882		168,370		56,512
Capital Outlay		-		5,500		5,480		20
Total Expenditures		1,908,627		1,908,627		1,724,621		184,006
Transfers Out		25,625		25,625		25,626		(1)
Total Charges to Appropriations		1,934,252		1,934,252		1,750,247		184,005
Excess/(Deficiency) of Resources								 -
Over Charges to Appropriations	\$	(187,152)	\$	(187,152)		(231,760)	\$	(44,608)
Reconciliation to Change in Net Assets: Pension Contributions in excess of Expense Depreciation and Amortization						39,461 (106,764)		
Change in Net Position					\$	(293,583)		
· ·						` ' -/		

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods and services provided by one department to other departments of the City and to other governmental units, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Equipment Replacement To account for the associated costs of purchasing vehicles and equipment for rental to other departments.

Equipment Maintenance To record the financial activity of fleet maintenance operations.

Insurance Reserve To record the financial activity related to insurance and risk retention for liability and casualty issues.

Employee Benefits Trust To record the financial activity of a self funded insurance trust fund that covers eligible employees and dependent health, life, and dental claims.

Workers Compensation To record the financial activity of a self-funded worker's compensation insurance trust fund.

City of Yuma, Arizona
Combining Statement of Net Position
Internal Service Funds June 30, 2018

Assets Current Acceta		Equipment eplacement		quipment aintenance	Insurance Reserve		mployee Benefits Trust	Workers Compensation	Totals
Current Assets:	Φ	44 000 070	φ		Ф O O 47 COO	Φ	000 044	¢ 4.074.055	¢ 40 E 40 700
Cash and Investments Accounts Receivable	\$	11,038,878 734,979	\$	- 416	\$ 3,347,608 1,418	\$	283,041	\$ 4,874,255	\$ 19,543,782
Intergovernmental Receivable		734,979		12	1,410		-	895	737,708 12
Accrued Interest		13,480		12	3,344		346	- 2,856	20,026
Inventory, at cost		13,400		634,848	-		-	2,030	634,848
Prepaid Items		_		3,805	295		_	- -	4,100
Total Current Assets		11,787,337		639,081	3,352,665	_	283,387	4,878,006	20,940,476
		11,707,337		039,061	3,332,003	_	203,301	4,676,000	20,940,476
Noncurrent Assets:									
Capital Assets:				210 610					210 610
Land Buildings		-		219,610 19,251	-		-	-	219,610 19,251
Improvements Other than Buildings		-		222,733	-		-	-	222,733
Equipment		30,362,981		245,489	_		_	_	30,608,470
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(23,108,491)		(313,730)	_		_	_	(23,422,221)
Total Noncurrent Assets		7,254,490		393,353					7,647,843
					2.252.005		202 207		
Total Assets		19,041,827		1,032,434	3,352,665		283,387	4,878,006	28,588,319
<u>Liabilities</u> Liabilities: Current Liabilities:									
Accounts Payable Accrued Payroll, Taxes and		58,641		146,480	37,463		-	30,856	273,440
Benefits Payable Current Portion-Accrued		-		33,036	2,845		-	-	35,881
Compensated Absences		-		23,360	2,744		_	_	26,104
Estimated Claims and Judgements		-		-	91,581		_	1,065,542	1,157,123
Due to Other Funds		-		1,366,895	-		-	, , -	1,366,895
Total Current Liabilities Payable		58,641		1,569,771	134,633		-	1,096,398	2,859,443
Noncurrent Liabilities:									
Accrued Compensated Absences		-		39,797	12,519		-	-	52,316
Total Long-Term Liabilities		-		39,797	12,519		-	-	52,316
Total Liabilities		58,641		1,609,568	147,152		-	1,096,398	2,911,759
Net Position									
Net investment in capital assets		7,254,490		393,353	-		-	-	7,647,843
Unrestricted (deficit)		11,728,696		(970,487)	3,205,513		283,387	3,781,608	18,028,717
Total Net Position	\$	18,983,186	\$	(577,134)	\$3,205,513	\$	283,387	\$ 3,781,608	\$ 25,676,560

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Equipment Replacement	Equipment Maintenance	Insurance Reserve	Employee Benefits Trust	Workers Compensation	Totals
Operating Revenues:	Replacement	Mairiteriance	IVESEIVE	Trust	Compensation	Totals
Charges For Services Contributions	\$ -	\$ 3,485,834	\$ 1,927,709	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,413,543
City	-	-	-	-	1,456,824	1,456,824
Equipment Rental	2,064,842	-	-	-	-	2,064,842
Miscellaneous	727	5,591	4,370	-	3,671	14,359
Total Operating Revenues	2,065,569	3,491,425	1,932,079	_	1,460,495	8,949,568
Operating Expenses:						
Claims Incurred	-	-	12,464	-	720,721	733,185
Premiums to Insurance Carriers	-	-	810,717	-	182,524	993,241
Administration	23,499	3,680,104	585,976	-	46,766	4,336,345
Depreciation	2,404,491	26,167	-			2,430,658
Total Operating Expenses	2,427,990	3,706,271	1,409,157		950,011	8,493,429
Operating Income/(Loss)	(362,421)	(214,846)	522,922	-	510,484	456,139
Non-Operating Revenue/(Expenses):						
Interest	126,651	-	28,019	3,629	53,165	211,464
Gain on the Sale of Assets	(99,890)		-			(99,890)
Total Non-Operating Revenues	26,761	-	28,019	3,629	53,165	111,574
Income/(Loss) before						
Transfers	(335,660)	(214,846)	550,941	3,629	563,649	567,713
Transfers In	719,813	-	-	-	-	719,813
Transfers Out		(3,991)				(3,991)
Net Transfers	719,813	(3,991)	-	-	-	715,822
Change in Net Position	384,153	(218,837)	550,941	3,629	563,649	1,283,535
Net Position, Beginning	18,599,033	(358,297)	2,654,572	279,758	3,217,959	24,393,025
Net Position, Ending	\$ 18,983,186	\$ (577,134)	\$ 3,205,513	\$ 283,387	\$ 3,781,608	\$ 25,676,560

City of Yuma, Arizona Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Equipment eplacement		Equipment aintenance		Insurance Reserve		nployee enefits Trust	Co	Workers mpensation		Totals
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:												
Cash Received from Customers	\$	1,333,999	\$	3,486,539	\$, ,	\$	-	\$	1,460,495	\$	8,213,111
Cash Paid to Employees		-		(1,030,968)		(84,805)		-		-		(1,115,773)
Cash Paid to Suppliers		-		(2,457,171)		(127,540)		-		-		(2,584,711)
Cash Paid for Operating Functions		26,417		-		- (4 204 600)		-		- (4.400.470)		26,417
Cash Paid For Operating Expenses		-		-		(1,324,620)		-		(1,136,479)		(2,461,099)
Other Operating Activity Revenue		727		5,591				-				6,318
Net Cash Flows Provided by Operating Activities		1,361,143		3,991		395,113		_		324,016		2,084,263
Operating Activities		1,501,145		3,331		333,113				324,010		2,004,203
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:												
Cash Received from Other Funds		719,813		-		-		-		-		719,813
Cash Paid to Other Funds		-		(3,991)				-				(3,991)
Net Cash Flows Provided by/(Used for)												
Noncapital Financing Activities		719,813		(3,991)		-		-		-		715,822
Cash Flows from Capital and												
Related Financing Activities:												
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets		71,062		-		-		-		-		71,062
Payments for Capital Acquisitions		(2,624,064)		-		-		-		-		(2,624,064)
Net Cash Flows Used for Capital												
and Related Financing Activities		(2,553,002)		=		-		-		-		(2,553,002)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:												
Receipt of Interest		125,504		_		27,955		3,606		52,995		210,060
Net Cash Flows Provided by Investing Activities		125,504				27,955	_	3.606		52,995		210,060
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(346,542)				423,068	_	3,606		377,011	_	457,143
Not moreaser (Bestease) in Sasin and Sasin Equivalents		(040,042)				420,000		0,000		011,011		407,140
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1		11,385,420		-		2,924,540		279,435		4,497,244		19,086,639
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30	\$	11,038,878	\$	-	\$	3,347,608	\$	283,041	\$	4,874,255	\$	19,543,782
Reconciliation of Operating Income/(Loss) to Net Cash Provided by/(Used for) Operating Activities:												
Operating Income/(Loss)	\$	(362,421)	\$	(214,846)	\$	522,922	\$	-	\$	510,484	\$	456,139
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income/(Loss) to Net Cash Provided by/(Used for) Operating Activities:												
Depreciation Expense		2,404,491		26,167		-		-		-		2,430,658
(Increase)/Decrease in Accounts Receivable		(730,843)		706		-		-		-		(730, 137)
(Increase)/Decrease in Inventory		-		92,387		-		-		-		92,387
(Increase)/Decrease in Prepaid Items		-		(755)		(295)		-		-		(1,050)
Increase/(Decrease) in Accounts Payable		49,916		119,210		(115,222)		-		(9,812)		44,092
Increase in Payroll Liabilities Increase in Due to Other Funds		-		14,571 (33,449)		272		-		-		14,843 (33,449)
Increase in Due to Other Funds Increase/(Decrease) in Estimated Claims		-		(33,449)		(12,564)		-		(176,656)		(33,449)
Total Adjustments		1,723,564		218,837		(127,809)		<u> </u>		(186,468)		1,628,124
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	Ф.		<u>_</u>		Φ.		Φ.	-	Φ.		Φ.	
Not Sash I lovided by Operating Activities	\$	1,361,143	\$	3,991	\$	395,113	\$	-	\$	324,016	\$	2,084,263

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Equipment Replacement Internal Service Fund (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Buc Original	lget	Final	Actual Amounts	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Resources (inflows):						
Charges for Services	\$ 2,002,835	\$	2,002,835	\$ 2,064,842	\$	62,007
Interest	45,000		45,000	126,651		81,651
Miscellaneous	-		-	727		727
Total Revenues	2,047,835	-	2,047,835	2,192,220		144,385
Transfers In	994,811		994,811	719,813		(274,998)
Amounts Available for Appropriation	3,042,646		3,042,646	2,912,033		(130,613)
Charges to Appropriations (outflows): Current						
Administration	23,499		23,499	23,499		-
Capital Outlay	7,191,814		7,191,814	2,624,064		4,567,750
Total Expenditures	7,215,313		7,215,313	2,647,563		4,567,750
Total Charges to Appropriations	7,215,313		7,215,313	2,647,563		4,567,750
Excess of Resources Over						
Charges to Appropriations	\$ (4,172,667)	\$	(4,172,667)	264,470	\$	4,437,137
Reconciliation to Change in Net Position: Capital Outlay Gain/(Loss) on Sale of Assets Depreciation and Amortization				2,624,064 (99,890) (2,404,491)		
Change in Net Position				\$ 384,153		

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Equipment Maintenance Internal Service Fund (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

								iance with nal Budget
		Bud	dget			Actual		Positive
		Original	_	Final		Amounts	1)	Negative)
Resources (inflows):								
Charges for Services	\$	3,375,292	\$	3,375,292	\$	3,485,834	\$	110,542
Miscellaneous	·	4,000	·	4,000	·	5,591	•	1,591
Total Revenues		3,379,292		3,379,292		3,491,425		112,133
Amounts Available for Appropriation		3,379,292		3,379,292		3,491,425		112,133
Charges to Appropriations (outflows): Current								
Administration		3,366,531		3,366,531		3,680,104		(313,573)
Total Expenditures		3,366,531		3,366,531		3,680,104		(313,573)
Transfers Out		3,991		3,991		3,991		-
Total Charges to Appropriations		3,370,522		3,370,522		3,684,095		(313,573)
Excess of Resources Over								
Charges to Appropriations	\$	8,770	\$	8,770		(192,670)	\$	(201,440)
Reconciliation to Change in Net Position:								
Depreciation and Amortization						(26,167)		
Change in Net Position					\$	(218,837)		

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Insurance Reserve Internal Service Fund (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Buc	lget	Final		Actual Amounts	Fin	ance with al Budget Positive legative)
Pagauraga (inflaura)								
Resources (inflows): Charges for Services	\$	1,927,712	\$	1,927,712	\$	1,927,709	\$	(3)
Miscellaneous	Ψ	1,927,712	Ψ	1,927,712	Ψ	4,370	Ψ	4,370
Interest		7,000		7,000		28,019		21,019
Total Revenues		1,934,712	-	1,934,712		1,960,098		25,386
Amounts Available for Appropriation		1,934,712		1,934,712		1,960,098		25,386
Charges to Appropriations (outflows): Current								
Premiums to Insurance Carriers		903,938		903,938		810,717		93,221
Claims Incurred		292,000		292,000		12,464		279,536
Administration		1,009,590		1,009,590		585,976		423,614
Total Expenditures		2,205,528		2,205,528		1,409,157		796,371
Total Charges to Appropriations		2,205,528		2,205,528		1,409,157		796,371
Excess of Resources Over								
Charges to Appropriations	\$	(270,816)	\$	(270,816)		550,941	\$	821,757
Reconciliation to Change in Net Position:								
Change in Net Position					\$	550,941		

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Workers Compensation Internal Service Fund (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budg	get	Actual		ance with nal Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Resources (inflows): Contributions - City Miscellaneous	\$ 1,496,000	\$ 1,496,000 -	\$ 1,456,824 3,671	\$	(39,176) 3,671
Interest	18,000	18,000	53,165		35,165
Total Revenues	1,514,000	1,514,000	1,513,660		(340)
Amounts Available for Appropriation	1,514,000	1,514,000	1,513,660		(340)
Charges to Appropriations (outflows): Current Premiums to Insurance Carriers Claims Incurred Administration	212,000 1,372,657	212,000 1,372,657	182,524 720,721		29,476 651,936
	 42,000 1,626,657	<u>42,000</u> 1,626,657	<u>46,766</u> 950,011		(4,766)
Total Expenditures Total Charges to Appropriations Excess of Resources Over	 1,626,657	1,626,657	950,011		676,646 676,646
Charges to Appropriations	\$ (112,657)	\$ (112,657)	563,649	\$	676,306
Reconciliation to Change in Net Position: Change in Net Position			\$ 563,649		

STATISTICAL SECTION

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Yuma's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial condition.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends	119
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	127
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source - sales tax.	
Debt Capacity	129
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and it's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	135
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	
Operating Information	138
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the respective year.

City of Yuma, Arizona

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total governmental activites net position	\$ 129,228 70,389 38,439 \$ 238,056	\$ 192,145 14,762 40,261 \$ 247,168	\$ 196,837 15,773 44,357 \$ 256,967	\$ 209,377 24,835 36,851 \$ 271,063	2013 As restated \$ 208,428 22,456 39,115 \$ 269,999	\$ 197,997 19,166 43,244 \$ 260,407	\$ 194,763 23,223 (68,462) \$ 149,524	\$193,687 49,652 (91,649) \$151,690	\$ 194,292 38,057 (91,026) \$ 141,323	\$ 197,164 26,148 (82,364) \$ 140,948
•	i i	\$ 160,883 3,754 29,027	\$ 166,782 5,556 31,699	\$ 164,295 7,357 37,842	\$ 163,246 9,009 43,362	\$ 159,458 9,009 46,877	\$ 147,573 9,009 44,607	\$152,343 2,715 49,657		\$ 154,181
Total business-type activites net position Primary government Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total primary government net position	\$ 187,663 \$ 287,595 72,341 65,783 \$ 425,719	\$ 193,664 \$ 353,028 18,516 69,288 \$ 440,832	\$ 204,037 \$ 363,619 21,329 76,056 \$ 461,004	\$ 209,494 \$ 373,672 32,192 74,693 \$ 480,557	\$215,617 \$371,674 31,465 82,477 \$485,616	\$215,344 \$357,455 28,175 90,121 \$475,751	\$ 201,189 \$ 342,336 32,232 (23,855) \$ 350,713	\$204,715 \$346,030 52,367 (41,992) \$356,405	\$ 211,304 \$ 345,191 38,057 (30,621) \$ 352,627	\$ 222,196 \$ 351,345 26,148 (14,349) \$ 363,144

Source: The source of this information is the City financial records.

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

	2009	2010	2011	1	2012		2013	2014		2015		2016	2017	2018
Expenses Governmental activities:														
General government	\$ 11,559	\$ 10,563	s	9,684	12,534	↔	10,345	\$ 10	10,335 \$		9,056	9,102	\$ 8,741	\$ 11,532
Public Safety	41,080			40,232	41,735		43,051	46	46,585	55,785	785	55,883	68,133	62,157
Streets	15,966			14,536	12,741		14,980	52	25,265	4,	964	12,272	16,063	15,301
Parks, Recreation and Culture	16,282		_	13,804	14,226		12,787	13	13,606	4	14,364	14,219	14,892	14,967
Environmental Health and Protection	4,969			1,538	804		156		83		178	989	26	92
Community Design and Development	5,486	4,981		5,007	4,521		5,134	5	5,167	4,	4,439	4,331	4,524	4,391
Interest on Long-Term Debt	6,592	6,291		5,803	5,461		5,153	4	4,781	4,	4,462	4,505	4,400	4,087
Total governmental activites expenses	101,934	93,796		90,604	92,022		91,606	105	105,828	103,248		100,998	116,779	112,530
Business-type activities:														
Water	20,754			20,555	23,353		23,227	24	24,762	25,	25,259	23,337	22,821	22,204
Wastewater	13,859	13,673		,882	16,191		16,165	17	,073	17,	253	16,643	16,478	17,293
Solid Waste	•	1	2	2,902	2,948		3,213	က	3,085	, ω	020	3,347	3,728	3,772
Radio Communications		1			•		4,663	4	4,153	2,	2,623	2,184	2,313	1,845
Golf Courses	2,819	2,496		2,377	2,403		2,469	က	3,474	2	2,518	1,864	1,681	1,736
Total business-type activites expenses	37,432	(,)		39,716	44,895		49,737	52	52,547	50,723	723	47,375	47,021	46,850
Total primary government expenses	\$ 139,366	\$	\$	130,320 \$	1	S	141,343	\$ 158	158,375 \$	1	ઝ	148,373	\$ 163,800	\$ 159,380
Program Revenues														
Charges for Services														
Building Inspection Fees	\$ 390	↔	\$4 \$	333 \$		↔	413	s	545		368 \$	351	\$ 391	\$ 400
Developer Charges	4,911	2,674		4,369	1,589		1,419	2	2,326	-,	1,104	1,458	2,515	1,424
Ambulance Services					477		3,830	7	2,490	'n	3,444	4,241	4,261	3,752
Police Services	865			471	292		617		701		840	2776	177	265
Other Charges	7,607			6,936	5,775		6,082	2	5,708	4	4,283	7,933	5,223	8,925
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,807			4,968	3,965		3,980	က	3,305	κ,	3,519	2,528	1,876	1,943
Capital Grants and Contributions	4,783	ļ		3,245	19,145		1,744		277	1,,	1,481	609	1,817	5,016
Total governmental activities program revenues	20,363	20,973		20,322	31,825		18,085	15	15,652	15,(5,039	17,896	16,854	22,057
Business-type activities:														
Charges for Services	00			5	0.00		0.00	č		Ċ	9		000	0,00
Metered water sales	22,403	1.00,12		21,598	20,710		21,233	.7	21,809	20,532	322	20,999	77,724	23,042
Wastewater Charges	13,372			,854	14,485		14,625	14	14,785	14,400	9	15,107	16,043	16,581
Radio Communications		•					1,714	_	1,564	Ψ,	1,739	1,765	1,948	1,955
Solid Waste Charges				3,147	3,266		3,301	က	3,325	'n	3,351	3,327	3,494	3,603
Green Fees and Concessions	2,027	1,964		1,890	1,919		2,152	7	,230	τ΄	.89	1,681	1,374	1,257
Other Charges	1,098	1,041	Σ.	961	775		562		029	•	096	1,631	2,307	1,693
Capital Grants and Contributions	9,924	3,969		7,391	9,071		7,776	7	7,044	ک	5,748	6,405	5,911	8,233
Total business-type activities program revenues	48,884	42,324		49,841	50,226		51,363	51	51,427	48,519	519	50,915	53,331	56,964
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 69,247	\$ 63,297	ઝ	70,163 \$	82,051	s	69,448	\$ 67	\$ 620,	63,558	558 \$	68,811	\$ 70,185 \$ 79,021	\$ 79,021
				11					i.		II.		Continued on	next page

Source: The source of this information is the City financial records.

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

	2009	2010	2011	2012		2013	20	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Net (expense)/revenue Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ (81,571) 11,452	\$ (72,823) 5,878	\$ (70,282) \$	\$ (60,197) 5,331	↔	(73,521) 1,626	s) \$	(90,176) \$	(88,209)	(83,100) (3,540)	\$ (99,927)	\$ (90,473) 10,114
Total primary government net expense	\$ (70,119)	\$ (66,945)	\$ (60,157)	\$ (54,866)	s	(71,895)	\$	(91,296) \$	(90,413)	(79,660)	\$ (93,605)	\$ (80,359)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position												
Governmental activities:					,					,		
Property taxes	\$ 8,856	⇔		\$ 10,099	s	9,549	⇔	9,451 \$	9,650	s	\$ 12,354	\$ 12,520
Sales taxes	36,857	34,177	34,644	36,304		37,624	.,	37,994	38,283	7	41,653	42,999
Franchise taxes	3,013	3,010	3,002	3,059		3,043		3,010	3,095	3,163	3,067	3,266
Shared revenues	31,330	28,239	25,379	23,936		25,917	•	26,552	29,441	(1)	31,713	32,644
Grants and contributions not restricted to												
specific programs	3,895	5,776	5,929	1				•			•	
Unrestricted investment earnings	2,872		1,001	930		962		545	269	449	289	1,022
Gain from sale of capital assets	٠	•	259						٠		•	
Transfers	95	92	126	(37)		(122)		(730)	(1,323)	1) 280	85	78
Total governmental activities	86,918	81,934	80,326	74,291		76,807	-	76,822	79,415	85,268	89,559	92,529
Business-type activities:												
Investment earnings	1,045	217	130	88		26		222	165	5 265	353	856
Transfers	(96)	(66)	(126)	37		122		730	1,323	(280)	(82)	(78)
Total business-type activities	950	122	4	126		148		952	1,488	(15)	268	778
Total primary government	\$ 87,868	\$ 82,056	\$ 80,330	\$ 74,417	S	76,955	\$	77,774 \$	80,903	\$ 85,253	\$ 89,827	\$ 93,307
Change in Net Position												
Governmental activities	\$ 5,347	\$ 9,112	\$ 10,044	\$ 14,095	s	3,391	` \$	(13,354) \$	(8,794)	1) \$ 2,166	\$(10,368)	\$ 2,056
Business-type activities	12,402	000'9	10,128	5,457		1,669		(168)	(715)		6,590	10,892
Total primary government	\$ 17,749	\$ 15,112	\$ 20,172	\$ 19,552	8	2,060	.)	(13,522) \$	(6),509)) \$ 5,692	\$ (3,778)	\$ 12,948
												Concluded

Source: The source of this information is the City financial records.

City of Yuma, Arizona

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
General Fund			,	,	,	,	,	,	•	,
Reserved	\$ 262 \$	\$ 156	' \$	ج	ج	ا د	ر ج	ج	ا د	ا ج
Unreserved	15,493	18,796		•	•	•	•		•	
Nonspendable	ı	ı	103	169	187	178	144	127	118	87
Committed	ı		2,383	1,864	935	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı
Assigned	ı	,	88	898	ı	ı	ı	1	ı	ı
Unassigned	•	,	19,060	15,655	18,693	17,732	17,348	18,218	17,436	20,915
Total General Fund	\$15,755	\$18,952	\$21,634	\$ 18,556	\$19,815	\$17,910	\$17,492	\$ 18,345	\$ 17,554	\$ 21,002
All other										
Governmental funds										
Reserved	\$ 552	\$ 553	ر ج	' \$	ا د	' \$	' \$>	' \$	ا د	' \$
Unreserved, reported in:										
Special revenue funds	9/8/9	7,848	1	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı
Capital projects funds	47,349	31,267		ı	1	ı	,		ı	ı
Nonspendable	ı	,	141	18	19	16	20	17	99	14
Restricted	•		2,388	24,834	22,456	19,167	20,280	47,003	35,877	34,501
Committed	•		34,441	11,235	7,252	7,018	7,847	8,655	(5,530)	6,277
Assigned	1	1	2,037	633	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total all other										
governmental funds	\$54,777	\$54,777 \$39,668	\$39,007	\$ 36,720	\$ 29,727	\$ 26,201	\$28,147	\$ 55,675	\$ 30,413 \$ 40,792	\$ 40,792

Source: The source of this information is the City financial records.

Note: For FY 2011 GASB Statement No 54 was implemented. See Note I-F, Sec 10 of the Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

City of Yuma, Arizona

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Revenues										
Taxes	\$ 48,569	\$ 46,561	\$ 47,606	\$ 49,450	\$ 50,282	\$ 50,425	\$ 50,991	\$ 54,166	\$ 57,022	\$ 58,720
Licenses and permits	1,363		1,292	1,288	1,723	1,880	1,858	1,932	2,064	2,261
Intergovernmental	37,064	(1)	32,510	33,173	30,780	30,254	32,951	32,947	34,489	35,120
Charges for services	8,913		7,055	4,160	7,293	7,086	6,846	7,965	9,152	7,741
Fines and forfeitures	1,238	-	1,484	1,550	1,526	1,210	1,162	1,298	1,229	1,141
Special Assessments	949		1,039	1,089	1,134	1,183	280	290	305	320
Use of money and property	3,309	1,7	1,665	1,365	819	971	643	992	889	1,261
Contributions and donations	26	85	77	47	69	88	1,021	436	170	497
Miscellaneous	1,646	763	2,442	493	1,053	456	555	899	1,447	1,573
Total revenues	103,148	96,819	95,170	92,615	94,679	93,553	96,307	100,699	106,767	108,634
Expenditures										
General government	9,575	7,740	6,969	9,451	9,409	8,964	7,566	7,875	7,923	8,185
Public Safety	37,908	35,234	36,285	38,475	40,769	42,938	45,692	47,635	51,846	50,260
Streets	9,716	8,195	8,186	7,945	7,662	7,592	7,718	7,551	8,259	7,896
Parks, Recreation and Culture	11,857	10,619	10,171	10,688	10,964	11,200	12,117	12,593	13,182	13,629
Environmental Health and Protection	4,781	4,480	1,556	733	104	72	70	20	20	58
Community Design and Development	5,370	4,870	4,899	4,458	5,134	5,096	4,288	4,237	4,485	4,641
Capital Outlay Debt Service	35,734	25,249	13,659	12,666	11,792	8,702	5,502	9,321	23,878	10,089
Principal	7,075	6,315	7,680	8,010	8,350	8,700	8,080	6,565	6,790	7,095
Interest and fiscal agent fees Issuance Cost	6,646	6,764	5,858	5,516	5,209	4,885	4,566	3,777 914	4,720	4,407
Total expenditures	128,662	109,466	95,263	97,942	99,393	98,149	95,599	100,488	121,133	106,260
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(25,514)	(12,647)	(63)	(5,327)	(4,714)	(4,596)	708	211	(14,366)	2,374
Other financing sources (uses)										
Proceeds from long-term debt	•	30,017	1		•	•		92,386	•	1,032
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow	. 0	(29,378)	, 0		. 1	,		(72,265)	, C	
ransiers in Transfers out	16,213 (16,118)	14,564 (14,468)	14,675 (14,548)	14,5 <i>22</i> (14,559)	12,772 (12,893)	13,474 (14,204)	14,416 (13,595)	13,551 (10,502)	(11,886)	(11,881)
Total other financing sources (uses)	95	735	127	(37)	(121)	(730)	821	28,170	(631)	395
Net change in fund balances	\$ 25,419	\$(11,912)	\$ 34	\$ 5,364	\$ (4,835)	\$ (5,326)	\$ 1,529	\$ 3,299	\$ (14,996)	\$ 2,768
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	14.8%	15.5%	16.6%	15.9%	15.5%	15.2%	14.0%	11.3%	11.8%	12.0%

Source: The source of this information is the City financial records.

City of Yuma, Arizona

Governmental Funds Tax Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	48,570,089	46,560,818	47,606,334	49,449,739	50,281,732	50,424,911	50,991,109	54,165,640	57,012,488	58,716,972
Mall District Levy	154,174	117,798	218,925	142,151	119,403	81,320	103,350	97,151	103,720	100,217
Public Enterprise I In-Lieu	242,000	242,000	242,000	242,000	252,413	242,000	242,000	242,000	251,067	242,000
Utility Franchise	3,013,453	3,009,794	3,001,939	3,058,634	3,043,054	3,009,904	3,095,540	3,162,691	3,066,678	3,265,901
Two Percent Tax	4,383,419	4,253,079	4,425,556	4,665,296	4,652,121	4,576,061	4,832,187	5,007,109	5,354,285	5,703,452
Public Safety Sales Tax	3,790,422	3,490,546	3,525,292	3,692,304	3,847,810	3,901,471	3,905,392	4,104,199	4,239,261	4,357,520
Road Sales Tax	9,479,279	8,729,333	8,816,228	9,233,899	9,622,796	9,756,994	9,766,802	10,263,987	10,601,757	10,897,505
General Sales City Tax	18,961,780	17,461,635	17,635,454	18,470,938	19,248,864	19,517,306	19,536,924	20,531,463	21,207,119	21,798,752
Property Tax	8,545,562	9,256,633	9,740,940	9,944,517	9,495,271	9,339,855	9,508,914	10,757,040	12,188,601	12,351,625
Fiscal	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018

Source: The source of this information is the City financial records.

Governmental Funds Intergovernmental Shared Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years City of Yuma, Arizona

Total	37,064,661	36,983,793	32,510,492	33,172,906	30,779,948	30,253,872	32,950,963	32,946,512	34,489,349	35,119,763
Grants and Others*	5,734,617	8,744,867	7,131,364	9,237,197	4,862,601	3,702,063	3,510,123	2,674,791	2,776,788	2,475,809
Local Transportion Assistance	394,161	226,308	75,764	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	
Highway Users	7,029,312	6,626,027	6,503,532	5,700,428	5,862,202	6,276,058	6,908,773	7,221,111	7,533,420	7,826,949
Auto In-Lieu	3,445,491	3,302,490	3,250,436	3,108,562	2,948,529	3,111,124	3,271,810	3,558,978	3,759,665	3,940,686
Revenue Sharing	13,355,612	11,530,342	8,692,400	7,854,670	9,506,288	9,656,745	10,974,954	10,915,452	11,517,228	11,755,011
Sales Tax	7,105,468	6,553,759	6,856,996	7,272,049	7,600,328	7,507,882	8,285,303	8,576,180	8,902,248	9,121,308
Fiscal Year	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018

Source: The source of this information is the City financial records. *See 'Intergovernmental Revenues - Grants and Others' for detail information.

City of Yuma, Arizona

Intergovernmental Revenues - Grants and Other Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Total	5,734,617	8,744,867	7,131,364	9,237,197	4,862,601	3,702,063	3,510,123	2,674,791	2,776,788	2,475,809
	Local	•	931		367,436	1	27,077	60,149	258,131	42,109	18,597
	Other	81,210	533,859	637,996	1,588,327	66,670	29,549	185,812	103,619	353,926	103,687
Arizona	Transpor- tation	5,393	ı	ı	2,893,392	240,044	62,592	5,599	53,175	ı	
State of Arizona	Commerce	297,024	1,840	•	•	296,263	•	•	ı	•	ı
	Parks	ı	2,607	ı	5,125	10,400	10,000		20,355	324,488	199,879
	Other	2,176,628	5,336,400	4,165,343	2,501,119	1,855,100	1,465,997	1,517,358	966,898	1,049,438	1,013,257
	Other HUD	•	ı	255,855	87,292	ı	93,283	ı	ı	223,685	332,928 cords.
Federal	Housing/Urban Development (CDBG)	1,121,334	1,167,310	1,059,135	786,120	1,207,608	1,249,005	941,585	769,760	608,000	741,903 City financial red
	H. Diterior	1,469,327	1,446,751	741,740	635,092	726,689	64,489	1	1	1	- formation is the
	Justice	583,702	252,169	271,296	373,294	459,826	700,071	799,620	502,853	175,143	2018 65,558 - 741,903 3: Source: The source of this information is the City financial records.
!	Fiscal	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018 Source: Th

Taxable Sales by Category
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(amounts expressed in thousands)

							Fis	Fiscal Years	ars						
- •	2009		2010	2011	20	2012	2013		2014	2015		2016	2017		2018
Mining	↔	9	82	9	s	4	\$ 20	↔	24	\$ 34	↔	38	€	\$ 89	83
Construction	207,592	92	118,996	121,132	16	190,490	190,260		174,693	138,657		111,924	106,814	4	122,990
Manufacturing	48,964	64	44,764	50,676	(.)	38,167	50,539		43,626	51,945		55,173	52,315	15	51,971
Transportation, Communications, and Utilities	, 206,089	68	207,112	197,764	5	194,646	197,687		206,056	205,300		205,077	210,261	61	210,856
Wholesale Trade	33,785	85	35,334	42,580		38,720	36,578		39,897	42,766		51,912	52,872	72	61,924
Retail Trade	1,001,579	62	962,699	973,426	8	987,416	1,036,092	_	1,068,106	1,110,680		1,172,122	1,191,484	84	1,222,220
Restaurants and Bars	162,404	04	157,024	160,742	16	168,358	172,056		174,309	200,951		194,761	224,191	91	220,133
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	115,857	22	116,046	123,876	7	129,208	129,208		131,450	114,418		151,109	158,526	56	161,734
Hotels and Other Lodging Accomodation	36,093	93	29,502	29,507	(7)	33,368	32,054		29,049	32,624		33,051	37,630	30	41,178
Services	50,858	28	43,356	45,208	7	45,804	51,404		49,649	49,819		54,437	60,651	21	62,996
Arts, Entertainment, Government and All Others Not Specified	32,743	43	31,055	18,434		20,670	22,871		34,656	27,236		23,332	25,774	74	23,548
•	\$ 1,895,970	ï	\$ 1,745,970	\$ 1,763,351	11	\$ 1,846,891	\$ 1,918,769	&	1,951,516	\$ 1,974,430	↔	2,052,936	\$ 2,120,585	\$2	2,179,633
City direct sales tax rate	1.7	1.70%	1.70%	1.70%		1.70% R	1.70% Revised		1.70%	1.70%	٠,0	1.70%	1.7	1.70%	1.70%

Source: Arizona Department of Revenue

City of Yuma, Arizona

Direct and Overlapping Sales Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	City Sales Tax Rate	City Hospitality Sales Tax Rate	Yuma County	Arizona State
2009	1.70%	2.00%	1.10%	2.60%
2010	1.70%	2.00%	1.10%	2.60%
2011	1.70%	2.00%	1.10%	%09.9
2012	1.70%	2.00%	1.10%	%09.9
2013	1.70%	2.00%	1.10%	%09:9
2014	1.70%	2.00%	1.10%	2.60%
2015	1.70%	2.00%	1.112%	2.60%
2016	1.70%	2.00%	1.112%	2.60%
2017	1.70%	2.00%	1.112%	2.60%
2018	1.70%	2.00%	1.112%	2.60%

Source: Arizona Department of Revenue

City of Yuma, Arizona

Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

	ć	Per Capita*	1,849	1,749	1,645	1,528	1,446	1,358	1,256	N/A	N/A	N/A
	Percentage	or Personal Income*	7.38%	6.85%	6.11%	5.64%	2.36%	4.94%	3.98%	N/A	N/A	A/N
		Government	357,444,691	342,360,429	323,764,485	306,901,876	289,310,491	273,202,398	256,619,528	247,413,649	229,860,000	213,533,000
ies	Long-term	Contracts Payable	76,473,462	72,431,684	68,249,441	63,921,836	59,443,795	54,810,083	50,015,230	45,053,649		
Business-Type Activities	General	Ubligation Bonds	5,200,528 **	** 3,999,805	2,736,957 **	1,406,662 **	1	1	ı	ı	1	
Busin Municipal	Property	Corporation Bonds	126,683,860 **	123,597,128 **	120,350,368 **	116,931,350 **	113,335,361 **	109,791,531 **	105,872,834	89,675,000	123,755,000	114,233,000
	Long-term	Contracts Payable				1	1	1	1			٠
tal Activities	Special	Assessment Bonds	7,840,000	6,815,000	5,745,000	4,625,000	3,460,000	2,245,000	1,965,000	1,675,000	1,370,000	1,050,000
Governmental Activities Municipal	Property	Corporation Bonds	141,246,841 **	135,516,812 **	126,682,719 **	120,017,028 **	113,071,335 **	106,355,784 **	98,766,464	111,010,000	104,735,000	98,250,000
	General	Obligation Bonds	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı
	Ë	Fiscal Year	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018

Source: The source of this information is the City financial records.

Note: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.
*See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics on page 130 for personal income and population data.
**Revised due to GASB65 implementation in FY2014 - removed amortized debt issuance costs - revised all years.

City of Yuma, Arizona

Ratio of General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and General Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

General Bonded Debt per Capita	99	45	30	15	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	•	
Ratio of General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	0.8%	0.5%	0.4%	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	%0.0	
General Obligation Debt (Business-type Activities)	5,250,000	4,040,000	2,765,000	1,420,000					ı	•	
Assessed Value	699,754,765	747,149,498	733,033,525	666,827,282	625,801,724	632,734,838	615,552,203	591,748,335	656,438,950	692,885,013	
Population *	93,719	099'06	91,359	93,814	93,013	91,923	93,400	94,139	94,906	95,502	
Fiscal Year	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	

Source: Yuma County Assessor U.S. Department of Commerce General obligation debt issued for utility system improvements is paid through user charges. No property taxes are levied for this purpose. Note:

^{*} Actual through 2010, projected by US Dept of Commerce thereafter.

City of Yuma, Arizona

Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt June 30, 2018

2018	Debt	Allocable	Allocable to City of Yuma
Jurisdiction	Outstanding	Percent	Amount
City of Yuma	\$ 99,300,000	100.00%	\$ 99,300,000
Total Direct Debt			\$ 99,300,000
Yuma County	8,248,000	47.30%	3,901,304
Yuma County Jail District	5,878,992	47.30%	2,780,763
Yuma County Library District	35,265,000	47.30%	16,680,345
Yuma County Special Assessment District	2,724,074	47.30%	1,288,487
Yuma County Community College District	51,720,000	46.14%	23,863,608
Yuma Union High School District No. 70	39,975,000	52.30%	20,906,925
Yuma School District No. 1	33,422,708	55.64%	18,596,395
Crane Elementary School District No. 13	17,521,740	69.46%	12,170,601
Total Overlapping Debt			\$ 100,188,428
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt			\$ 199,488,428

Source: Yuma County Finance Department Yuma County Assessor's Office Arizona Western College Yuma School District No. 1 Crane Elementary School District No. 13 Yuma Union High School Dist No. 70 Note: Valuation applicable percentage obtained from Yuma County Treasurer's Office

City of Yuma, Arizona

(amounts expressed in thousands) **Legal Debt Margin Information** June 30, 2018

					Ŗ	Fiscal Year						
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017		2018	1 1
Debt Limit Water, Sewer, Lights, Parks (20%) All Others (6%)	\$ 139,951 41,985	\$ 149,430 44,829	\$ 146,607 43,982	\$ 133,365 40,010	\$ 125,160 37,548	\$ 126,547 37,964	\$ 123,110 36,933	\$118,350 35,505	\$ 131,288 39,386		\$ 138,577 41,573	3
Total net debt applicable to limit Water, Sewer, Lights, Parks (20%) All Others (6%)	5,250	4,040	2,765	1,420							1 1	ĺ
Legal debt margin Water, Sewer, Lights, Parks (20%) All Others (6%)	\$ 134,701 41,985	\$ 145,390 44,829	\$ 143,842	\$131,945 40,010	\$ 125,160 37,548	\$ 126,547 37,964	\$ 123,110 36,933	\$ 118,350 35,505	\$ 131,288 39,386		\$ 138,577 41,573	n ح
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit Water, Sewer, Lights, Parks (20%) All Others (6%)	3.75% 0.00%	2.70%	1.89%	1.06%	0.00% 0.00%	0.00% 0.00%	0.00%	0.00% 0.00%	o o	%00.0 0.00%	0.00%	% %
							Legal D	Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2018 General Obligation Bonds	alculation	for Fisc eral Obli	ation for Fiscal Year 2018 General Obligation Bonds	න හු
									Water, Sewer, Lights, Parks (20%)	<u> </u>	All Others (6%)	اء
				2017 Ts	ax Year Secor	2017 Tax Year Secondary Assessed Valuation	ed Valuation	\$ 692,885	\$ 138,577		\$ 41,573	9
					Outstandinç Tota	Outstanding General Obligation Debt: Project 1997 Total General Obligation Debt	igation Debt: Project 1997 iligation Debt					1.1

⁽¹⁾ Under the Arizona Constitution, cities may issue General Obligation Bonds for purposes of water, sewer, artificial light and parks, open space preserves, playgrounds and recreational facilities up to an amount not exceeding 20% of secondary assessed valuation.

ઝ

\$ 138,577

Source: The sourceof this information is the City financial records.

⁽²⁾ Under the Arizona Constitution, cities may issue General Obligation Bonds for all purposes other than those listed in (1) above up to an amount not to exceed 6% of secondary assessed valuation.

City of Yuma, Arizona

Schedule of Municipal Property Corporation Debt Service Requirements to Maturity and Coverage

		2010B Ref 2001B	201 Rei	2015 Excise Rev Ref 2003/2007B	207 F	2015 Road Tax Ref 2007D		2 Ut	2015 & 2016 Utility System Revenue
2017-18 Pledged Taxes 2017-18 Net Revenue	↔	58,593,470	↔	68,654,442	↔	69,490,975		↔	29.160.162
Total Taxes/Net Revenue	↔	58,593,470	↔	68,654,442	↔	69,490,975		↔	29,160,162
2017-18 Debt related to pledge:							Total		
2010 Series B	↔	2,853,781	↔	•	8	•	\$ 2,853,781	8	ı
2015 Excise Rev & Refunding				3,750,550			3,750,550		
2015 Road Tax Refunding				•		4,484,800	4,484,800		•
2015 Utility System Rev Refunding				•		•			7,605,838
2016 Utility System Rev Refunding									5,983,755
Total Debt	\$	2,853,781	↔	3,750,550	\$	4,484,800	\$ 11,089,131	\$	13,589,593
Coverage		20.5		18.3		15.5			2.1
Required Coverage		3.0		1.5		1.5			1.2
Collective Coverage									
Total 2017-18 Taxes/Net Revenue	↔	58,593,470	ઝ	68,654,442	\$	69,490,975		\$	29,160,162
Total 2018-19 Debt	છ	11,089,131	↔	11,089,131	\$	11,089,131		\$	13,589,593
Coverage		5.3		6.2		6.3			2.1
Required Coverage		3.0		1.5		1.5			1.2

2010B Refunding Series, 2015 Excise Revenue & Refunding, and 2015 Road Tax Refunding Series: Bond covenants require that each series cover both its related debt and the collective debt for the succeeding year.

2015 & 2016 Utilities System Revenue Refunding: Net Revenue is comprised of all income, monies, and receipts from ownership and operation of utility system to include interest income minus operation and maintenance expenses.

Source: The source of this information is the City financial records.

City of Yuma, Arizona

Pledged Tax Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fisce	Fiscal Year				
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Local Taxes										
Sales Tax (1%)	\$ 18,961,780	\$ 17,461,635	\$ 17,635,454	\$ 18,470,938	\$ 19,248,864	\$ 19,517,306	\$ 19,536,924	\$ 20,531,463	\$ 21,207,119	\$ 21,798,752
Franchise Fee	3,255,453	3,251,794	3,243,939	3,058,634	3,043,054	3,009,904	3,095,540	3,162,691	3,066,678	3,265,901
Intergovernmental Revenues:										
State Revenue Sharing	13,355,612	11,530,342	8,692,400	7,854,670	9,506,288	9,656,745	10,974,954	10,915,452	11,517,228	11,755,011
State Sales Tax	7,105,468	6,553,759	6,856,996	7,272,049	7,600,328	7,507,882	8,285,303	8,576,180	8,902,248	9,121,308
Auto In-Lieu Tax	3,445,491	3,302,490	3,250,436	3,108,562	2,948,529	3,111,124	3,271,810	3,558,978	3,759,665	3,940,686
Emergency Services and Other	189,929	44,700	55,745	34,252	37,974	23,913	44,062	196,457	31,057	26,679
Licenses:										
Business Licenses	319,631	315,580	302,668	288,133	261,323	250,365	250,957	246,528	250,890	266,406
Liquor Licenses	35,715	34,130	35,131	31,670	32,955	32,560	33,310	33,090	30,140	31,020
Fees for Services:										
Building Permits and Inspection Fees	1,386,593	1,435,276	1,319,507	1,170,037	1,751,071	2,036,965	1,829,085	1,916,567	2,099,156	2,264,803
Recreation Fees	563,437	628,264	609,192	546,940	478,911	513,535	544,212	487,166	465,281	416,337
Police Services and										
Other Public Safety Fees	1,226,013	1,447,064	603,253	1,043,802	4,447,101	3,190,974	4,283,521	4,427,053	5,032,589	4,348,741
Use of Money and Property:										
Investment Income	504,146	166,500	108,396	53,277	14,717	86,738	47,095	64,755	95,984	217,389
Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties:										
City Court Fines	1,237,672	1,436,928	1,484,105	1,549,889	1,526,176	1,209,502	1,161,809	1,298,418	1,228,496	1,140,437
Total Series B Pledged Taxes	51,586,940	47,608,462	44,197,222	44,482,853	50,897,291	50,160,513	53,358,582	55,414,798	57,686,531	58,593,470
Additional Excise Series Pledged Taxes		2 007		100 000 0	040 040	727	0000	700	190 000 1	4 257 500
4 Oily Fublic Salety Taxes (.2.70)	3,730,422	3,480,340	2,020,032	3,032,304	0,047,010	1,4,106,0	3,303,332	4,104,133	1,603,401	020, 100,4
City Special Taxes (2%)	4,383,419	4,253,079	4,425,556	4,665,296	4,652,121	4,576,061	4,832,187	5,007,109	5,354,285	5,703,452
Total Excise Series Pledged Taxes	55,970,359	51,861,541	48,622,778	49,148,149	55,549,412	54,736,574	58,190,769	64,526,106	67,280,077	68,654,442
Additional Road Tax Series Pledged Taxes	(es									
City Road Tax (.5%)	9,479,279	8,729,333	8,816,228	9,233,899	9,622,796	9,756,994	9,766,802	10,263,987	10,601,757	10,897,505
Total Road Tax Series Pledged Taxe: \$61,066,219	\$61,066,219	\$ 56,337,795	\$ 53,013,450	\$ 53,716,752	\$ 60,520,087	\$ 59,917,507	\$ 63,125,384	\$ 65,678,785	\$ 68,288,288	\$ 69,490,975
Gross Excise Tax Pledged Revenues \$69,240,060 \$64,081,420	\$69,240,060	\$ 64,081,420	\$ 60,964,298	\$ 62,074,352	\$ 69,020,018	\$ 68,395,039	\$ 71,862,963	\$ 74,790,093	\$ 77,881,834	\$ 79,551,947

The Excise Series Pledged Taxes consist of the Excise Taxes, City Public Safety Taxes, and the City Special Taxes. The Road Tax Series Pledged Taxes consist of the Excise Taxes and the City Road Tax.

Source: The source of this information is the City financial records, CAFR REVENUES SHEET

City of Yuma, Arizona

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Calendar Years

				•		Building Permits	ermits	
		Personal	Per Capita Personal	Unemployment	Com	Commercial	Resi	Residential
Year	Population	Income	Income	Rate	No.	Value	No.	Value
2008	194,322	4,661,000	24	17.10%	740	101,217,617	972	50,218,987
2009	193,299	4,840,484	25	21.30%	510	17,348,000	748	48,260,000
2010	195,751	4,994,489	26	26.30%	546	33,118,172	759	40,924,654
2011	196,830	5,300,165	27	27.10%	610	52,240,172	782	26,660,688
2012	200,870	5,441,761	27	28.40%	325	19,892,725	787	24,553,421
2013	200,022	5,399,670	27	28.70%	21	28,859,856	378	61,650,122
2014	201,201	5,529,669	27.5	23.30%	27	23,994,422	321	58,424,149
2015	204,275	6,449,702	31.6	21.80%	148	47,907,579	271	73,948,000
2016	201,631	6,436,250	31.3	20.40%	160	15,400,222	448	82,887,676
2017	207,534	4,738,209	22.8	20.50%	186	37,751,401	548	97,990,751

Unemployment rate and population presented represents the Yuma Metropolitan Statistical Area and it reflects revised inputs, reestimation, and new statewide controls through 2017. Note:

U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of Economic Analysis U.S. Department of Labor Bureau of Labor Statistics Source:

Building permits: Department of Community Development (calendar year basis)

2016 data: US Census Bureau ACS S1901

City of Yuma, Arizona

Current Year and Ten Fiscal Years Ago Principal Employers

		2008			2017	
			Percentage of			Percentage of
			Total			Total
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Growers Company	1,200	9	1.72%	1	0	%00.0
Marine Corps Air Station	5,360	_	%69.2	3,398	_	4.88%
U. S. Army Yuma Proving Ground	3,000	2	4.31%	2,382	2	3.42%
Yuma Regional Medical Center	2,080	က	2.98%	2,300	3	3.30%
Yuma School District #1	1,700	4	2.44%	1,400	4	2.01%
Yuma County	1,335	2	1.92%	1,437	2	2.06%
United States Border Patrol	920	6	1.32%	1,000	9	1.44%
Yuma Union High School District	914	10	1.31%	1,000	7	1.44%
City of Yuma	1,002	7	1.44%	1,274	80	1.83%
Salyer American Fresh	1,000	8	1.44%	1,275	6	1.83%
TRAX	•	0	0.00%	1,125	10	1.61%
All Other employers	51,172			68,510		
Total	69,683		26.56%	85,101		23.81%

Source: Greater Yuma Economic Development Corporation Note: Figures presented represent the Yuma Metropolitan Statistical Area.

Full Time and Part Time

City of Yuma, Arizona

Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Function										
General government	241	235	192	201	192	198	205	208	208	206
Public Safety										
Police	266	267	239	249	258	259	272	276	277	278
Fire	122	133	129	131	125	125	125	131	131	125
Public Works										
Engineering	44	41	33	32	32	24	35	28	28	28
Maintenance	26	99	46	46	46	52	47	48	48	54
Solid Waste	17	17	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13
Water	92	80	73	73	9/	9/	69	77	77	77
Wastewater	47	51	49	49	52	52	52	53	53	52
Parks and recreation	133	133	116	116	116	117	124	119	120	123
Total	1,002	1,013	890	910	910	916	942	953	922	926

Source: City of Yuma Annual Budget, Fiscal Year 2017-2018

City of Yuma, Arizona

Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal Year	Year				
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Function										
Police										
Calls for service*	84,332	83,226	76,232	ΑN	76,080	89,027	93,463	90,694	91,603	103,871
Case reports	13,740	13,434	13,535	ΑN	14,651	12,855	12,905	12,185	12,371	12,899
Fire										
Number of calls answered*	11,045	11,565	12,067	12,037	12,664	12,529	13,191	13,888	14,205	15,200
Inspections*	2,322	745	864	ΑN	1,399	1,460	883	2,448	2,438	1,730
Streets										
Streets slurry sealed (miles)	7	7	15	10	24	30	30	23	33	27
Solid Waste										
Refuse collected (tons)	33,996	33,288	32,638	32,177	32,010	26,650	26,848	25,622	30,710	26,019
Parks and recreation										
Ramada rentals	2,673	2,519	2,554	2,327	2,551	2,097	2,171	1,946	1,625	1,693
Water										
Connections	27,622	28,058	28,984	29,009	27,396	29,361	29,945	30,400	30,921	33,277
Daily treatment capacity (million gallons)	0.09	64.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	0.59	65.0	02.0
Annual quantity processed (billion gallons)	8.2	7.5	8.4	8.3	8.1	7.1	8.0	7.8	7.8	8.4
Wastewater										
Daily processing capacity (million gallons)	15.6	15.6	15.6	15.6	15.6	15.6	15.6	15.6	15.6	15.6

Source: Various city departments.

Note: Indicators are not available for the general government function.
*Numbers presented are for calendar year.

City of Yuma, Arizona

Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal Year	Year				
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Function										
Public Safety										
Police stations	_	_	_	_	2	2	2	2	7	2
Police vehicles	163	164	163	156	172	179	181	194	181	186
Fire stations	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Streets										
Streets (miles)	384	389	395	420	421	442	448	450	454	457
Streetlights	5,463	5,606	5,750	5,753	5,764	6,757	6,757	6,773	6,795	6,848
Traffic Signals	42	49	20	20	79	79	79	79	8	81
Solid Waste										
Collection trucks	13	13	13	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Parks and Recreation										
Parks acreage	209	209	209	209	209	620	633	682	682	682
Parks/Athletic Fields	*62	79	79	79	79	80	84	06	96	96
Swimming pools	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Tennis courts	2	6	6	ဝ	6	တ	6	6	တ	6
Community centers	6	6	6	6	6	တ	6	တ	0	6
Water										
Water mains (miles)	201	202	520	525	525	527	527	527	530	533
Fire hydrants	3,400	3,438	3,450	3,573	3,646	3,754	3,790	3,831	3,859	3,876
Wastewater										
Sanitary sewers (miles)	320	342	340	341	320	320	320	362	356	211
Manholes						5,318	5,318	5,376	5,510	5,643

Sources: Various city departments.

Note: No capital asset indicators are available for the general government function.

*Change in the inventory of athletic fields from counting athletic complexes versus individual fields.

